

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
6 February 2003 (06.02.2003)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 03/009850 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: **A61K 31/495**,
C07D 295/18, C07K 5/078, 5/062, 5/065, C07D 487/08,
A61P 3/04, A61K 31/496, 31/55, C07D 205/04, 211/60,
211/62, 317/68, 213/82, 213/81, 215/48, 213/38, 207/09,
209/14, 217/14, 319/18, 207/08, 211/26, 217/06

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US02/23926

(22) International Filing Date: 25 July 2002 (25.07.2002)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
60/307,831 25 July 2001 (25.07.2001) US
10/202,823 24 July 2002 (24.07.2002) US

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(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU,
AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU,
CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG,
SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN,
YU, ZA, ZW.

(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM,
KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW),
Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM),
European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK,
TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— with international search report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guid-
ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-
ning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

WO 03/009850 A1

(54) Title: SUBSTITUTED PIPERAZINES AS MODULATORS OF THE MELANOCORTIN RECEPTOR

(57) Abstract: Selected substituted piperazine compounds are effective for prophylaxis and treatment of diseases, such as obesity and the like. The invention encompasses novel compounds, analogs, prodrugs and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, pharmaceutical compositions and methods for prophylaxis and treatment of diseases and other maladies or conditions involving activation of the melanocortin receptor. The subject invention also relates to processes for making such compounds as well as to intermediates useful in such processes.

SUBSTITUTED PIPERAZINES AS MODULATORS OF THE MELANOCORTIN RECEPTOR

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates generally to the fields of medicinal chemistry and, more specifically, to novel compounds and their use as anti-obesity agents.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 Obesity, defined as an excess of body fat relative to lean body mass, contributes to and complicates other diseases. For example, obesity substantially increases the risk of morbidity from hypertension, dyslipidemia, type 2
15 diabetes, coronary artery disease, stroke, gallbladder disease, osteoarthritis, sleep apnea and respiratory problems, as well as cancers of the endometrium, breast, prostate and colon. As a major cause of preventable death in the United States today, obesity poses a major public
20 health challenge.

 Overweight is defined today as a body mass index (BMI) of 25-29.9 kg/m², and obesity is defined as a BMI \geq 30 kg/m². Over 60% of the adult population of the United States and Australia are either overweight (BMI of 25-29.9 kg/m²) or
25 obese (BMI \geq 30 kg/m²). More than 20% of adults fall into this latter category.

 The cause of obesity is quite complex and not merely the result of voluntary overeating. Rather, the differential body composition observed between obese and normal subjects
30 results from differences in both metabolism and neurologic/metabolic interactions.

 The purpose of weight loss and weight maintenance is to reduce health risks. If weight is regained, health risks increase. A majority of patients who lose weight regain it,
35 so the challenge to the patient and the practitioner is to maintain weight loss. Because of the tendency to regain weight after weight loss, the use of long-term medication to

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aid in the treatment of obesity may be indicated for carefully selected patients.

The drugs used to promote weight loss are traditionally anorexiant or appetite suppressants. Three
5 classes of anorexiants have been developed, all of which affect neurotransmitters in the brain. They may be designated as follows: (1) those that affect catecholamines, such as dopamine and norepinephrine; (2) those that affect serotonin; and (3) those that affect more than one
10 neurotransmitter. These drugs work by increasing the secretion of dopamine, norepinephrine, or serotonin into the synaptic neural cleft, by inhibiting the reuptake of these neurotransmitters into the neuron, or by a combination of both mechanisms. Sibutramine inhibits the reuptake of
15 norepinephrine and serotonin. Orlistat is not an appetite suppressant and has a different mechanism of action; it blocks about one-third of fat absorption.

Weight loss drugs approved by the FDA for long-term use may be useful as an adjunct to diet and physical
20 activity for patients with a BMI>27 who also have concomitant obesity-related risk factors or diseases. Our thinking about drug therapy has undergone radical changes over the past few years.

Of recent interest as a target has been the
25 melanocortin receptor family. The term melanocortin ("MC") defines a family of peptide hormones that regulate diverse physiological functions through transmembrane G-protein coupled receptors. Melanocortins include melanocyte-stimulating hormones (MSH) such as α -MSH, β -MSH and γ -MSH,
30 as well as adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH). The melanocortin (MC) receptors ("MCRs") are a group of cell surface proteins that mediate a variety of physiological effects, including adrenal gland function, production of cortisol and aldosterone, control of melanocyte growth and

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pigment production, thermoregulation, immunomodulation and analgesia. In the past several years, five distinct melanocortin receptor subtypes have been identified. The five MC receptors, termed MCR1, MCR2, MCR3, MCR4 and MCR5, all couple in a stimulatory fashion to cAMP. MCR1, MCR3, MCR4 and MCR5 constitute subtypes of MSH receptors. The MCRs stimulate adenylyl cyclase to generate cAMP.

The MC1 receptor is present on melanocytes and melanoma and is involved in skin pigmentation. The MCR2 receptor is the ACTH receptor and is present predominantly in the adrenal gland. MCR2 plays a role in adrenal steroidogenesis. The mRNA for the MCR3 receptor has been found in the brain, as well as in placental and gut tissues. The MCR4 receptor has been found primarily in the brain. The MCR5 receptor is expressed in the brain, as well as in several peripheral tissues and has been implicated in exocrine gland function.

The melanocortin peptides also mediate a number of other physiological effects. They are reported to affect motivation, learning, memory, behavior, inflammation, body temperature, pain perception, blood pressure, heart rate, vascular tone, natriuresis, brain blood flow, nerve growth and repair, placental development, aldosterone synthesis and release, thyroxin release, spermatogenesis, ovarian weight, prolactin and FSH secretion, uterine bleeding in women, sebum and pheromone secretion, sexual activity, penile erection, blood glucose levels, intrauterine fetal growth, food motivated behavior, as well as other events related to parturition.

Recently, MC receptor MCR4 has been shown to function in the regulation of body weight and food intake. Early studies on mice that expressed agouti ectopically, which is a MCR4 antagonist, produced obese animals. Subsequent work has shown that MCR3 and MCR4 antagonists stimulated food

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intake and that MCR4 knockout mice are obese. Synthetic MC4 agonist peptides that mimic melanocortins and bind to MCR4 injected into the brain, cause suppression of feeding in normal and mutant obese mice. Targeted disruption of MCR4 causes mice to develop a maturity onset of obesity associated with hyperphagia, hyperinsulinemia and hyperglycemia (Huszar et al., supra). Stimulation of the MC4 receptor by an endogenous ligand, α -MSH, produces a satiety signal and may be the downstream mediator of the leptin signalling pathway. These results indicate that the brain MC receptor MCR-4 functions in regulating food intake and body weight and is a promising target in the treatment of obesity. It is believed that by providing potent MC-4 receptor agonists, appetite may be suppressed and weight loss benefits may be achieved. See J. Wikberg, Eur. J. Pharm., 375, 295-310 (1999).

Melanotan II (MTII) is an α -MSH peptide superagonist for MCR4. (M. Hadley et al., Discovery and Development of Novel Melanogenic Drugs, Integration of Pharmaceutical Discovery and Development: Case Studies, Borchardt et al., ed., Plenum Press, New York 1998). Other cyclic and linear α -MSH peptides also have been studied. See, for example, C. Haskell-Luevano et al., J. Med. Chem., 40, 2133-39 (1997); H. Schiöth et al., Brit. J. Pharmacol, 124, 75-82 (1998); H. Schiöth et al., Eur. J. Pharmacol., 349, 359-66 (1998); M. Hadley et al., Pigment Cell Res., 9, 213-34 (1996); M. Bednarek et al., Peptides, 20, 401-09 (1999); and U.S. Patent Nos. 6,054,556, 6,051,555 and 5,576,290.

WO98/11128, published 19 March 1998, describes phenylalanine derivatives.

WO00/78317, published 28 December 2000, describes piperidine derivatives as integrin receptor antagonists. EP1086947, published 29 August 2000, describes piperidine compounds as agonists and antagonists for the SST receptor.

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- WO00/35874, published 22 June 2000, describes arylpiperidine compounds as intermediates for the preparation of 5HT1A agonists and antagonists. WO00/35875, published 22 June 2000, describes arylpiperidine compounds as intermediates
- 5 for the preparation of 5HT1A agonists and antagonists. WO00/25786, published 11 May 2000, describes substituted piperidines as potassium channel inhibitors. United States Patent No. 5,518,735, issued May 21, 1996, describes phenylalanine derivatives which prevent coagulation or
- 10 thrombosis. WO97/19908, published 5 June 1997, describes phenylalanine derivatives as fungicides. WO97/49673, published 31 December 1997, describes phenylalanine derivatives as thrombin inhibitors.
- WO95/34311, published 21 December 1995, describes
- 15 substituted piperazine compounds as growth hormone releasing agents. US Patent No. 5,681,954, issued Oct. 28, 1997, describes substituted piperazines as inhibitors of calmodulin. WO97/03060, published 30 January 1997, describes piperazine derivatives as cysteine protease
- 20 inhibitors. US Patent No. 6,057,290, issued May 2, 2000, describes piperazine derivatives as cysteine protease inhibitors. WO97/19919, published 5 June 1997, describes sulfonamides as having anti-thrombin activity. US Patent No. 5,244,895, issued Sept. 14, 1993, describes piperazine
- 25 derivatives as antiulcer agents. EP 513691, published 31 July 1996, describes piperazine derivatives as antiulcer agents. US Patent No. 5,244,895, issued Sept. 14, 1993, describes sulfonamides having smooth muscle relaxation activity. WO94/05693, published 17 March 1994, describes
- 30 piperaziny-phenylalanine derivatives as tachyquinine antagonists. J. Sturzebecher et al. J. Enzyme Inhib., 9, 87-99 (1995), describes piperaziny-phenylalanine derivatives as thrombin inhibitors. M. Böhm et al. J. Med. Chem., 42, 458-77 (1999), describes piperaziny-

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- phenylalanine derivatives as thrombin inhibitors. J. Sturzebecher et al., J. Med. Chem., 40, 3091-99 (1997), describes piperazinyl-phenylalanine derivatives as thrombin inhibitors. H. Sakamoto, et al. Pept. Chem., 27, 375-8
- 5 (1989) describes piperazinyl-phenylalanine derivatives as chymotrypsin inhibitors. H. Sakamoto, et al., Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn., 64, 2519-23 (1991) describes piperazinyl-phenylalanine derivatives as chymotrypsin inhibitors. G. Wagner, et al., Pharmazie, 36, 597-603 (1981), describes
- 10 piperazinyl-phenylalanine derivatives as serine protease inhibitors. E.J. Jacobsen et al. J. Med. Chem., 42, 1525-36 (1999) describes thiazolyl ureas as stromelysin inhibitors. WO97/40031, published 30 October 19978, describes thiazolyl ureas as metalloprotease inhibitors.
- 15 WO01/10842, published 15 February 2001, describes melanocortin receptor binding compounds. WO99/64002, published 16 December 1999, describes spiropiperidines as melanocortin receptor agonists. WO00/74679, published 14 December 2000, describes piperidine compounds as
- 20 melanocortin receptor agonists.

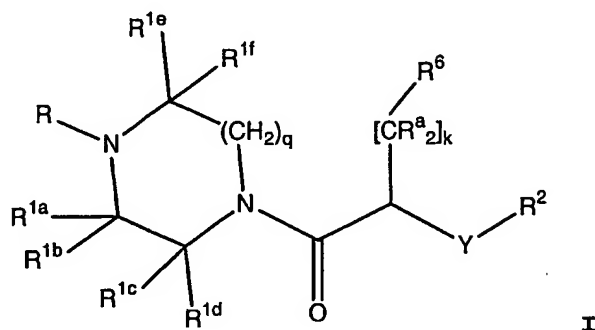
However, compounds of the current invention have not been described as inhibitors of MCRs such as for the treatment of obesity.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A class of compounds useful in treating obesity is defined by Formula I

5



wherein Y is -NH-, -CH₂-, or -O-;

preferably -NH- or -CH₂-;

10 more preferably -NH-;

wherein R is selected from

- a) alkyl,
- b) -(CH₂)_n-cycloalkyl,
- c) -(CH₂)_n-aryl, and
- 15 d) -(CH₂)_n-heterocyclyl;

wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴; the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴ and oxo; and the alkyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁵;

20

preferably selected from

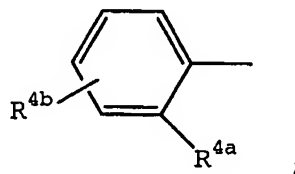
- a) -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₈-cycloalkyl,
- b) -aryl,
- 25 c) unsubstituted benzyl, and
- d) -(CH₂)_n-4-10-membered heterocyclyl;

wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected

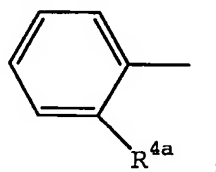
- 8 -

from R^4 ; and the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 and oxo;

5 more preferably wherein R is phenyl; wherein R is optionally substituted with 1 or 2 groups selected from R^4 ;
even more preferably



of particular importance



10

wherein R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{1c} , R^{1d} , R^{1e} , and R^{1f} are independently selected from R^4 ; or wherein R^{1a} and R^{1b} , or R^{1d} and R^{1c} form oxo; or wherein R^{1e} and R^{1c} form an alkylene or alkenylene bridge; or wherein R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{1c} , and R^{1d} together with the piperazine ring forms an optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-quinoxaliny ring; preferably R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{1c} , R^{1d} , R^{1e} , and R^{1f} are

15

20

independently selected from R^4 ; or wherein R^{1a} and R^{1b} or R^{1d} and R^{1c} form oxo; or wherein R^{1e} and R^{1c} form an C_{1-4} -alkylene or C_{2-4} -alkenylene bridge; or wherein R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{1c} , and R^{1d} together with the piperazine ring forms an optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-quinoxaliny ring;

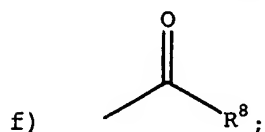
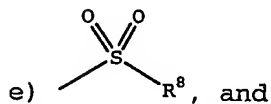
25

more preferably R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{1c} , R^{1d} , R^{1e} , and R^{1f} are independently selected from R^4 ; or wherein R^{1a} and R^{1b} or R^{1d} and R^{1c} form oxo;
even more preferably R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{1c} , R^{1d} , R^{1e} , and R^{1f} are H;

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wherein R^2 is selected from

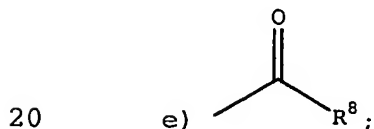
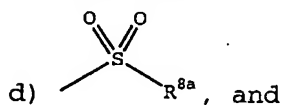
- a) alkyl,
 b) $-(CH_2)_n$ -cycloalkyl,
 c) $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl,
 5 d) $-(CH_2)_n$ -heterocyclyl,



wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally
 10 substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 ; the
 heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3
 groups selected from R^4 and oxo; and the alkyl group is
 optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from
 R^5 ;

15 preferably selected from

- a) $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-8} -cycloalkyl,
 b) $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl,
 c) $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl,

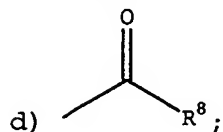


wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally
 substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 ; and the
 heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3
 25 groups selected from R^4 and oxo;

more preferably selected from

- a) $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl,

- 10 -

b) $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl,c) $-(CH_2)_n$ -5-10-membered heterocyclyl, and

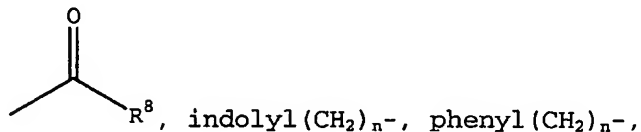
wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 ; and the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 and oxo;

even more preferably selected from

a) $-(CH_2)_n$ -C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl,b) $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl, andc) $-(CH_2)_n$ -6-10-membered heterocyclyl;

wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R^{4b} ; and the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R^{4b} and oxo;

of particular importance R^2 is selected from



benzoxazolyl $(CH_2)_n$ -, oxazolo[4,5-b]pyridyl $(CH_2)_n$ -, oxazolo[5,4-b]pyridyl $(CH_2)_n$ -, benzoxazolyl $(CH_2)_n$ -, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinolyl $(CH_2)_n$ -, pyridyl $(CH_2)_n$ - and 2,3-dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxanyl $(CH_2)_n$ -,

wherein R^2 is optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R^{4b} ;

wherein R^3 is independently selected from H, halo, amino, haloalkyl, alkyl, phenyl, haloalkoxy and alkoxy; or R^3 is an alkenylene bridge;

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preferably H, halo, amino, C₁₋₆-haloalkyl, C₁₋₆-alkyl, phenyl, C₁₋₆-haloalkoxy and C₁₋₆-alkoxy; or R³ is an C₂₋₄-alkenylene bridge;

more preferably H, chloro, bromo, iodo, phenyl,
 5 fluoro, amino, C₁₋₂-alkyl, C₁₋₂-haloalkyl, C₁₋₂-haloalkoxy and C₁₋₂-alkoxy;

even more preferably H, chloro, bromo, iodo, fluoro, amino, methyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy and methoxy;
 10 of particular interest are H, chloro, bromo, amino, methyl, trifluoromethyl and methoxy;

wherein R⁴ is selected from H, alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-aryl, -(CH₂)_n-heterocyclyl, halo, -(CH₂)_n-OR⁹, -NR⁹SO₂R⁷, -[C(R⁷)₂]_pNR⁹SO₂R⁷, -[C(R⁷)₂]_pNR⁹C(O)R⁷, -N(R⁹)₂, -C(O)NR⁹R⁹, -NR⁹C(O)R⁷, -NR⁹CO₂R⁷, cyano, -COOR⁹, -[C(R⁷)₂]_n-C=OR⁷, -(CH₂)_n-C=SR⁷, -(CH₂)_n-C=(NR⁹)R⁷, -NR⁹C=(NR⁷)N(R⁹)₂, -[C(R⁷)₂]_pN(R⁹)₂, nitro, -SO₂N(R⁹)₂, -S(O)_mR⁷, -[C(R⁷)₂]_nSO₂CF₃, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl and haloalkoxy;
 15 preferably H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-aryl, -(CH₂)_n-4-10-membered heterocyclyl, halo, -(CH₂)_n-OR⁹, -NR⁹SO₂R⁷, -N(R⁹)₂, -C(O)NR⁹R⁹, -NR⁹C(O)R⁷, -NR⁹CO₂R⁷, nitro, cyano, -[C(R⁷)₂]_n-C(O)R⁷, -C(O)OR⁹, -(CH₂)_n-C(S)R⁷, -(CH₂)_n-C=(NR⁹)R⁷, -NR⁹C=(NR⁷)N(R⁹)₂, -[C(R⁷)₂]_pNR⁹SO₂R⁷, -[C(R⁷)₂]_pNR⁹C(O)R⁷, -[C(R⁷)₂]_pN(R⁹)₂, -SO₂N(R⁹)₂, -S(O)_mR⁷, -[C(R⁷)₂]_nSO₂CF₃, C₁₋₆-hydroxyalkyl, C₁₋₆-haloalkyl and C₁₋₆-haloalkoxy;

more preferably H, C₁₋₂-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-aryl, -(CH₂)_n-4-10-membered heterocyclyl,
 30 fluoro, chloro, -(CH₂)_n-OR^{9a}, -NR^{9a}SO₂R⁷, -NR^{9a}R^{9b}, -C(O)NR^{9a}R^{9b}, -NR^{9a}C(O)R⁷, -NR^{9a}CO₂R⁷, cyano, nitro, -(C(R⁷)₂)_n-C(O)R⁷, -C(O)OR^{9a}, -(CH₂)_n-C(S)R⁷, -(CH₂)_n-C=(NR^{9a})R⁷, -NR^{9a}C=(NR^{9a})N(R⁷)₂, -[C(R⁷)₂]_pNR^{9a}R^{9b}, -[C(R⁷)₂]_pNR^{9a}SO₂R⁷, -[C(R⁷)₂]_pNR^{9a}C(O)R⁷, -SO₂NR^{9a}R^{9b}, -

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$S(O)_mR^7$, $-C(R^7)_2SO_2CF_3$, C_{1-2} -hydroxyalkyl C_{1-2} -haloalkyl and C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy;

wherein R^{4a} is selected from $-(CH_2)_n-OR^{9a}$, 4-6 membered

heterocyclyl, $-NR^{9a}SO_2R^{7a}$, $-C_{1-3}$ -alkyl- $-NR^{9a}SO_2R^{7a}$, $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$,
 5 $-C(O)NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-NR^{9a}CO_2R^{7b}$, $-NR^{9a}C(O)R^{7b}$, $-C_{1-3}$ -alkyl- $-NR^{9a}C(O)R^{7b}$,
 $-C_{1-3}$ -alkyl- $-C(O)R^{7a}$, nitro, $-C(O)OR^{9a}$, $-(CH_2)_n-C(S)R^{7a}$, $-C_{1-3}$ -
 alkyl- $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-SO_2NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-S(O)_mR^{7a}$ and $-C_{1-3}$ -alkyl- $-SO_2CF_3$;
 preferably $-NR^{9a}SO_2R^{7a}$, $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-C(O)NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-C_{1-2}$ -alkyl-
 $-NR^{9a}SO_2R^{7a}$, $-C_{1-3}$ -alkyl- $-NR^{9a}C(O)R^{7b}$, $-NR^{9a}CO_2R^{7b}$, $-NR^{9a}C(O)R^{7b}$
 10 and $-C_{1-3}$ -alkyl- $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$;

wherein R^{4b} is selected from H, C_{1-2} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{5-6}$ -

cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered
 heterocyclyl, fluoro, chloro, $-OR^{9a}$, $-(CH_2)_n-OR^{9a}$, $-
 NR^{9a}SO_2R^{7a}$, $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-C(O)NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-NR^{9a}C(O)R^{7b}$, $-(CH_2)_n-
 15 C(O)R^{7a}$, nitro, $-C(O)OR^{9a}$, $-(CH_2)_n-C(S)R^{7a}$, $-[C(R^{7a})_2]_pNR^{9a}R^{9b}$,
 $-SO_2NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-S(O)_mR^{7a}$, $-C(R^{7a})_2SO_2CF_3$, cyano, C_{1-2} -haloalkyl
 and C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy;

wherein R^5 is selected from halo, $-OR^9$, $NHSO_2R^7$, $-N(R^9)_2$,

cyano, $-COR^7$, $-[C(R^7)_2]_nN(R^9)_2$, nitro, $-SO_2N(R^9)_2$, $-S(O)_mR^7$,
 20 haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy;
 preferably halo, $-OR^9$, $-NHSO_2R^7$, $-N(R^9)_2$, cyano, $-COR^7$, $-
 [C(R^7)_2]_nN(R^9)_2$, nitro, $-SO_2N(R^9)_2$, $-S(O)_mR^7$, C_{1-6} -
 haloalkyl and C_{1-6} -haloalkoxy;
 more preferably halo, $-OR^9$, $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-C[(R^7)_2]_eNR^{9a}R^{9b}$
 25 and $-SO_2NR^{9a}R^{9b}$;

even more preferably chloro, fluoro, hydroxyl, $-
 NR^{7a}R^{7b}$ and $-SO_2N(R^{7a})_2$;

wherein R^6 is selected from aryl and heteroaryl, wherein R^6
 is optionally substituted with one or more R^3 ;

30 preferably phenyl and 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein R^6
 is optionally substituted with one or more R^3 ;
 more preferably phenyl optionally substituted with
 one or two R^3 ;

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wherein R^7 is selected from H, alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -heterocyclyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenyl, alkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl and alkoxy;

5 preferably H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl, amino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylamino, C_{2-6} -alkenyl, C_{1-6} -alkylthio- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylcarbonylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkoxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl and C_{1-6} -alkoxy;

10 more preferably H, C_{1-4} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl, amino- C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{1-4} -alkylamino, C_{2-4} -alkenyl, C_{1-4} -alkylthio- C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{1-4} -alkylcarbonylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{1-4} -alkoxy- C_{1-4} -alkyl and C_{1-4} -alkoxy;

15 wherein R^{7a} is selected from H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;

20 wherein R^{7b} is selected from amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy, C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{2-3} -alkenyl, C_{1-3} -alkylthio- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;

25 wherein R^8 is selected from

- a) heterocyclyl,
- b) aminoalkyl,
- c) aminoalkylamino,
- d) alkylaminoalkylamino,
- 30 e) alkylaminoalkyl,
- f) arylaminoalkyl,
- g) arylalkylaminoalkyl,
- h) heterocyclylalkylaminoalkyl,
- i) aryl,

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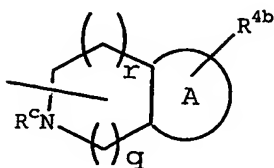
- j) alkyl,
- k) aralkyl,
- l) heterocyclylalkyl,
- m) cycloalkylalkyl,
- 5 n) -OR⁹
- o) aminoalkoxy,
- p) N-(heterocyclylalkyl)amino,
- q) aralkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or alkylamino, and
- 10 r) heterocyclylalkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or alkylamino; wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴; the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to
- 15 3 groups selected from R⁴ and oxo; and the alkyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁵;
- preferably selected from
 - a) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl,
 - 20 b) amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 - c) amino-C₁₋₆-alkylamino,
 - d) C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkylamino,
 - e) C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 - f) arylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 - 25 g) aryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 - h) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 - i) aryl,
 - j) C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 - 30 k) aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 - l) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 - m) o C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-,
 - n) -OR⁹
 - o) amino-C₁₋₆-alkoxy,

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- p) N-(4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino,
q) aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyl where the alkyl portion is
substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₆-alkylamino,
and
5 r) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₆-alkylenyl where the
alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino,
hydroxy or C₁₋₆-alkylamino;
more preferably selected from
a) amino-C₁₋₄-alkylamino,
10 b) amino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
c) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkylamino,
d) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
e) phenyl-C₁₋₄-amino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
f) phenylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
15 g) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-
alkyl,
h) N-(4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino,
i) C₁₋₄-alkyl,
j) C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-,
20 k) aryl-(CH₂)_n-,
l) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-,
m) R^{9a}O-,
n) amino-C₁₋₄-alkoxy,
o) phenyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl where the alkyl portion is
25 substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄-
alkylamino, and
p) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylenyl where
the alkylenyl portion is substituted with
amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄-alkylamino;
30 even more preferably selected from
a) amino-C₁₋₄-alkylamino,
b) amino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
c) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkylamino,
d) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,

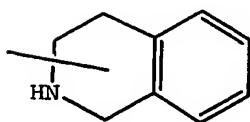
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- e) phenyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 f) phenylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 g) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 5 h) N-(4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino,
 i) C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 j) C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-,
 k) aryl-(CH₂)_n-,
 10 l) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-,
 m) amino-C₁₋₄-alkoxy,
 n) phenyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or -C₁₋₂-alkylamino, and
 15 o) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or -C₁₋₄-alkylamino;
 wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups
 20 selected from R^{4b}; the heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R^{4b} and oxo; and the alkyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R⁵;
 25 particularly



or azetidinyl;

more particularly



or



;

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wherein R^{8a} is selected from

- a) 5-10-membered heterocyclyl,
- b) aryl, and
- c) benzyl;

5 wherein the aryl and heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals selected from C₁₋₆-alkyl, halo, hydroxyl, alkoxy, amino, alkylamino, cyano, -NHC(O)R⁷, -COR⁷, C₁₋₆-haloalkyl and C₁₋₆-haloalkoxy;

wherein R⁹ is selected from H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl-

10 (CH₂)_n-, heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, aryl(CH₂)_n-, aminoalkyl, alkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, cycloalkylaminoalkyl, cycloalkylalkylaminoalkyl, heteroarylaminominoalkyl, heteroarylalkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl, arylalkylaminoalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl,

15 heteroarylalkyloxyalkyl, arylalkyloxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl and alkoxyalkyl;

preferably H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, alkenyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, aryl-(CH₂)_n-, amino-

20 C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroarylaminomino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, arylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,

25 alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-hydroxyalkyl and C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl;

30 wherein R^{9a} is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, and phenyl-(CH₂)_n-;

preferably H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, and phenyl-(CH₂)_n-;

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- wherein R^{9b} is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{2-6} -alkenyl, C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, phenyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, amino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylcarbonylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{3-6} -cycloalkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl- C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-amino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl- C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, phenylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, phenyl- C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryloxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl- C_{1-6} -alkyloxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, phenyl- C_{1-6} -alkyloxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, phenyloxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylthio- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -hydroxyalkyl and C_{1-6} -alkoxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl;
- preferably H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, phenyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{5-6} -cycloalkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryloxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl- C_{1-3} -alkyloxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkyloxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenyloxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylthio- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -hydroxyalkyl and C_{1-3} -alkoxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl;
- wherein R^a are independently selected from H, and alkyl or the two R^a 's together form cycloalkyl;
- preferably H, and C_{1-6} -alkyl or the two R^a together form C_{3-4} -cycloalkyl;
- more preferably H, and C_{1-2} -alkyl or the two R^a 's together form C_{3-4} -cycloalkyl;
- wherein R^a are H;
- wherein R^b is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - and phenyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -;

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wherein R^c is H or methyl;

wherein A is selected from phenyl or 5-6-membered heteroaryl;

wherein k is 0 or 1; preferably 1;

5 wherein m is 0, 1 or 2; preferably 2;

wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

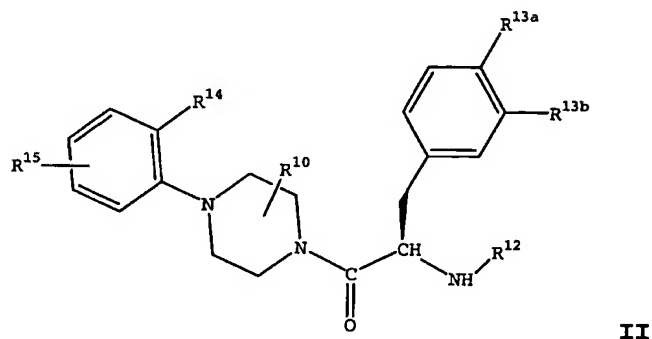
wherein p is 1 or 2;

wherein r is 0 or 1; and

wherein q is 0 or 1.

10

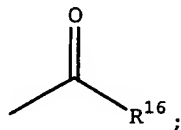
The invention also relates to compounds of Formula II



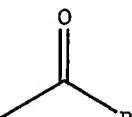
15 wherein R^{10} is selected from H, chloro or fluoro; or wherein R^{10} is a C_{1-4} -alkylene bridge; preferably H;

wherein R^{12} is selected from optionally substituted phenyl- C_{1-2} -alkylenyl, optionally substituted 5-10 membered

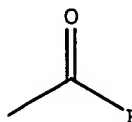
20 heteroaryl and



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preferably , optionally substituted benzyl
and optionally substituted 5-10-membered
heterocyclyl;

more preferably oxazolylpyridyl, 4-(N,N-
5 dimethylamino)phenylmethyl, 2,2-dimethyl-

oxazolidinyl and ;

wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} are independently selected from H,
fluoro, iodo, bromo, chloro, C₁₋₂-alkyl, C₁₋₂-haloalkyl,
and C₁₋₂-alkoxy; or wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} together form an
10 C₁₋₄-alkenylene bridge;

preferably H, chloro, trifluoromethyl and methoxy;
more preferably H and chloro;

wherein R¹⁴ is selected from R¹⁹R²⁰N-, R¹⁹R²⁰N-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
(R²¹R²²N-)(O=)C-, C₁₋₄-haloalkyl, C₂₋₄-hydroxyalkyl,
15 heterocycloxy-C₁₋₄-alkyl, aryloxy-C₁₋₄-alkyl and C₁₋₄-
alkoxycarbonyl;

preferably trifluoromethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 1-
hydroxyethyl, R¹⁹R²⁰N-, R¹⁹R²⁰N-C₁₋₂-alkyl and (R²¹R²²N-
) (O=)C-;

20 more preferably N-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, N-
morpholinocarbonyl, N-
piperidinyloethylaminocarbonyl, benzylaminocarbonyl,
N-methyl-N-benzylaminocarbonyl,
aminoethylaminocarbonyl, pyridylaminocarbonyl,
25 methylthioethylaminocarbonyl,
methylcarbonylaminoethylaminocarbonyl, 1-
methylpyrrolidinylethylaminocarbonyl,
phenethylaminocarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl,
cyclohexylmethylaminocarbonyl, N-methyl-N-
30 phenethylaminocarbonyl, N,N-dimethylaminocarbonyl,

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4-chlorophenylmethylaminocarbonyl,
phenoxyphenethylaminocarbonyl, allylaminocarbonyl,
4-methylpiperazinylcarbonyl, 4-
acetylpiperazinylcarbonyl, isopropylaminocarbonyl,
5 1-(N-cyclopropylmethylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-
methylcarbonylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-
isopropylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-isobutyl-N-
methylamino)ethyl, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-
propylaminomethyl, N,N-
10 dicyclopropylmethylaminomethyl, 1-(N-propyl-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-
methylsulfonylamino)ethyl, triazolylmethyl,
imidazol-1-ylmethyl, 2-isopropylimidazol-1-yl-
methyl, 2-propylimidazol-1-yl-methyl, 2-oxo-pyrid-
15 1-yl-methyl, 3-pyridyl-oxymethyl, 2-methylimidazol-
1-yl-methyl, tetrazolylmethyl, 2,5-
dimethylpyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl, 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-1-
yl-methyl, 2-oxo-piperidin-1-yl-methyl, 4,5-
dihydro-2-oxo-oxazol-3-yl-methyl, pyrrolidin-1-
20 ylmethyl, 2,6-dimethylpiperidin-1-ylmethyl,
piperazin-1-yl-methyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl-
methyl, piperidin-1-yl-methyl, 1-(N-ethyl-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N,N-dipropylamino)ethyl, 1-
(N,N-diisopropylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(1-
25 ethoxycarbonyl)cycloprop-2-ylmethyl-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-methylbutyl)-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-
methylcarbonylamino)phenyl)methyl-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N,N-
30 dimethylamino)ethyl, N,N-dimethylaminomethyl, N-
cyclopropylmethyl-N-methylsulfonylaminoethyl, 1-
(N-(3-thienyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-
phenylmethoxyethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-
methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-

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- pyridyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-
- 5 benzyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-aminoethylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-cyclohexylmethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, N,N-dimethylaminomethyl, N-(1-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylaminomethyl, N-(1-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylaminomethyl,
- 10 N-propyl-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-propylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-aminoethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-(N',N'-dimethylaminoethyl)amino, N-(N',N'-
- 15 diethylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-dipropylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-diisobutylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di-tert-butylmethylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-
- 20 di(cyclopropylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(2-furylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(3-thienylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-
- 25 di(benzyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-isobutylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-methylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-phenethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)amino, N-(benzylsulfonyl)amino, N-(propylsulfonyl)amino, N-(phenylsulfonyl)amino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-
- 30 phenylpropylamino, thienylsulfonylamino, (2-nitrophenyl)methylsulfonylamino, (2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)sulfonylamino, (2-cyanophenyl)sulfonylamino,

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N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-methylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-phenylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-methoxyphenylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-5 benzylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-phenylethyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(2-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(4-methyl-5-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(2-thienylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-10 thienylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-furylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(4-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclopentylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-15 methylthiopropyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-ethylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isopropylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isobutylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-ethyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isobutyl-N-20 cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclopropylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N,N-di(cyclopropylmethyl) amino, N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-ethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-25 isopropylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-isobutylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-tert-butylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-propylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pentylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-ethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-30 propyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclopropyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclobutylmethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-butyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pentyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-hexyl-N-

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- aminoethylamino, N-heptyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-ethylbutyl)-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-phenylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-methoxyphenyl)carbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-benzylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-phenylethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pyridylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-thienylmethyl-N-aminoethylamino,
- 5 aminoethylamino, pyridylcarbonylamino, N-cyclopropylmethylamino, methylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 1-hydroxyethyl, methylaminocarbonylamino, 1,1-dioxo-isothiazolidin-
- 10 2-yl, 2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl and 3-methyl-2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl;
- 15 wherein R¹⁵ is selected from H, C₁₋₂-haloalkyl, C₁₋₄-alkyl, halo, -OR¹⁷, and -N(R¹⁷)₂; preferably H and C₁₋₂-haloalkyl;
- 20 more preferably H or trifluoromethyl;
- wherein R¹⁶ is selected from
- a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
- b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
- c) 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
- 25 d) C₁₋₄-aminoalkyl,
- e) C₁₋₄-aminoalkylamino,
- f) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkylamino,
- g) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
- h) arylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
- 30 i) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
- j) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
- k) aryl, provided if 2-substituted aryl, is 2-substituted with amino or chloro,
- l) C₁₋₄-alkyl,

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- m) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
- n) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl, provided R¹⁶ is not 3-methylindol-1-ylethyl,
- o) C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl,
- 5 p) C₁₋₄-aminoalkoxy,
- q) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkoxy,
- r) N-(heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino,
- s) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄-alkylamino, and
- 10 t) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄-alkylamino; preferably selected from
 - a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
 - b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
 - 15 c) 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
 - d) C₁₋₃-aminoalkyl,
 - e) C₁₋₃-aminoalkylamino,
 - f) C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkylamino,
 - g) C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
 - 20 h) phenylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
 - i) phenyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
 - j) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
 - k) phenyl, naphthyl or tetrahydronaphthyl,
 - l) C₁₋₃-alkyl,
 - 25 m) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl,
 - n) 5-10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated heterocyclylmethyl,
 - o) 5-6 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - p) C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl,
 - 30 q) C₁₋₃-aminoalkoxy,
 - r) [5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl]-C₁₋₃-alkoxy,
 - s) N-(5-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkyl)amino,

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- t) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₃-alkylamino, and
- u) 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₃-alkylamino;
- more preferably N-(piperidylmethyl)amino, aminopropylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-methylaminomethyl, N-(4-chlorophenyl)aminoethyl, N-methylaminoethyl, N,N-dimethylaminoethyl, 2-aminoethyl, aminopropoxy, pyrrolidinylmethoxy, N-methylaminoethylamino, 3-aminocyclopentyl, 4-aminocyclohexyl, 1-aminocyclohexyl, 2-indolyl, octahydro-indolyl, 1-methylindol-2-yl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyridyl, N-methylbenzopyrrolyl, 5-benzopyrrolyl, 2-benzofuran, benzodioxolyl, 2-benzothienyl, 4-imidazolylmethyl, 3-azetidiny optionally N-substituted with a substituent
- selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, cyclohexylmethyl and benzyl.
- 6-quinolyl, 2-quinolyl, 3-isoquinolyl, tetrahydroisoquinolyl, N-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl, pyrrolidin-2-yl, 5-oxopyrrolidin-2-yl, 3-phenylpyrrolidin-2-yl, (1-methyl-5-oxo-2-(pyridin-3-yl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)methyl, thienyl, 4-piperidyl, 4-piperidylmethyl, N-methyl-4-piperidyl, N-methyl-2-piperidyl, N-ethyl-4-piperidyl, N-isobutyl-4-piperidyl, 3-piperidyl, 3-(aminomethyl)phenyl, 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl,

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3-fluorophenyl, 2-aminophenyl, 3-aminophenyl,
isopropyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl, benzyl, phenyl-2-
hydroxyethyl, 1-(amino)benzyl, 2-(1,2,3,4-
tetrahydronaphthyl), naphthyl, (2-
5 benzylamino)ethyl, imidazol-4-yl-(1-amino)ethyl,
phenyl-1-(methylamino)ethyl and phenyl-1-
(amino)ethyl;

wherein R^{17} is selected from H, C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl-
(CH_2)_n-, and aryl-(CH_2)_n-;
10 preferably H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, -(CH_2)_n- C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl, and -
(CH_2)_n-phenyl;

more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl,
cyclopropyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclopentyl,
cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl,
15 phenylpropyl, phenylethyl, benzyl and phenyl;

wherein R^{19} is selected from H, $R^{23}SO_2$ -, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -
cycloalkyl-(CH_2)_n-, amino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -
alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl- C_{1-6} -
alkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, heteroaryl-amino- C_{1-6} -alkyl,
20 heteroaryl- C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, aryl-amino- C_{1-6} -alkyl,
aryl- C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, heteroaryloxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl,
heteroaryl- C_{1-6} -alkyloxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, aryloxy- C_{1-5} -alkyl,
aryl- C_{1-6} -alkyloxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, hydroxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -
alkylthio- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkoxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -
25 alkylcarbonyl, C_{1-6} -alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-6} -alkoxy- C_{1-5} -
alkylcarbonyl, C_{1-6} -alkylaminocarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
aralkylcarbonyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkylcarbonyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl-
 C_{1-6} -alkylcarbonyl, heteroaryl- C_{1-6} -alkylcarbonyl and
heteroarylcarbonyl;

30 preferably H, $R^{23}SO_2$ -, C_{1-6} -alkyl, amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-5} -
alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{3-5} -cycloalkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl,
 C_{3-5} -cycloalkyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylthio-
 C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, heteroaryl-amino- C_{1-3} -
alkyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -

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alkyl, phenylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₃-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁₋₃-alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₃-alkylaminocarbonyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, 5- or 6- membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, 5- or 6- membered heteroarylcarbonyl and -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₅-cycloalkyl optionally substituted with C₁₋₂-alkoxycarbonyl;

more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, isopentyl, 3-ethylbutyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, cyclopropylmethyl, 1-(ethoxycarbonyl)cycloprop-2-ylmethyl, R²³SO₂-, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, dipropylaminoethyl, diisobutylaminoethyl, di-tert-butylmethylaminoethyl, furylmethylaminoethyl, thienylmethylaminoethyl, benzylaminoethyl, di(furylmethyl)aminoethyl, di(cyclopropylmethyl)aminoethyl, di(thienylmethyl)aminoethyl, di(benzyl)aminoethyl, phenylmethoxyethyl, pyridyloxymethyl, methylthiopropyl, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, isopropylcarbonyl, isobutylcarbonyl, tert-butylcarbonyl, pentylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, propylaminocarbonyl, optionally substituted benzylcarbonyl, optionally

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substituted phenylethylcarbonyl, optionally
substituted phenylcarbonyl and optionally
substituted pyridylcarbonyl;

wherein R²⁰ is selected from H, C₁₋₈-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-

5 (CH₂)_n-, C₁₋₃-alkylsulfonyl, amino-C₁₋₃-alkylamino,
heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;

preferably H, C₁₋₇-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-
5-6-membered heterocyclyl, C₁₋₃-alkylsulfonyl, amino-
C₁₋₃-alkyl and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;

10 more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl,
heptyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl,
cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl, cyclopropyl,
cyclohexyl, methylsulfonyl, aminoethyl,
15 optionally substituted phenyl, optionally
substituted imidazolyl, optionally substituted
thienylmethyl, optionally substituted
furylmethyl, optionally substituted
pyrrolidinylmethyl, optionally substituted
20 pyridylmethyl, optionally substituted
thienylmethyl, optionally substituted benzyl,
optionally substituted phenylethyl and optionally
substituted phenylpropyl;

alternatively R¹⁹ and R²⁰ together with the nitrogen atom

25 form a 4-7 membered heterocyclic ring;

preferably a 5 membered heterocyclic ring;

more preferably a heterocyclic ring selected from
triazolyl, tetrazolyl, 2-pyridone, oxo-
pyrrolidinyl, 2-oxo-piperidinyl, 4,5-dihydro-2-
30 oxo-oxazolyl, 1,1-dioxo-isothiazolidin-2-yl, 2-
oxo-imidazolin-1-yl, 3-methyl-2-oxo-imidazolin-1-
yl, piperidinyl optionally

substituted with one or more substituents selected
from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and isopropyl,

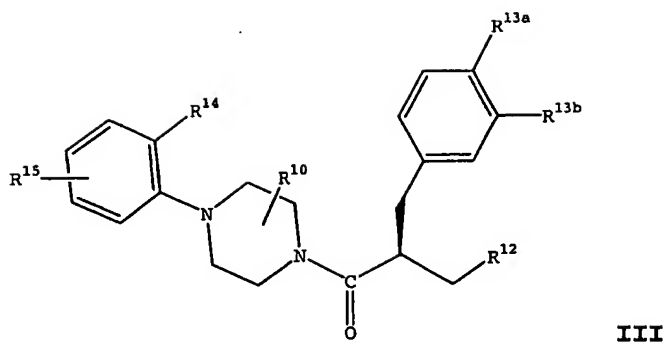
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piperazinyl optionally substituted with one or more
substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl,
imidazolyl optionally substituted with one or more
5 substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl, and
pyrrolidinyl optionally substituted with one or more
substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl;
10 wherein R²¹ is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₂₋₆-alkenyl, C₁₋₆-
alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-
(CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;
preferably H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₂₋₃-alkenyl, C₁₋₃-alkylthio-C₁₋₃-
15 alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, amino-C₁₋₃-
alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl], -
(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
isopropyl, allyl, methylthioethyl,
20 methylthiomethyl, methylcarbonylaminoethyl,
methylcarbonylaminomethyl, aminomethyl,
aminoethyl, 1-methylpyrrolidinylethyl,
piperidinylethyl, pyridyl, cyclopentylmethyl,
cyclohexylmethyl, phenyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl,
25 4-phenoxyphenylethyl, benzyl and phenylethyl;
wherein R²² is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₇-
cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-heterocyclyl and -(CH₂)_n-aryl;
preferably H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-
[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
30 more preferably H or methyl;
alternatively R²¹ and R²² together with the amide nitrogen
atom form a 4-7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring;
preferably a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring;

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- more preferably a ring selected from pyrrolidinyl, morpholino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, 4-acetylpiperazinyl and 4-methylpiperazinyl; wherein R^{23} is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -heterocyclyl and $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl; preferably H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl; more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, optionally substituted thienyl, optionally substituted phenyl, optionally substituted benzyl, optionally substituted phenylethyl and optionally substituted phenylpropyl; wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; wherein m is 0, 1 or 2; and wherein aryl, heterocyclyl are optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkyl, chloro, fluoro, $-OR^{17}$, $-NR^{17}SO_2R^{17}$, $N(R^{17})_2$, cyano, $-COR^{17}$, $-C(R^{17})_2N(R^{17})_2$, nitro, $-SO_2N(R^{17})_2$, $-S(O)_mR^{17}$, and C_{1-3} -haloalkoxy; preferably with one or more substituents selected from C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, C_{1-2} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkyl, chloro, fluoro, $-OR^{17}$, $-NR^{17}SO_2R^{17}$, $N(R^{17})_2$, cyano, $-COR^{17}$, $-C(R^{17})_2N(R^{17})_2$, nitro, $-SO_2N(R^{17})_2$, $-S(O)_mR^{17}$, and C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy; more preferably with one or more substituents selected from trifluoromethyl, methyl, nitro, cyano, chloro, methoxy, phenyloxy, acetyl, amino, dimethylamino and aminomethyl.
- The invention also relates to compounds of Formula III

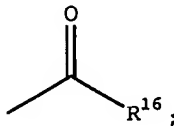
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wherein R^{10} is selected from H, chloro or fluoro; or wherein R^{10} is a C_{1-4} -alkylene bridge;

5 preferably H;

wherein R^{12} is selected from optionally substituted phenyl- C_{1-2} -alkylenyl, optionally substituted 5-10 membered heteroaryl and



10 preferably R^{16} , optionally substituted benzyl and optionally substituted 5-10-membered heterocyclyl;

more preferably oxazolylpyridyl, 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)phenylmethyl, 2,2-dimethyl-

15 oxazolidinyl and R^{16} ;

wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} are independently selected from H, fluoro, iodo, bromo, chloro, C_{1-2} -alkyl, C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, and C_{1-2} -alkoxy; or wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} together form an C_{1-4} -alkenylene bridge;

20 preferably H, chloro, trifluoromethyl and methoxy; more preferably H and chloro;

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wherein R^{14} is selected from $R^{19}R^{20}N-$, $R^{19}R^{20}N-C_{1-4}$ -alkyl, $(R^{21}R^{22}N-)(O=)C-$, C_{1-4} -haloalkyl, C_{2-4} -hydroxyalkyl, heterocycloxy- C_{1-4} -alkyl, aryloxy- C_{1-4} -alkyl and C_{1-4} -alkoxycarbonyl;

- 5 preferably trifluoromethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 1-hydroxyethyl, $R^{19}R^{20}N-$, $R^{19}R^{20}N-C_{1-2}$ -alkyl and $(R^{21}R^{22}N-)(O=)C-$;
more preferably N-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, N-morpholinocarbonyl, N-
10 piperidinylethylaminocarbonyl, benzylaminocarbonyl, N-methyl-N-benzylaminocarbonyl, aminoethylaminocarbonyl, pyridylaminocarbonyl, methylthioethylaminocarbonyl, methylcarbonylaminoethylaminocarbonyl, 1-
15 methylpyrrolidinylethylaminocarbonyl, phenethylaminocarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl, cyclohexylmethylaminocarbonyl, N-methyl-N-phenethylaminocarbonyl, N,N-dimethylaminocarbonyl, 4-chlorophenylmethylaminocarbonyl,
20 phenoxyphenethylaminocarbonyl, allylaminocarbonyl, 4-methylpiperazinylcarbonyl, 4-acetylpiperazinylcarbonyl, isopropylaminocarbonyl, 1-(N-cyclopropylmethylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-methylcarbonylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-
25 isopropylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-isobutyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-propylaminomethyl, N,N-dicyclopropylmethylaminomethyl, 1-(N-propyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-
30 methylsulfonylamino)ethyl, triazolylmethyl, imidazol-1-ylmethyl, 2-isopropylimidazol-1-ylmethyl, 2-propylimidazol-1-ylmethyl, 2-oxo-pyrid-1-ylmethyl, 3-pyridyl-oxymethyl, 2-methylimidazol-1-ylmethyl, tetrazolylmethyl, 2,5-

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dimethylpyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl, 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methyl, 2-oxo-piperidin-1-yl-methyl, 4,5-dihydro-2-oxo-oxazol-3-yl-methyl, pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl, 2,6-dimethylpiperidin-1-ylmethyl, piperazin-1-yl-methyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl-methyl, piperidin-1-yl-methyl, 1-(N-ethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N,N-dipropylamino)ethyl, 1-(N,N-diisopropylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(1-ethoxycarbonyl)cycloprop-2-ylmethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-methylbutyl)-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-methylcarbonylaminophenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl, N,N-dimethylaminomethyl, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-methylsulfonylaminomethyl, 1-(N-(3-thienyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-phenylmethoxyethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-benzyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-aminoethylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-cyclohexylmethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, N,N-dimethylaminomethyl, N-(1-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylaminomethyl, N-(1-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylaminomethyl, N-propyl-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-propylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-aminoethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-(N',N'-dimethylaminoethyl)amino, N-(N',N'-diethylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-dipropylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-

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(N',N'-diisobutylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino,
N-(N',N'-di-tert-butylmethylaminoethyl)-N-
methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-
di(cyclopropylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-
5 methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(2-
furylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-
(N',N'-di(3-thienylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-
methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-
di(benzyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-
10 (methylsulfonyl)-N-isobutylamino, N-
(methylsulfonyl)-N-methylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-
N-phenethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)amino, N-
(benzylsulfonyl)amino, N-(propylsulfonyl)amino, N-
(phenylsulfonyl)amino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-
15 phenylpropylamino, thienylsulfonylamino, (2-
nitrophenyl)methylsulfonylamino, (2,4,6-
trimethylphenyl)sulfonylamino, (2-
cyanophenyl)sulfonylamino,
N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
20 methylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
phenylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-
methoxyphenylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
benzylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
phenylethyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(2-
25 imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(4-methyl-
5-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(2-
thienylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-
thienylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-
furylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(4-
30 imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
cyclopentylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
methylthiopropyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
ethylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-

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isopropylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
isobutylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-ethyl-
N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isobutyl-N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclopropylcarbonyl-N-
5 cyclopropylmethylamino, N,N-
di(cyclopropylmethyl)amino,
N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
ethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
isopropylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
10 isobutylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-tert-
butylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-propylcarbonyl-
N-aminoethylamino, N-pentylcarbonyl-N-
aminoethylamino, N-ethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
propyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclopropyl-N-
15 aminoethylamino, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-
aminoethylamino, N-cyclobutylmethyl-N-
aminoethylamino, N-butyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
pentyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-hexyl-N-
aminoethylamino, N-heptyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-
20 ethylbutyl)-N-aminoethylamino, N-
cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
phenylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-
methoxyphenyl)carbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
benzylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
25 phenylethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
pyridylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-thienylmethyl-
N-aminoethylamino,
aminoethylamino, pyridylcarbonylamino, N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, methylcarbonylamino,
30 methoxycarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, 2-
hydroxyethyl, 1-hydroxyethyl,
methylaminocarbonylamino, 1,1-dioxo-isothiazolidin-
2-yl, 2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl and 3-methyl-2-oxo-
imidazolin-1-yl;

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wherein R¹⁵ is selected from H, C₁₋₂-haloalkyl, C₁₋₄-alkyl,
halo, -OR¹⁷, and -N(R¹⁷)₂;
preferably H and C₁₋₂-haloalkyl;
more preferably H or trifluoromethyl;

- 5 wherein R¹⁶ is selected from
- a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
 - b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
 - c) 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
 - d) C₁₋₄-aminoalkyl,
 - 10 e) C₁₋₄-aminoalkylamino,
 - f) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkylamino,
 - g) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - h) arylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - i) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - 15 j) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - k) aryl, provided if 2-substituted aryl, is 2-substituted
with amino or chloro,
 - l) C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - m) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - 20 n) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl, provided R¹⁶ is not 3-
methylinol-1-ylethyl,
 - o) C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl,
 - p) C₁₋₄-aminoalkoxy,
 - q) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkoxy,
 - 25 r) N-(heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino,
 - s) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted
with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄-alkylamino, and
 - t) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion
is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄-alkylamino;
 - 30 preferably selected from
- a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
 - b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
 - c) 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
 - d) C₁₋₃-aminoalkyl,

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- e) C₁₋₃-aminoalkylamino,
- f) C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkylamino,
- g) C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- h) phenylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- 5 i) phenyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- j) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- k) phenyl, naphthyl or tetrahydronaphthyl,
- l) C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- m) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl,
- 10 n) 5-10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated heterocyclylmethyl,
- o) 5-6 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
- p) C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl,
- q) C₁₋₃-aminoalkoxy,
- 15 r) [5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl]-C₁₋₃-alkoxy,
- s) N-(5-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkyl)amino,
- t) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₃-alkylamino, and
- 20 u) 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₃-alkylamino;
- more preferably N-(piperidylmethyl)amino, aminopropylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl,
- 25 aminopropyl, N-methylaminomethyl, N-(4-chlorophenyl)aminoethyl, N-methylaminoethyl, N,N-dimethylaminoethyl, 2-aminoethyl, aminopropoxy, pyrrolidinylmethoxy, N-methylaminoethylamino, 3-aminocyclopentyl, 4-aminocyclohexyl, 1-
- 30 aminocyclohexyl, 2-indolyl, octahydro-indolyl, 1-methylindol-2-yl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyridyl, N-methylbenzopyrrolyl, 5-benzopyrrolyl, 2-benzofuran, benzodioxolyl, 2-benzothienyl, 4-

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imidazolylmethyl, 3-azetidinyloptionally N-substituted with a substituent

selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, cyclohexylmethyl and benzyl,

6-quinolyl, 2-quinolyl, 3-isoquinolyl, tetrahydroisoquinolyl, N-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl, pyrrolidin-2-yl, 5-oxopyrrolidin-2-yl, 3-phenylpyrrolidin-2-yl, (1-methyl-5-oxo-2-(pyridin-3-yl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)methyl, thienyl, 4-piperidyl, 4-piperidylmethyl, N-methyl-4-piperidyl, N-methyl-2-piperidyl, N-ethyl-4-piperidyl, N-isobutyl-4-piperidyl, 3-piperidyl, 3-(aminomethyl)phenyl, 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 2-aminophenyl, 3-aminophenyl, isopropyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl, benzyl, phenyl-2-hydroxyethyl, 1-(amino)benzyl, 2-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl), naphthyl, (2-benzylamino)ethyl, imidazol-4-yl-(1-amino)ethyl, phenyl-1-(methylamino)ethyl and phenyl-1-(amino)ethyl;

wherein R^{17} is selected from H, C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, and aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ -;

preferably H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{3-6}$ -cycloalkyl, and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;

more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, phenylpropyl, phenylethyl, benzyl and phenyl;

wherein R^{19} is selected from H, $R^{23}SO_2$ -, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, amino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -

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alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-
 alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroarylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, arylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 aryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 5 heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-
 alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-
 alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-
 alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
 10 aralkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-
 C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl and
 heteroarylcarbonyl;
 preferably H, R²³SO₂-, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-,
 amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-
 15 cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-
 alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroarylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, arylamino-C₁₋₆-
 alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₆-
 20 alkyl, heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryloxy-C₁₋₆-
 alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁₋₆-
 alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
 C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-
 alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, arylcarbonyl,
 aralkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇-
 25 cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-
 alkylcarbonyl and heteroarylcarbonyl;
 more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl,
 isopentyl, 3-ethylbutyl, hydroxymethyl,
 hydroxyethyl, cyclopropylmethyl, 1-
 30 (ethoxycarbonyl)cycloprop-2-ylmethyl, R²³SO₂-,
 aminomethyl, aminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl,
 diethylaminoethyl, dipropylaminoethyl, di-
 isobutylaminoethyl, di-*tert*-butylmethylaminoethyl,
 furylmethylaminoethyl, thienylmethylaminoethyl,

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benzylaminoethyl, di(furylmethyl)aminoethyl,
di(cyclopropylmethyl)aminoethyl,
di(thienylmethyl)aminoethyl, di(benzyl)aminoethyl,
phenylmethoxyethyl, pyridyloxymethyl,
5 methylthiopropyl, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl,
propylcarbonyl, isopropylcarbonyl,
isobutylcarbonyl, tert-butylcarbonyl,
pentylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl,
cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl,
10 methoxycarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl,
ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl,
methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl,
propylaminocarbonyl, optionally substituted
benzylcarbonyl, optionally substituted
15 phenylethylcarbonyl, optionally substituted
phenylcarbonyl and optionally substituted
pyridylcarbonyl;
wherein R²⁰ is selected from H, C₁₋₈-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-
(CH₂)_n-, C₁₋₃-alkylsulfonyl, amino-C₁₋₃-alkylamino,
20 heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;
preferably H, C₁₋₇-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-
5-6-membered heterocyclyl, C₁₋₃-alkylsulfonyl, amino-
C₁₋₃-alkyl and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
25 isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl,
heptyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl,
cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl, cyclopropyl,
cyclohexyl, methylsulfonyl, aminoethyl,
optionally substituted phenyl, optionally
30 substituted imidazolyl, optionally substituted
thienylmethyl, optionally substituted
furylmethyl, optionally substituted
pyrrolidinylmethyl, optionally substituted
pyridylmethyl, optionally substituted

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thienylmethyl, optionally substituted benzyl,
optionally substituted phenylethyl and optionally
substituted phenylpropyl;
alternatively R¹⁹ and R²⁰ together with the nitrogen atom
5 form a 4-8 membered heterocyclic ring;
preferably a 5 membered heterocyclic ring;
more preferably a heterocyclic ring selected from
triazolyl, tetrazolyl, 2-pyridone, oxo-
pyrrolidinyl, 2-oxo-piperidinyl, 4,5-dihydro-2-
10 oxo-oxazolyl, 1,1-dioxo-isothiazolidin-2-yl, 2-
oxo-imidazolin-1-yl, 3-methyl-2-oxo-imidazolin-1-
yl, piperidinyl optionally
substituted with one or more substituents selected
from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and isopropyl,
15 piperazinyl optionally substituted with one or more
substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl,
imidazolyl optionally substituted with one or more
substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
20 isopropyl, and
pyrrolidinyl optionally substituted with one or more
substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl;
wherein R²¹ is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₂₋₆-alkenyl, C₁₋₆-
25 alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-
(CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;
preferably H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₂₋₃-alkenyl, C₁₋₃-alkylthio-C₁₋₃-
alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, amino-C₁₋₃-
30 alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl], -
(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
isopropyl, allyl, methylthioethyl,
methylthiomethyl, methylcarbonylaminoethyl,

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methylcarbonylaminomethyl, aminomethyl,
aminoethyl, 1-methylpyrrolidinylethyl,
piperidinylethyl, pyridyl, cyclopentylmethyl,
cyclohexylmethyl, phenyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl,
5 4-phenoxyphenylethyl, benzyl and phenylethyl;
wherein R²² is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₇-
cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-heterocyclyl and -(CH₂)_n-aryl;
preferably H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-
[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
10 more preferably H or methyl;
alternatively R²¹ and R²² together with the amide nitrogen
atom form a 4-7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring;
preferably a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring;
more preferably a ring selected from pyrrolidinyl,
15 morpholino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, 4-
acetylpiperazinyl and 4-methylpiperazinyl;
wherein R²³ is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₇-
cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-heterocyclyl and -(CH₂)_n-aryl;
preferably H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-
20 [5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
optionally substituted thienyl, optionally
substituted phenyl, optionally substituted
benzyl, optionally substituted phenylethyl and
25 optionally substituted phenylpropyl;
wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;
wherein m is 0, 1 or 2; and
wherein aryl, heterocyclyl are optionally substituted
with one or more substituents selected from C₁₋₂-
30 haloalkyl, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-cycloalkyl, chloro,
fluoro, -OR¹⁷, -NR¹⁷CO₂R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷SO₂R¹⁷, N(R¹⁷)₂, cyano, -
COR¹⁷, -C(R¹⁷)₂N(R¹⁷)₂, nitro, -SO₂N(R¹⁷)₂, -S(O)_mR¹⁷, and C₁-
3-haloalkoxy;

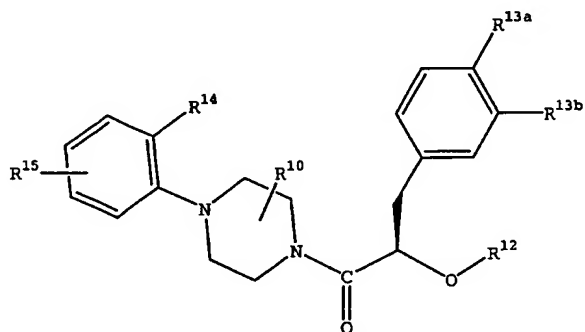
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preferably with one or more substituents selected from
 C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, C_{1-2} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkyl,
 chloro, fluoro, $-OR^{17}$, $-NR^{17}SO_2R^{17}$, $-NR^{17}CO_2R^{17}$, $N(R^{17})_2$,
 cyano, $-COR^{17}$, $-C(R^{17})_2N(R^{17})_2$, nitro, $-SO_2N(R^{17})_2$, -
 5 $S(O)_mR^{17}$, and C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy;

more preferably with one or more substituents
 selected from trifluoromethyl, methyl, nitro,
 cyano, chloro, methoxy, phenyloxy, acetyl, amino,
 dimethylamino and aminomethyl.

10

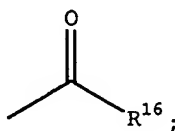
The invention also relates to compounds of Formula IV

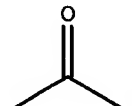


IV

15 wherein R^{10} is selected from H, chloro or fluoro; or wherein
 R^{10} is a C_{1-4} -alkylene bridge;
 preferably H;

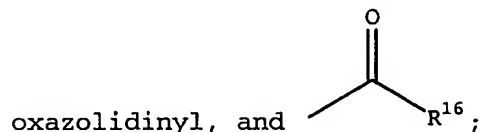
wherein R^{12} is selected from optionally substituted phenyl-
 C_{1-2} -alkylenyl, optionally substituted 5-10 membered
 20 heteroaryl and



preferably , optionally substituted benzyl,
 and optionally substituted 5-10-membered heteroaryl;

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more preferably oxazolylpyridyl, 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)phenylmethyl, 2,2-dimethyl-



wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} are independently selected from H,

5 fluoro, iodo, bromo, chloro, C₁₋₂-alkyl, C₁₋₂-haloalkyl, and C₁₋₂-alkoxy; or wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} together form an C₁₋₄-alkenylene bridge;

preferably H, chloro, trifluoromethyl and methoxy;

more preferably H and chloro;

10 wherein R¹⁴ is selected from R¹⁹R²⁰N-, R¹⁹R²⁰N-C₁₋₄-alkyl, (R²¹R²²N-)(O=)C-, C₁₋₄-haloalkyl, C₂₋₄-hydroxyalkyl, heterocycloxy-C₁₋₄-alkyl, aryloxy-C₁₋₄-alkyl and C₁₋₄-alkoxycarbonyl;

preferably trifluoromethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 1-

15 hydroxyethyl, R¹⁹R²⁰N-, R¹⁹R²⁰N-C₁₋₂-alkyl and (R²¹R²²N-)(O=)C-;

more preferably N-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, N-

morpholinocarbonyl, N-

piperidinylethylaminocarbonyl, benzylaminocarbonyl,

20 N-methyl-N-benzylaminocarbonyl,

aminoethylaminocarbonyl, pyridylaminocarbonyl,

methylthioethylaminocarbonyl,

methylcarbonylaminoethylaminocarbonyl, 1-

methylpyrrolidinylethylaminocarbonyl,

25 phenethylaminocarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl,

cyclohexylmethylaminocarbonyl, N-methyl-N-

phenethylaminocarbonyl, N,N-dimethylaminocarbonyl,

4-chlorophenylmethylaminocarbonyl,

phenoxyphenethylaminocarbonyl, allylaminocarbonyl,

30 4-methylpiperazinylcarbonyl, 4-

acetylpiperazinylcarbonyl, isopropylaminocarbonyl,

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1- (N-cyclopropylmethylamino)ethyl, 1- (N-methyl-N-methylcarbonylamino)ethyl, 1- (N-isopropylamino)ethyl, 1- (N-isobutyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-propylaminomethyl, N,N-dicyclopropylmethylaninomethyl, 1- (N-propyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N-methyl-N-methylsulfonylamino)ethyl, triazolylmethyl, imidazol-1-ylmethyl, 2-isopropylimidazol-1-ylmethyl, 2-propylimidazol-1-yl-methyl, 2-oxo-pyrid-1-yl-methyl, 3-pyridyl-oxymethyl, 2-methylimidazol-1-yl-methyl, tetrazolylmethyl, 2,5-dimethylpyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl, 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methyl, 2-oxo-piperidin-1-yl-methyl, 4,5-dihydro-2-oxo-oxazol-3-yl-methyl, pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl, 2,6-dimethylpiperidin-1-ylmethyl, piperazin-1-yl-methyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl-methyl, piperidin-1-yl-methyl, 1- (N-ethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N,N-dipropylamino)ethyl, 1- (N,N-diisopropylamino)ethyl, 1- (N- (1-ethoxycarbonyl) cycloprop-2-ylmethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N- (2-methylbutyl) -N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N- (4-methylcarbonylamino)phenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl, N,N-dimethylaminomethyl, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-methylsulfonylaminomethyl, 1- (N- (3-thienyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N-phenylmethoxyethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N- (2-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N- (4-pyridyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N- (2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N- (3-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N- (4-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1- (N-

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benzyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-aminoethylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-cyclohexylmethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, N,N-dimethylaminomethyl, N-(1-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylaminomethyl, N-(1-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylaminomethyl,
5 N-propyl-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-propylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-aminoethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-(N',N'-dimethylaminoethyl)amino, N-(N',N'-diethylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-dipropylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-diisobutylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di-tert-butylmethylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(cyclopropylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(2-furylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(3-thienylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(benzyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-isobutylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-methylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-phenethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)amino, N-(benzylsulfonyl)amino, N-(propylsulfonyl)amino, N-(phenylsulfonyl)amino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-phenylpropylamino, thienylsulfonylamino, (2-nitrophenyl)methylsulfonylamino, (2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)sulfonylamino, (2-cyanophenyl)sulfonylamino,
10 15 20 25 30
N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-methylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-phenylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-methoxyphenylcarbonyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-

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benzylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-phenylethyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(2-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(4-methyl-5-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(2-thienylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-thienylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-furylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(4-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclopentylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-methylthiopropyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-ethylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isopropylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isobutylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-ethyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isobutyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclopropylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N,N-di(cyclopropylmethyl)amino, N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-ethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-isopropylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-isobutylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-tert-butylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-propylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pentylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-ethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-propyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclopropyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclobutylmethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-butyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pentyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-hexyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-heptyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-ethylbutyl)-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-phenylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-

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- methoxyphenyl) carbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-benzylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-phenylethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pyridylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-thienylmethyl-
- 5 N-aminoethylamino, aminoethylamino, pyridylcarbonylamino, N-cyclopropylmethylamino, methylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 1-hydroxyethyl,
- 10 methylaminocarbonylamino, 1,1-dioxo-isothiazolidin-2-yl, 2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl and 3-methyl-2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl;
- wherein R^{15} is selected from H, C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, C_{1-4} -alkyl, halo, $-OR^{17}$, and $-N(R^{17})_2$;
- 15 preferably H and C_{1-2} -haloalkyl; more preferably H or trifluoromethyl;
- wherein R^{16} is selected from
- a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
- b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
- 20 c) 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
- d) C_{1-4} -aminoalkyl,
- e) C_{1-4} -aminoalkylamino,
- f) C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkylamino,
- g) C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- 25 h) arylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- i) aryl- C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- j) heterocyclyl- C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- k) aryl, provided if 2-substituted aryl, is 2-substituted with amino or chloro,
- 30 l) C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- m) aryl- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- n) heterocyclyl- C_{1-4} -alkyl, provided R^{16} is not 3-methylindol-1-ylethyl,
- o) C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl,

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- p) C₁₋₄-aminoalkoxy,
q) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkoxy,
r) N-(heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino,
s) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted
5 with amino, hydroxy or alkylamino, and
t) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion
is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄-alkylamino;
preferably selected from
a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
10 b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
c) 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
d) C₁₋₃-aminoalkyl,
e) C₁₋₃-aminoalkylamino,
f) C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkylamino,
15 g) C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
h) phenylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
i) phenyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
j) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
k) phenyl, naphthyl or tetrahydronaphthyl
20 l) C₁₋₃-alkyl,
m) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl,
n) 5-10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated
heterocyclylmethyl,
o) 5-6 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
25 p) C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl,
q) C₁₋₃-aminoalkoxy,
r) [5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl]-C₁₋₃-alkoxy,
s) N-(5-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkyl)amino,
t) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl where the alkyl portion is
30 substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₃-alkylamino,
and
u) 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkylenyl where
the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino,
hydroxy or C₁₋₃-alkylamino;

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more preferably N-(piperidylmethyl)amino,
aminopropylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl,
aminopropyl, N-methylaminomethyl, N-(4-
chlorophenyl)aminoethyl, N-methylaminoethyl, N,N-
5 dimethylaminoethyl, 2-aminoethyl, aminopropoxy,
pyrrolidinylmethoxy, N-methylaminoethylamino, 3-
aminocyclopentyl, 4-aminocyclohexyl, 1-
aminocyclohexyl, 2-indolyl, octahydro-indolyl, 1-
methylindol-2-yl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyridyl, N-
10 methylbenzopyrrolyl, 5-benzopyrrolyl, 2-benzofuran,
benzodioxolyl, 2-benzothienyl, 4-imidazolylmethyl,
3-azetidiny optionally N-substituted with a
substituent
selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl,
15 butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, cyclohexylmethyl and
benzyl,
6-quinolyl, 2-quinolyl, 3-isoquinolyl,
tetrahydroisoquinolyl, N-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl,
pyrrolidin-2-yl, 5-oxopyrrolidin-2-yl, 3-
20 phenylpyrrolidin-2-yl, (1-methyl-5-oxo-2-(pyridin-
3-yl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)methyl, thienyl, 4-piperidyl,
4-piperidylmethyl, N-methyl-4-piperidyl, N-methyl-
2-piperidyl, N-ethyl-4-piperidyl, N-isobutyl-4-
piperidyl, 3-piperidyl, 3-(aminomethyl)phenyl, 4-
25 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl,
2-methylphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 3-
chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl,
4-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 2-aminophenyl, 3-
aminophenyl, isopropyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl,
30 benzyl, phenyl-2-hydroxyethyl, 1-(amino)benzyl, 2-
(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl), naphthyl, (2-
benzylamino)ethyl, imidazol-4-yl-(1-amino)ethyl,
phenyl-1-(methylamino)ethyl and phenyl-1-
(amino)ethyl;

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wherein R^{17} is selected from H, C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl-
 $(CH_2)_n$ -, and aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ -;

preferably H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl, and -
 $(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;

5 more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl,
 cyclopropyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclopentyl,
 cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl,
 phenylpropyl, phenylethyl, benzyl and phenyl;

wherein R^{19} is selected from H, $R^{23}SO_2$ -, C_{1-6} -alkyl, amino- C_{1-3} -
 10 alkyl, C_{1-5} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{3-5} -cycloalkylamino- C_{1-3} -
 alkyl, C_{3-5} -cycloalkyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -
 alkylthio- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl,
 heteroaryl-amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl- C_{1-3} -
 alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenyl- C_{1-3} -
 15 alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryloxy- C_{1-3} -
 alkyl, phenyloxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, hydroxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenyl- C_{1-3} -
 alkoxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylcarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl,
 C_{1-3} -alkoxy- C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkylaminocarbonyl, C_{3-6} -
 cycloalkylcarbonyl, C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl- C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonyl,
 20 phenylcarbonyl, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonyl, 5- or 6-
 membered heteroaryl- C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonyl, 5- or 6- membered
 heteroarylcarbonyl and $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-5} -cycloalkyl optionally
 substituted with C_{1-2} -alkoxycarbonyl;

preferably $R^{23}SO_2$ -, amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonyl,
 25 C_{1-3} -alkoxycarbonyl, C_{1-3} -alkylaminocarbonyl and 5- or
 6- membered heteroarylcarbonyl;

more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
 isopropyl, isopentyl, 3-ethylbutyl,
 hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, cyclopropylmethyl,
 30 1-(ethoxycarbonyl)cycloprop-2-ylmethyl, $R^{23}SO_2$ -,
 aminomethyl, aminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl,
 diethylaminoethyl, dipropylaminoethyl, di-
 isobutylaminoethyl, di-*tert*-
 butylmethylaminoethyl, furylmethylaminoethyl,

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thienylmethylaminoethyl, benzylaminoethyl,
di(furylmethyl)aminoethyl,
di(cyclopropylmethyl)aminoethyl,
di(thienylmethyl)aminoethyl,
5 di(benzyl)aminoethyl, phenylmethoxyethyl,
pyridyloxymethyl, methylthiopropyl,
methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl,
isopropylcarbonyl, isobutylcarbonyl, tert-
butylcarbonyl, pentylcarbonyl,
10 cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl,
cyclohexylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl,
methoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl,
propoxycarbonyl, methylaminocarbonyl,
ethylaminocarbonyl, propylaminocarbonyl,
15 optionally substituted benzylcarbonyl, optionally
substituted phenylethylcarbonyl, optionally
substituted phenylcarbonyl and optionally
substituted pyridylcarbonyl;
wherein R²⁰ is selected from H, C₁₋₈-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-
20 (CH₂)_n-, C₁₋₃-alkylsulfonyl, amino-C₁₋₃-alkylamino,
heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;
preferably H, C₁₋₇-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-
5-6-membered heterocyclyl, C₁₋₃-alkylsulfonyl, amino-
C₁₋₃-alkyl and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
25 more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl,
heptyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl,
cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl, cyclopropyl,
cyclohexyl, methylsulfonyl, aminoethyl,
30 optionally substituted phenyl, optionally
substituted imidazolyl, optionally substituted
thienylmethyl, optionally substituted
furylmethyl, optionally substituted
pyrrolidinylmethyl, optionally substituted

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- pyridylmethyl, optionally substituted
thienylmethyl, optionally substituted benzyl,
optionally substituted phenylethyl and optionally
substituted phenylpropyl;
- 5 alternatively R¹⁹ and R²⁰ together with the nitrogen atom
form a 4-8 membered heterocyclic ring;
preferably a 5 membered heterocyclic ring;
more preferably a heterocyclic ring selected from
triazolyl, tetrazolyl, 2-pyridone, oxo-
10 pyrrolidinyl, 2-oxo-piperidinyl, 4,5-dihydro-2-
oxo-oxazolyl, 1,1-dioxo-isothiazolidin-2-yl, 2-
oxo-imidazolin-1-yl, 3-methyl-2-oxo-imidazolin-1-
yl, piperidinyl optionally
substituted with one or more substituents selected
15 from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and isopropyl,
piperazinyl optionally substituted with one or more
substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl,
imidazolyl optionally substituted with one or more
20 substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl, and
pyrrolidinyl optionally substituted with one or more
substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl;
- 25 wherein R²¹ is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₂₋₆-alkenyl, C₁₋₆-
alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-
(CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;
preferably H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₂₋₃-alkenyl, C₁₋₃-alkylthio-C₁₋₃-
30 alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, amino-C₁₋₃-
alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl], -
(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
isopropyl, allyl, methylthioethyl,

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methylthiomethyl, methylcarbonylaminoethyl,
methylcarbonylaminomethyl, aminomethyl,
aminoethyl, 1-methylpyrrolidinyethyl,
piperidinyethyl, pyridyl, cyclopentylmethyl,
5 cyclohexylmethyl, phenyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl,
4-phenoxyphenylethyl, benzyl and phenylethyl;
wherein R²² is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₇-
cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-heterocyclyl and -(CH₂)_n-aryl;
preferably H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-
10 [5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
more preferably H or methyl;
alternatively R²¹ and R²² together with the amide nitrogen
atom form a 4-7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring;
preferably a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring;
15 more preferably a ring selected from pyrrolidinyl,
morpholino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, 4-
acetylpiperazinyl and 4-methylpiperazinyl;
wherein R²³ is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₇-
cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-heterocyclyl and -(CH₂)_n-aryl;
20 preferably H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-
[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
more preferably H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
optionally substituted thienyl, optionally
substituted phenyl, optionally substituted
25 benzyl, optionally substituted phenylethyl and
optionally substituted phenylpropyl;
wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;
wherein m is 0, 1 or 2; and
wherein aryl, heterocyclyl are optionally substituted
30 with one or more substituents selected from C₁₋₂-
haloalkyl, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-cycloalkyl, chloro,
fluoro, -OR¹⁷, -NR¹⁷SO₂R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷CO₂R¹⁷, N(R¹⁷)₂, cyano, -
COR¹⁷, -C(R¹⁷)₂N(R¹⁷)₂, nitro, -SO₂N(R¹⁷)₂, -S(O)_mR¹⁷, and C₁-
3-haloalkoxy;

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preferably with one or more substituents selected from
C₁₋₂-haloalkyl, C₁₋₂-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-cycloalkyl,
chloro, fluoro, -OR¹⁷, -NR¹⁷SO₂R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷CO₂R¹⁷, N(R¹⁷)₂,
cyano, -COR¹⁷, -C(R¹⁷)₂N(R¹⁷)₂, nitro, -SO₂N(R¹⁷)₂, -
5 S(O)_mR¹⁷, and C₁₋₂-haloalkoxy;

more preferably with one or more substituents
selected from trifluoromethyl, methyl, nitro,
cyano, chloro, methoxy, phenyloxy, acetyl, amino,
dimethylamino and aminomethyl.

10

Indications

Compounds of the present invention would be useful
for, but not limited to, the prevention or treatment of
obesity and obesity-related diseases. The compounds of the
15 invention have MCR agonist activity, including MCR4 agonist
activity.

Compounds of formula I are MCR agonists and as such
are useful in the treatment, control or prevention of
diseases, disorders or conditions responsive to the
20 activation of one or more of the MCRs including, but are not
limited to, MCR1, MCR2, MCR3, MCR4, and/or MCR5. Such
diseases, disorders or conditions include, but are not
limited to, obesity (by reducing appetite, increasing
metabolic rate, reducing fat intake or reducing carbohydrate
25 craving), diabetes mellitus (by enhancing glucose tolerance,
decreasing insulin resistance), hypertension,
hyperlipidemia, osteoarthritis, cancer, gall bladder
disease, sleep apnea, depression, anxiety, compulsion,
neuroses, insomnia/sleep disorder, substance abuse, pain,
30 male and female sexual dysfunction (including impotence,
loss of libido and erectile dysfunction), fever,
inflammation, immunomodulation, rheumatoid arthritis, skin
tanning, acne and other skin disorders, neuroprotective and

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cognitive and memory enhancement including the treatment of Alzheimer's disease.

Other conditions that can be treated with the MC receptor agonists of the invention include, but are not limited to, disuse deconditioning; organ damage such as occurs in response to organ transplantation or ischemic injury such as that which can occur after reperfusion or stroke; adverse reactions associated with cancer chemotherapy; diseases such as atherosclerosis that are mediated by free radicals and nitric oxide action; bacterial endotoxic sepsis and related shock; adult respiratory distress syndrome; and autoimmune or other patho-immunogenic diseases or reactions such as allergic reactions or anaphylaxis, rheumatoid arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease, ulcerative colitis, glomerulonephritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, transplant atherosclerosis and parasitic mediated immune dysfunctions such as Chagas' Disease.

Another aspect of the present invention provides a method for the treatment or prevention of obesity or diabetes in a mammal which comprises administering to said mammal an effective amount of a compound of Formulas I-IV. Compounds of the present invention also are useful as G-protein agonists.

Besides being useful for human treatment, these compounds are also useful for veterinary treatment of companion animals, exotic animals and farm animals, including mammals, rodents, and the like. More preferred animals include horses, dogs, and cats.

As used herein, the compounds of the present invention include the pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives thereof.

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Definitions

As used herein, the terms "regulate" or "regulatory" mean to control by enhancing, limiting, restricting, restraining, modulating or moderating. Such regulation includes the pleiotropic, redundant, synergistic or antagonistic effects that occur due to the activity of biological agents such as cytokines, which can affect a variety of biological functions directly or indirectly through cascade or biofeedback mechanisms.

The term "prevention" includes either preventing the onset of disorders altogether or delaying the onset of a pre-clinically evident stage of disorders in individuals. This includes prophylactic treatment of those at risk of developing a disease, such as a cancer, for example. "Prophylaxis" is another term for prevention.

A "pharmaceutically-acceptable derivative " denotes any salt, ester of a compound of this invention, or any other compound which upon administration to a patient is capable of providing (directly or indirectly) a compound of this invention, or a metabolite or residue thereof, characterized by the ability to inhibit angiogenesis.

As used herein, "MCR4 agonist" and "MCR3 agonist" refers to a compound with affinity for MCR4 or MCR3, respectively, that results in measurable biological activity in cells, tissues, or organisms which contain MCR4 or MCR3.

As used herein, "MCR3" and "MCR4" mean the known MCR3 and MCR4 receptors, their splice variants, and undescribed receptors. MCR3 is described by Gantz et al., supra (human MCR3), Desarnaud et al., supra (mouse MCR3) and L. Reyfuss et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 90, 8856-8860 (1993) (rat MCR3). MCR4 receptors are described by Gantz et al., supra (human MCR4), J.D. Alvaro et al., Mol. Pharmacol., 50,

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583- 91 (1996) (rat MCR4) and Takeuchi, S. and Takahashi, S., Gen- Comp-Endocrinol., 112(2), 220-31 (1998) (chicken MCR4).

5 The phrase "therapeutically-effective" is intended to qualify the amount of each agent, which will achieve the goal of improvement in disorder severity and the frequency of incidence over treatment of each agent by itself, while avoiding adverse side effects typically associated with alternative therapies.

10 "Erectile dysfunction" is a disorder involving the failure of a male mammal to achieve erection, ejaculation, or both. Symptoms of erectile dysfunction include an inability to achieve or maintain an erection, ejaculatory failure, premature ejaculation, or inability to achieve an
15 orgasm. The term "impotence" is oftentimes employed to describe this condition.

The term "H" denotes a single hydrogen atom. This radical may be attached, for example, to an oxygen atom to form a hydroxyl radical.

20 Where the term "alkyl" is used, either alone or within other terms such as "haloalkyl" and "alkylamino", it embraces linear or branched radicals having one to about twelve carbon atoms. More preferred alkyl radicals are "lower alkyl" radicals having one to about six carbon atoms.
25 Examples of such radicals include methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, isoamyl, hexyl and the like. Even more preferred are lower alkyl radicals having one or two carbon atoms. The term "alkylenyl" embraces bridging divalent alkyl radicals such
30 as methylenyl (-CH₂-) and ethylenyl (-CH₂CH₂-).

The term "alkenyl" embraces linear or branched radicals of two to about twelve carbon atoms having at least one carbon-carbon double bond. More preferred alkenyl radicals are "lower alkenyl" radicals having two to about

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six carbon atoms. Most preferred lower alkenyl radicals are radicals having two to about four carbon atoms. Examples of alkenyl radicals include ethenyl, propenyl, allyl, propenyl, butenyl and 4-methylbutenyl. The terms "alkenyl" and "lower alkenyl", embrace radicals having "cis" and "trans" orientations, or alternatively, "E" and "Z" orientations.

The term "alkynyl" denotes linear or branched radicals having two to about twelve carbon atoms having at least one carbon carbon triple bond. More preferred alkynyl radicals are "lower alkynyl" radicals having two to about six carbon atoms. Most preferred are lower alkynyl radicals having two to about four carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include propargyl, butynyl, and the like.

The term "halo" means halogens such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine atoms.

The term "haloalkyl" embraces radicals wherein any one or more of the alkyl carbon atoms is substituted with one or more halo radicals as defined above. Specifically embraced are monohaloalkyl, dihaloalkyl and polyhaloalkyl radicals. A monohaloalkyl radical, for one example, may have either an iodo, bromo, chloro or fluoro atom within the radical. Dihalo and polyhaloalkyl radicals may have two or more of the same halo atoms or a combination of different halo radicals. "Lower haloalkyl" embraces radicals having 1-6 carbon atoms. Even more preferred are lower haloalkyl radicals having one to three carbon atoms. Examples of haloalkyl radicals include fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, pentafluoroethyl, heptafluoropropyl, difluorochloromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, difluoroethyl, difluoropropyl, dichloroethyl and dichloropropyl. "Perfluoroalkyl" means alkyl radicals having all hydrogen atoms replaced with fluoro atoms. Examples include trifluoromethyl and pentafluoroethyl.

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The term "hydroxyalkyl" embraces linear or branched alkyl radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more hydroxyl radicals. More preferred hydroxyalkyl radicals are "lower hydroxyalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more hydroxyl radicals. Examples of such radicals include hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, hydroxybutyl and hydroxyhexyl. Even more preferred are lower hydroxyalkyl radicals having one to three carbon atoms.

10 The term "alkoxy" embraces linear or branched oxy-containing radicals each having alkyl portions of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkoxy radicals are "lower alkoxy" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy and *tert*-butoxy. Even more preferred are lower alkoxy radicals having one to three carbon atoms.

20 Alkoxy radicals may be further substituted with one or more halo atoms, such as fluoro, chloro or bromo, to provide "haloalkoxy" radicals. Even more preferred are lower haloalkoxy radicals having one to three carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include fluoromethoxy, chloromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy, trifluoroethoxy, fluoroethoxy and fluoropropoxy.

25 The term "aryl", alone or in combination, means a carbocyclic aromatic system containing one or two rings wherein such rings may be attached together in a fused manner. The term "aryl" embraces aromatic radicals such as phenyl, naphthyl, indenyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, and indanyl. More preferred aryl is phenyl. Said "aryl" group may have 1 to 3 substituents such as lower alkyl, hydroxyl, halo, haloalkyl, nitro, cyano, alkoxy and lower alkylamino.

30 The term "heterocyclyl" embraces saturated, partially saturated and unsaturated heteroatom-containing ring-shaped radicals, where the heteroatoms may be selected from

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nitrogen, sulfur and oxygen. It does not include rings containing -O-O-, -O-S- or -S-S- portions. Said "heterocyclyl" group may have 1 to 3 substituents such as hydroxyl, halo, haloalkyl, cyano, lower alkyl, lower
5 aralkyl, oxo, lower alkoxy, amino and lower alkylamino.

Examples of saturated heterocyclic radicals include saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms [e.g. pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, piperidinyl, pyrrolinyl, piperazinyl]; saturated 3 to 6-
10 membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms [e.g. morpholinyl]; saturated 3 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms [e.g., thiazolidinyl]. Examples of partially saturated heterocyclyl
15 radicals include dihydrothienyl, dihydropyranyl, dihydrofuryl and dihydrothiazolyl.

The term "heterocyclyl" also includes bridged heterocyclic groups, having 5-8 members. Examples of such radicals include 8-aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]octyl, 7-aza-
20 bicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl, 5-aza-bicyclo[2.1.1]hexyl, and the like. Examples of unsaturated heterocyclic radicals, also termed "heteroaryl" radicals, include unsaturated 5 to 6 membered heteromonocyclyl group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms, for example, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, 2-
25 pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, pyrimidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazolyl [e.g., 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,3-triazolyl, 2H-1,2,3-triazolyl]; unsaturated 5- to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing an oxygen atom, for example, pyranyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, etc.; unsaturated 5 to
30 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing a sulfur atom, for example, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, etc.; unsaturated 5- to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxadiazolyl [e.g., 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-

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oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl]; unsaturated 5 to 6-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, for example, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl [e.g., 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl].

The term also embraces radicals where heterocyclic radicals are fused/condensed with aryl radicals: unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing 1 to 5 nitrogen atoms, for example, indolyl, isoindolyl, indoliziny, benzimidazolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, indazolyl, benzotriazolyl, tetrazolopyridazinyl [e.g., tetrazolo[1,5-b]pyridazinyl]; unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing 1 to 2 oxygen atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms [e.g. benzoxazolyl, benzoxadiazolyl]; unsaturated condensed heterocyclic group containing 1 to 2 sulfur atoms and 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms [e.g., benzothiazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl]. Preferred heterocyclic radicals include five to ten membered fused or unfused radicals. More preferred examples of heteroaryl radicals include quinolyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, pyridyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, furyl, and pyrazinyl. Other preferred heteroaryl radicals are 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, containing one or two heteroatoms selected from sulfur, nitrogen and oxygen, selected from thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, indazolyl, pyrazolyl, oxazolyl, triazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, isoxazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridyl, piperidinyl and pyrazinyl.

The term "sulfonyl", whether used alone or linked to other terms such as alkylsulfonyl, denotes respectively divalent radicals $-SO_2-$.

The term "alkylsulfonyl" embraces sulfonyl radicals substituted with an alkyl radical. More preferred alkylsulfonyl radicals are "lower alkylsulfonyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Even more preferred are

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lower alkylsulfonyl radicals having one to three carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylsulfonyl radicals include methylsulfonyl, and ethylsulfonyl.

The terms "sulfamyl," "aminosulfonyl" and
5 "sulfonamidyl," denotes a sulfonyl radical substituted with an amine radical, $(-\text{SO}_2\text{NH}_2)$.

The term "alkylaminosulfonyl" includes "N-alkylaminosulfonyl" where sulfonyl radicals are substituted with one or two alkylamino radical(s). More preferred
10 alkylaminosulfonyl radicals are "lower alkylaminosulfonyl" radicals having alkyl portions of one to six carbon atoms. Even more preferred are lower alkylaminosulfonyl radicals having one to three carbon atoms. Examples of such lower alkylaminosulfonyl radicals include N-methylaminosulfonyl,
15 and N-ethylaminosulfonyl.

The terms "carboxy" or "carboxyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "carboxyalkyl", denotes $-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$.

The term "carbonyl", whether used alone or with other terms, such as "aminocarbonyl", denotes $-(\text{C}=\text{O})-$.

20 The term "aminocarbonyl" denotes an amide group of the formula $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$.

The term "alkoxycarbonyl" denotes an ester group, where a carbonyl radical is substituted with an alkoxy radical. More preferred are "lower alkoxycarbonyl" having
25 lower alkoxy radicals as described above attached to a carbonyl radical.

The terms "N-alkylaminocarbonyl" and "N,N-dialkylaminocarbonyl" denote aminocarbonyl radicals substituted with one or two alkyl radicals, respectively.
30 More preferred are "lower alkylaminocarbonyl" having lower alkyl radicals as described above attached to an aminocarbonyl radical.

The terms "N-arylaminocarbonyl" and "N-alkyl-N-arylaminocarbonyl" denote aminocarbonyl radicals

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substituted, respectively, with one aryl radical, or one alkyl and one aryl radical.

The terms "heterocyclalkylenyl" and "heterocyclalkyl" embrace heterocyclic-substituted alkyl radicals. More preferred heterocyclalkylenyl radicals are "5- or 6-membered heterocyclalkylenyl" radicals having alkyl portions of one to six carbon atoms and a 5- or 6-membered heterocycl radical. Similarly, "heteroarylalkylenyl" and "heteroarylalkyl" embrace heteroaryl-substituted alkyl radicals. Even more preferred are lower heteroarylalkylenyl radicals having alkyl portions of one to three carbon atoms. Examples include such radicals as pyridylmethyl and thienylmethyl.

The terms "aralkyl" and "arylalkyl" embrace aryl-substituted alkyl radicals. Preferable aralkyl radicals are "lower aralkyl" radicals having aryl radicals attached to alkyl radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Even more preferred are "phenylalkylenyl" having alkyl portions of one to three carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include benzyl, diphenylmethyl and phenylethyl. The aryl in said aralkyl may be additionally substituted, such as with halo, alkyl, alkoxy, haloalkyl and haloalkoxy.

The term "alkylthio" embraces radicals containing a linear or branched alkyl radical, of one to ten carbon atoms, attached to a divalent sulfur atom. Even more preferred are lower alkylthio radicals having one to three carbon atoms. An example of "alkylthio" is methylthio, ($\text{CH}_3\text{S}-$).

The term "alkylthioalkyl" embraces radicals containing a alkylthio radical, of one to ten carbon atoms, attached to a linear or branched alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. Even more preferred are lower alkthioalkyl radicals, where each alkyl portion contains one to six

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carbon atoms. An example of "alkthioalkyl" is meththiomethyl (CH_3SCH_2-).

The term "alkoxyalkyl" embrace radicals containing an alkoxy radical, of one to about ten carbon atoms; attached
5 to a linear or branched alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred alkoxyalkyl radicals are "lower alkoxyalkyl" radicals having alkyl portions each with one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methoxyethyl, ethoxymethyl, methoxymethyl, and the like.
10 Even more preferred are lower alkoxyalkyl radicals where each alkyl portion has one to three carbon atoms.

The term "aminoalkyl" embraces linear or branched alkyl radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more amino radicals.
15 More preferred aminoalkyl radicals are "lower aminoalkyl" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more amino radicals. Examples of such radicals include aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, aminobutyl and aminohexyl. Even more preferred are lower aminoalkyl
20 radicals having one to three carbon atoms.

The term "aminoalkylamino" embraces aminoalkyl radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms any one of which are substituted on an amino radical. More preferred aminoalkylamino radicals are "lower aminoalkylamino"
25 radicals having one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include aminomethylamino, aminoethylamino, aminopropylamino and aminobutylamino. Even more preferred are lower aminoalkylamino radicals having one to three carbon atoms.

30 The term "aminoalkoxy" embraces alkoxy radicals having one to about ten carbon atoms any one of which may be substituted with one or more amino radicals. More preferred aminoalkoxy radicals are "lower aminoalkoxy" radicals having one to six carbon atoms and one or more amino radicals.

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Examples of such radicals include aminomethoxy, and aminopropoxy. Even more preferred are lower aminoalkoxy radicals having one to three carbon atoms.

The term "alkylcarbonylaminoalkyl" embraces aminoalkyl radicals which are substituted with an alkylcarbonyl radical. More preferred alkylcarbonylaminoalkyl radicals are "lower alkylcarbonylaminoalkyl" radicals having alkyl portions each containing one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include methylcarbonylmethylamino, and the like. Even more preferred are lower alkylcarbonylaminoalkyl radicals having alkyl portions each containing one to three carbon atoms.

The term "alkylcarbonyl" denotes carbonyl groups which have been substituted with an alkyl radical. More preferred are C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl radicals, such as methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl and propylcarbonyl.

The term "alkoxyalkylcarbonyl" denotes alkylcarbonyl groups which have been substituted with one or more alkoxy radicals. More preferred are C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl radicals, such as methoxymethylcarbonyl, and the like.

The term "arylcarbonyl" denotes carbonyl groups which have been substituted with aryl radicals, such as phenylcarbonyl. The arylcarbonyl radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion of the radical.

The term "heteroarylcarbonyl" denotes carbonyl groups which have been substituted with a heteroaryl radical, such as thienylcarbonyl. The "heteroarylcarbonyl" radicals may be further substituted on the heteroaryl ring portion of the radical.

The terms "aralkylcarbonyl" and "arylalkylcarbonyl" denote carbonyl groups which have been substituted with aralkyl radicals. More preferred are phenyl-C₁-C₃-alkylcarbonyl radicals, such as benzylcarbonyl. The

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aralkylcarbonyl radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion.

The term "heterocyclalkylcarbonyl" denotes carbonyl groups which have been substituted with heterocyclalkyl radicals. More preferred are heterocycl-C₁-C₃-alkylcarbonyl radicals, such as thienylmethylcarbonyl, and the like. The "heterocyclalkylcarbonyl" radicals may be further substituted on the heterocycl ring portion of the radical.

The term "heteroarylalkylcarbonyl" denotes carbonyl groups which have been substituted heteroarylalkyl radicals. More preferred are heteroaryl-C₁-C₃-alkylcarbonyl radicals, such as pyridylmethylcarbonyl, and the like. The "heteroarylalkylcarbonyl" radicals may be further substituted on the heteroaryl ring portion of the radical.

The term "cycloalkylcarbonyl" denotes carbonyl groups which have been substituted with cycloalkyl radicals, such as cyclopropylcarbonyl. More preferred contain C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl radicals. The "cycloalkylcarbonyl" radicals may be further substituted on the cycloalkyl ring portion of the radical.

The term "cycloalkylalkylcarbonyl" denotes carbonyl groups which have been substituted with cycloalkylalkyl radicals. More preferred are C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl-C₁-C₃-alkylcarbonyl radicals, such as cyclopentylmethylcarbonyl. The cycloalkylalkylcarbonyl radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion.

The term "alkylamino" embraces "N-alkylamino" and "N,N-dialkylamino" where amino groups are substituted with one alkyl radical and with two alkyl radicals, respectively. More preferred alkylamino radicals are "lower alkylamino" radicals having one or two alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Even more preferred are lower alkylamino radicals having one to three carbon atoms. Suitable

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alkylamino radicals may be mono or dialkylamino such as N-methylamino, N-ethylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N,N-diethylamino or the like.

The term "alkylaminoalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with alkylamino radicals. More preferred alkylaminoalkyl radicals are "lower alkylaminoalkyl" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Even more preferred are lower alkylaminoalkyl radicals having alkyl radicals of one to three carbon atoms. Suitable alkylaminoalkyl radicals may be mono or dialkyl, such as N-methylaminomethyl, N,N-dimethylaminoethyl, N,N-diethylaminomethyl and the like.

The term "alkylaminoalkylamino" embraces alkylamino radicals substituted with alkylamino radicals. More preferred alkylaminoalkylamino radicals are "lower alkylaminoalkylamino" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms. Even more preferred are radicals having alkyl radicals of one to three carbon atoms. Suitable alkylaminoalkylamino radicals may be mono or dialkyl, such as N-methylaminomethylamino, N,N-dimethylaminoethylamino, N,N-diethylaminomethylamino or the like.

The term "arylamino" denotes amino groups which have been substituted with one or two aryl radicals, such as N-phenylamino. The arylamino radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion of the radical.

The term "heteroarylamino" denotes amino groups which have been substituted with one or two heteroaryl radicals, such as N-thienylamino. The "heteroarylamino" radicals may be further substituted on the heteroaryl ring portion of the radical.

The term "alkylaminoalkyl" embraces alkyl radicals substituted with alkylamino radicals. More preferred alkylaminoalkyl radicals are "lower alkylaminoalkyl" radicals having alkyl radicals of one to six carbon atoms,

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attached to a amino group. Even more preferred are lower alkylamino radicals having alkyl radicals of one to three carbon atoms. Suitable alkylamino radicals may be mono or dialkylamino such as N-methylaminomethyl, N,N-

5 dimethylaminoethyl, N,N-diethylaminomethyl or the like.

The term "cycloalkylaminoalkyl" denotes aminoalkyl groups which have been substituted with one or two cycloalkyl radicals. More preferred are C₃-C₆-cycloalkylamino-C₁-C₃-alkyl radicals, such as N-
10 cyclohexylmethylaminomethyl. The cycloalkylalkylaminoalkyl radicals may be further substituted on the cycloalkyl ring portion of the radical.

The term "cycloalkylalkylaminoalkyl" denotes aminoalkyl groups which have been substituted with one or
15 two cycloalkylalkyl radicals. More preferred are C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl-C₁-C₃-alkylamino-C₁-C₃-alkyl radicals, such as N-cyclohexylmethylaminomethyl. The cycloalkylalkylaminoalkyl radicals may be further substituted on the cycloalkyl ring portion.

20 The terms "aralkylamino" and "arylalkylamino" denote amino groups which have been substituted with one or two aralkyl radicals. More preferred are phenyl-C₁-C₃-alkylamino radicals, such as N-benzylamino. The aralkylamino radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion.

25 The term "heterocyclylalkylamino" denotes amino groups which have been substituted with one or two heterocyclylalkyl radicals. More preferred include heterocyclyl-C₁-C₃-alkylamino, such as N-thienylmethylamino, and the like. The "heterocyclylalkylamino" radicals may be
30 further substituted on the heterocyclyl ring portion of the radical.

The term "heteroarylalkylamino" denotes amino groups which have been substituted with one or two heteroarylalkyl radicals. More preferred are heteroaryl-C₁-C₃-alkylamino,

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such as N-thienylmethylamino, and the like. The "heteroarylalkylamino" radicals may be further substituted on the heteroaryl ring portion of the radical.

The terms "N-alkyl-N-arylamino" and "N-aralkyl-N-alkylamino" denote amino groups which have been substituted with one aralkyl and one alkyl radical, or one aryl and one alkyl radical, respectively, to an amino group.

The term "arylaminoalkyl" denotes aminoalkyl groups which have been substituted with one or two aryl radicals. More preferred are arylamino-C₁-C₃-alkyl radicals, such as N-phenylaminomethyl. The arylaminoalkyl radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion of the radical.

The term "heteroarylaminoalkyl" denotes aminoalkyl groups which have been substituted with one or two heteroaryl radicals. More preferred are heteroarylamino-C₁-C₃-alkyl radicals, such as N-thienylaminomethyl. The "heteroarylaminoalkyl" radicals may be further substituted on the heteroaryl ring portion of the radical.

The terms "aralkylaminoalkyl" and "arylalkylaminoalkyl" denote aminoalkyl groups which have been substituted with one or two aralkyl radicals. More preferred are phenyl-C₁-C₃-alkylamino-C₁-C₃-alkyl radicals, such as N-benzylaminomethyl. The aralkylaminoalkyl radicals may be further substituted on the aryl ring portion.

The term "arylthio" embraces aryl radicals of six to ten carbon atoms, attached to a divalent sulfur atom. An example of "arylthio" is phenylthio. The aryl portion may be further substituted.

The term "aralkylthio" embraces aralkyl radicals as described above, attached to a divalent sulfur atom. More preferred are phenyl-C₁-C₃-alkylthio radicals. An example of "aralkylthio" is benzylthio. The aryl portion may be further substituted.

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The term "aryloxy" embraces optionally substituted aryl radicals, as defined above, attached to an oxygen atom. Examples of such radicals include phenoxy.

The term "aralkoxy" embraces oxy-containing aralkyl radicals attached through an oxygen atom to other radicals. More preferred aralkoxy radicals are "lower aralkoxy" radicals having optionally substituted phenyl radicals attached to lower alkoxy radical as described above. The aryl portion may be further substituted.

The term "heteroaryloxy" embraces optionally substituted heteroaryl radicals, as defined above, attached to an oxygen atom.

The term "heteroarylalkoxy" embraces heteroarylalkyl radicals attached through an oxygen atom. More preferred heteroarylalkoxy radicals are "lower heteroarylalkoxy" radicals having optionally substituted heteroarylalkyl radicals attached to lower alkoxy radical as described above.

The term "aryloxyalkyl" embraces radicals containing an aryloxy radical attached to a linear or branched alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred aryloxyalkyl radicals are "lower phenyloxyalkyl" radicals having alkyl portions of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include phenoxyethyl, phenoxymethyl, and the like. Even more preferred are lower aryloxyalkyl radicals having alkyl portions of one to three carbon atoms.

The term "heteroaryloxyalkyl" embraces radicals containing an heteroaryloxy radical attached to a linear or branched alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred heteroaryloxyalkyl radicals are "lower heteroaryloxyalkyl" radicals having alkyl portions of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include pyridyloxyethyl, and the like. Even more preferred are lower

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heteroaryloxyalkyl radicals having alkyl portions of one to three carbon atoms.

The term "heteroarylalkyloxyalkyl" embraces radicals containing an heteroarylalkyloxy radical attached to a
5 linear or branched alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms. More preferred heteroarylalkyloxyalkyl radicals are "lower heteroarylalkyloxyalkyl" radicals having alkyl portions of one to six carbon atoms. Examples of such radicals include pyridylmethyloxymethyl, and the like. Even
10 more preferred are lower heteroarylalkyloxyalkyl radicals having alkyl portions of one to three carbon atoms.

The term "aralkyloxyalkyl" embraces radicals containing an aralkyloxy radical attached to a linear or branched alkyl radical of one to about ten carbon atoms.
15 More preferred aralkyloxyalkyl radicals are "lower phenylalkyloxyalkyl" radicals having alkyl portions of one to six carbon atoms each. Examples of such radicals include benzyloxyethyl, phenylethyloxymethyl, and the like. Even more preferred are lower aralkyloxyalkyl radicals having
20 alkyl portions of one to three carbon atoms each.

The term "cycloalkyl" includes saturated carbocyclic groups. Preferred cycloalkyl groups include C₃-C₆ rings. More preferred compounds include, cyclopentyl, cyclopropyl, and cyclohexyl.

25 The term "comprising" is meant to be open ended, including the indicated component but not excluding other elements.

The present invention preferably includes compounds that are agonists of the melanocortin-4 receptor.

30 The present invention also comprises the use of a compound of the invention, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment either acutely or chronically of an obesity mediated disease state, including those described

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previously. The compounds of the present invention are useful in the manufacture of an anti-obesity medicament. The compounds of the present invention are also useful in the manufacture of a medicament to attenuate or prevent disorders through antagonism of melanocortin receptor.

The present invention comprises a pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formulas I-IV in association with a least one pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier, adjuvant or diluent.

The present invention also comprises a method of treating obesity related disorders, in a subject, the method comprising treating the subject having or susceptible to such disorder with a therapeutically-effective amount of a compound of Formulas I-IV.

COMBINATIONS

While the compounds of the invention can be administered as the sole active pharmaceutical agent, they can also be used in combination with one or more compounds of the invention or other agents. When administered as a combination, the therapeutic agents can be formulated as separate compositions that are administered at the same time or sequentially at different times, or the therapeutic agents can be given as a single composition.

The phrase "co-therapy" (or "combination-therapy"), in defining use of a compound of the present invention and another pharmaceutical agent, is intended to embrace administration of each agent in a sequential manner in a regimen that will provide beneficial effects of the drug combination, and is intended as well to embrace co-administration of these agents in a substantially simultaneous manner, such as in a single capsule having a fixed ratio of these active agents or in multiple, separate capsules for each agent.

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If formulated as a fixed dose, such combination products employ the compounds of this invention within the accepted dosage ranges. Compounds of Formula I may also be administered sequentially with known agents when a
5 combination formulation is inappropriate. The invention is not limited in the sequence of administration; compounds of formula I-IV may be administered either prior to or after administration of the known agents.

Specifically, the administration of compounds of the
10 present invention may be in conjunction with additional antiobesity agents or appetite regulating agents, therapies known to those skilled in the art.

Such agents may be selected from the group consisting of CART (cocaine amphetamine regulated transcript) agonists,
15 NPY (neuropeptide Y) antagonists, MC4 (melanocortin-4) agonists, orexin antagonists, TNF (tumor necrosis factor) agonists, CRF (corticotropin releasing factor) agonists, CRF BP (corticotropin releasing factor binding protein) antagonists, urocortin agonists, P3 agonists, IVISH
20 (melanocyte-stimulating hormone) agonists, MCH (melanocyte-concentrating hormone) antagonists, CCK (cholecystokinin) agonists, serotonin re-uptake inhibitors, serotonin and noradrenaline re-uptake inhibitors, 5HT (serotonin) agonists, bombesin agonists, galanin antagonists, growth
25 hormone, growth hormone releasing compounds, TRH (thyreotropin releasing hormone) agonists, UCP 2 or 3 (uncoupling protein 2 or 3) modulators, leptin agonists, DA (dopamine) agonists (bromocriptin, doprexin), lipase/amylase inhibitors, PPAR modulators, RXR modulators or TR P
30 agonists.

Specifically such agents include leptin, topiramate, bupropion, dexamphetamine or amphetamine, fenfluramine, dexfenfluramine or sibutramine, orlistat, mazindol or phentermine.

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Furthermore, the present compounds may be administered in combination with one or more anti hypertensive agents. Examples of anti-hypertensive agents are P- blockers such as alprenolol, atenolol, timolol, pindolol, propranolol and
5 metoprolol, ACE (angiotensin converting enzyme) inhibitors such as benazepril, captopril, enalapril, fosinopril, lisinopril, quinapril and ramipril, calcium channel blockers such as nifedipine, felodipine, nicardipine, isradipine, nimodipine, diltiazem and verapamil, and α -blockers such as
10 doxazosin, urapidil, prazosin and terazosin, insulin sensitizers including PPAR γ agonists [such as the glitazones (e.g. troglitazone, pioglitazone, englitazone, MCC-555, BRL49653 and the like)] and biguanides such as metformin and phenformin, insulin or insulin mimetics, sulfonylureas such
15 as tolbutamide and glipizide, glucosidase inhibitors (such as acarbose), cholesterol lowering agents such as [HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors (lovastatin, simvastatin and pravastatin, fluvastatin, atorvastatin, and other statins), sequestrants (cholestyramine, colestipol and a
20 dialkylaminoalkyl derivatives of a cross-linked dextran), nicotinic alcohol nicotinic acid or a salt thereof, proliferator-activator receptor (α agonists such as fenofibric acid derivatives (gemfibrozil, clofibrate, fenofibrate and benzafibrate), inhibitors of cholesterol
25 absorption for example beta-sitosterol and (acyl CoA:cholesterol acyltransferase) inhibitors for example melinamide, probucol, vitamin E, and thyromimetics] PPAR δ agonists, antiobesity compounds such as fenfluramine, dexfenfluramine, phentermine, sibutramine, orlistat, or P3
30 adrenergic receptor agonists, feeding behavior modifying agents such as neuropeptide Y antagonists (e.g. neuropeptide Y5), PPAR α agonists by Glaxo, PPAR γ antagonists, serotonin reuptake inhibitors such as fluoxetine and sertraline, growth hormone secretagogues such as MK-0677; and agents

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useful in the treatment of male and/or female sexual dysfunction which include phosphodiesterase V (PDE-V) inhibitors, such as sildenafil and IC-351; (x2-adrenergic receptor antagonists, such as phentolamine mesylate; and
5 dopamine-receptor agonists, such as apomorphine. Further reference can be made to Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 19th Edition, Gennaro, Ed., Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA, 1995.

10 The present invention comprises a process for the preparation of a compound of Formula I-IV.

Compounds of the present invention can possess, in general, one or more asymmetric carbon atoms and are thus capable of existing in the form of optical isomers as well as in the form of racemic or non-racemic mixtures thereof.
15 The optical isomers can be obtained by resolution of the racemic mixtures according to conventional processes, e.g., by formation of diastereoisomeric salts, by treatment with an optically active acid or base. Examples of appropriate acids are tartaric, diacetyltartaric, dibenzoyltartaric,
20 ditoluoyltartaric, and camphorsulfonic acid and then separation of the mixture of diastereoisomers by crystallization followed by liberation of the optically active bases from these salts. A different process for separation of optical isomers involves the use of a chiral
25 chromatography column optimally chosen to maximize the separation of the enantiomers. Still another available method involves synthesis of covalent diastereoisomeric molecules by reacting compounds of the invention with an optically pure acid in an activated form or an optically
30 pure isocyanate. The synthesized diastereoisomers can be separated by conventional means such as chromatography, distillation, crystallization or sublimation, and then hydrolyzed to deliver the enantiomerically pure compound. The optically active compounds of the invention can

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likewise be obtained by using active starting materials. These isomers may be in the form of a free acid, a free base, an ester or a salt.

Compounds of the present invention can possess, in
5 general, tautomeric forms, which are included in the family of compounds in Formula I-IV.

Also included in the family of compounds of Formula I-IV are the pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof. The term "pharmaceutically-acceptable salts" embraces salts
10 commonly used to form alkali metal salts and to form addition salts of free acids or free bases. The nature of the salt is not critical, provided that it is pharmaceutically-acceptable. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable acid addition salts of compounds of Formula I-IV
15 may be prepared from an inorganic acid or from an organic acid. Examples of such inorganic acids are hydrochloric, hydrobromic, hydroiodic, nitric, carbonic, sulfuric and phosphoric acid. Appropriate organic acids may be selected from aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aromatic, arylaliphatic,
20 heterocyclic, carboxylic and sulfonic classes of organic acids, example of which are formic, acetic, adipic, butyric, propionic, succinic, glycolic, gluconic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, ascorbic, glucuronic, maleic, fumaric, pyruvic, aspartic, glutamic, benzoic, anthranilic, mesylic,
25 4-hydroxybenzoic, phenylacetic, mandelic, embonic (pamoic), methanesulfonic, ethanesulfonic, benzenesulfonic, pantothenic, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic, toluenesulfonic, sulfanilic, cyclohexylaminosulfonic, camphoric, camphorsulfonic, digluconic, cyclopentanepropionic,
30 dodecylsulfonic, glucoheptanoic, glycerophosphonic, heptanoic, hexanoic, 2-hydroxy-ethanesulfonic, nicotinic, 2-naphthalenesulfonic, oxalic, palmoic, pectinic, persulfuric, 2-phenylpropionic, picric, pivalic propionic, succinic, tartaric, thiocyanic, mesylic, undecanoic, stearic, algenic,

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β -hydroxybutyric, salicylic, galactaric and galacturonic acid. Suitable pharmaceutically-acceptable base addition salts of compounds of Formula I-IV include metallic salts, such as salts made from aluminum, calcium, lithium, 5 magnesium, potassium, sodium and zinc, or salts made from organic bases including primary, secondary and tertiary amines, substituted amines including cyclic amines, such as caffeine, arginine, diethylamine, N-ethyl piperidine, aistidine, glucamine, isopropylamine, lysine, morpholine, N- 10 ethyl morpholine, piperazine, piperidine, triethylamine, trimethylamine. All of these salts may be prepared by conventional means from the corresponding compound of the invention by reacting, for example, the appropriate acid or base with the compound of Formulas I-IV.

15 Also, the basic nitrogen-containing groups can be quaternized with such agents as lower alkyl halides, such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, and butyl chloride, bromides and iodides; dialkyl sulfates like dimethyl, diethyl, dibutyl, and diamyl sulfates, long chain halides such as decyl, 20 lauryl, myristyl and stearyl chlorides, bromides and iodides, aralkyl halides like benzyl and phenethyl bromides, and others. Water or oil-soluble or dispersible products are thereby obtained.

Examples of acids that may be employed to form 25 pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts include such inorganic acids as hydrochloric acid, sulphuric acid and phosphoric acid and such organic acids as oxalic acid, maleic acid, succinic acid and citric acid. Other examples include salts with alkali metals or alkaline earth metals, 30 such as sodium, potassium, calcium or magnesium or with organic bases.

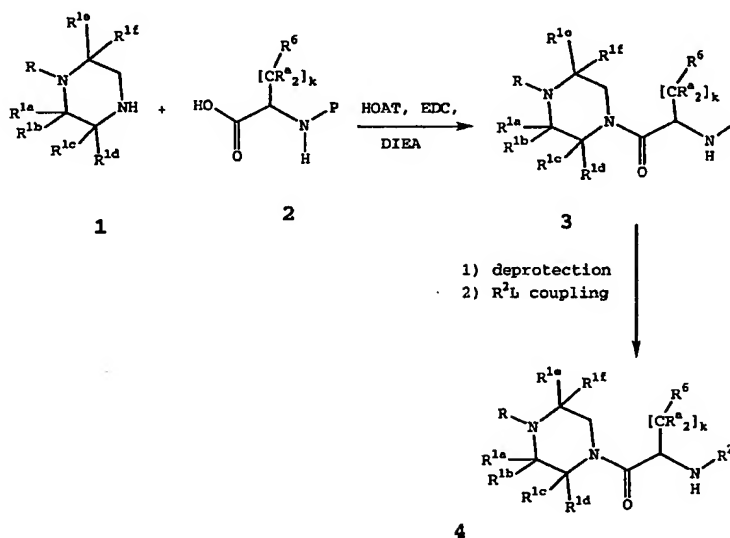
Additional examples of such salts can be found in Berge et al., J. Pharm. Sci., 66, 1 (1977).

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GENERAL SYNTHETIC PROCEDURES

The compounds of the invention can be synthesized according to the following procedures of Schemes 1-14, wherein the substituents are as defined for Formulas I-IV, above, except where further noted.

Scheme 1



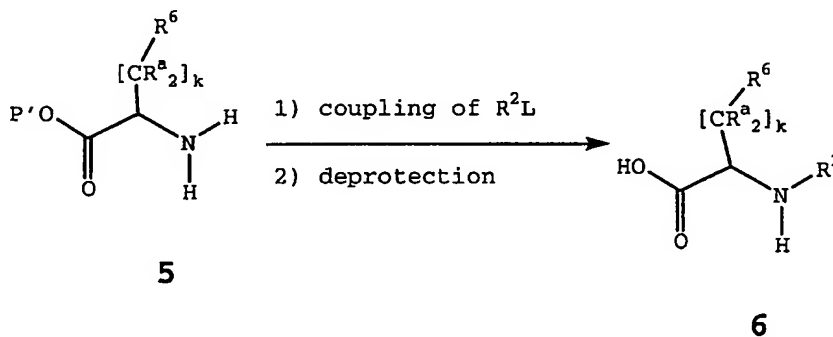
10

Compounds of Formula I may be prepared in a convergent manner as described in Scheme 1. Protected amino acids 2 (where P is a protecting group) are coupled with the substituted piperazine 1 using standard peptide coupling conditions, such as with HOAT EDC, and DIEA in a solvent, such as $MeCl_2$, and reacted at RT, to afford the protected piperazine amino acid 3. The protected amino acid derivatives 2 are commercially available or may be prepared by literature methods (R.M. Williams, Synthesis of Optically Active α -Amino Acids, Pergamon Press: Oxford, 1989). Similarly, substituted piperazines 1 are either commercially available, can be prepared via literature methods, or may be prepared following literature methods described for

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analogous compounds. Some of these methods are illustrated in the subsequent schemes. Removal of the protecting group P (CBZ, BOC, etc.) is accomplished using conventional methods, such as with a solution of 50% TFA and CH₂Cl₂ to
5 remove a Boc group, to yield the free amine. The free amine is treated with base, such as DIEA in a solvent, such as MeCl₂. The reaction mixture is coupled with R²L (where L is a leaving group), such as a substituted acid using standard peptide coupling conditions, such as with HOAT, EDC, and
10 DIEA in a solvent, at a temperature such as of about RT, to yield the desired compound 4.

Scheme 2



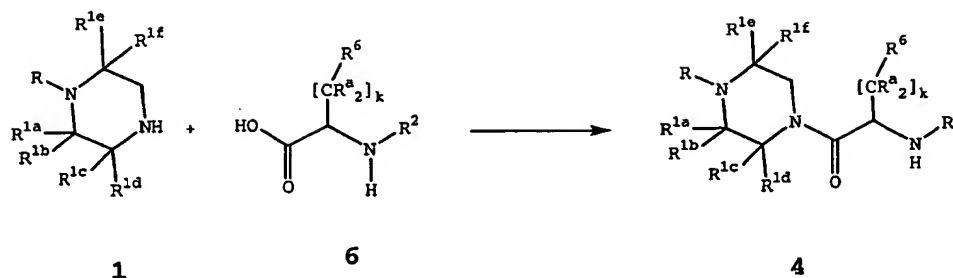
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Amino acid ester intermediate 5, wherein P' is an acid protecting group including C₁₋₄ alkyl (such as methyl or ethyl), benzyl or allyl group, can be synthesized by well
20 documented methods in the literature. Coupling of R²L (where L is a leaving group) and ester 5, such as with a substituted acid under standard peptide coupling conditions followed by removal of the ester group P' yields the intermediate 6.

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Scheme 3

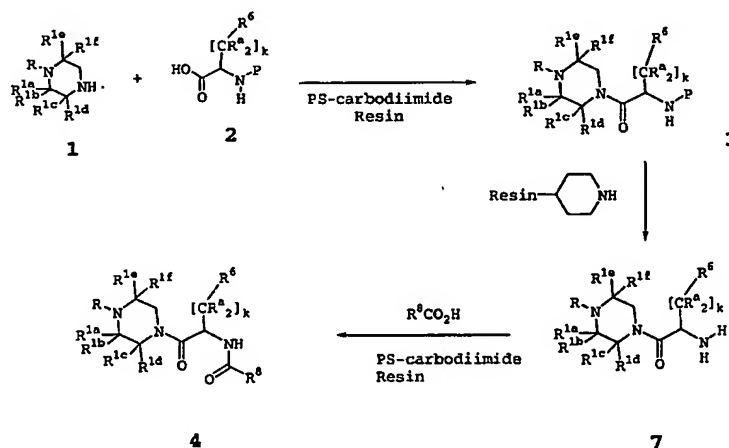


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Compounds of Formula I may also be prepared in a convergent manner as described in Scheme 3. Compounds 4 are obtained by coupling intermediates 6 to piperidines 1 under standard peptide coupling reaction conditions.

10

Scheme 4



15

Chemical libraries can be made using variations of the above described chemistry to make compounds of Formula I as described in Scheme 4. Piperazine 1 is added to PS-carbodiimide resin, and an Fmoc protected amino acid.

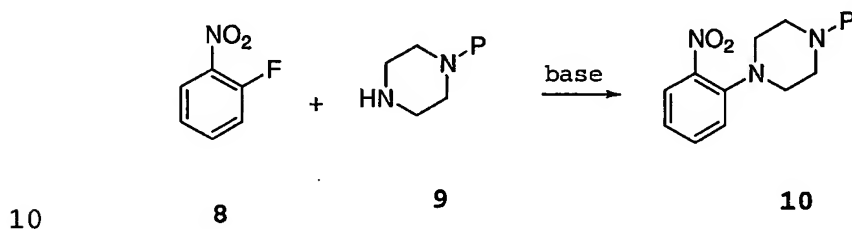
Excess piperazine 1 is scavenged, such as with PS-isocyanate resin. The reaction mixture is filtered into vials

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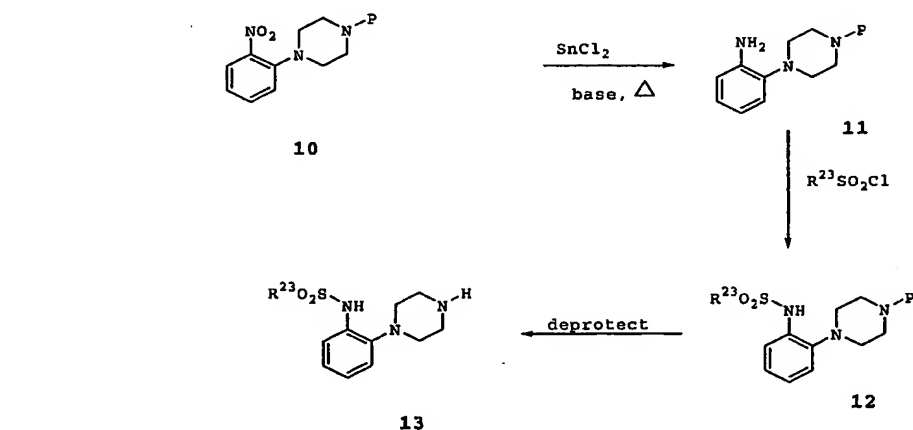
containing DMAP and piperidine-4-carboxylic acid polyamine resin HL. PS-carbodiimide resin and R^8CO_2H are added. The reactions are filtered and excess amine is scavenged, such as with PS-isocyanate resin. The compounds are deprotected
 5 if needed to yield compounds 4. Other conditions and resins known to one skilled in the art can be used.

Scheme 5



Substituted piperazines can be prepared such as by the method described in Scheme 5. 2-Fluoronitrobenzene 8, DIEA,
 1-benzylpiperazine 9 and a solvent such as DMF are reacted
 15 to yield the nitrophenylpiperazine 10.

Scheme 6



Benzenesulfonamide piperazines are prepared by the method described in Scheme 6. An excess of $SnCl_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ is

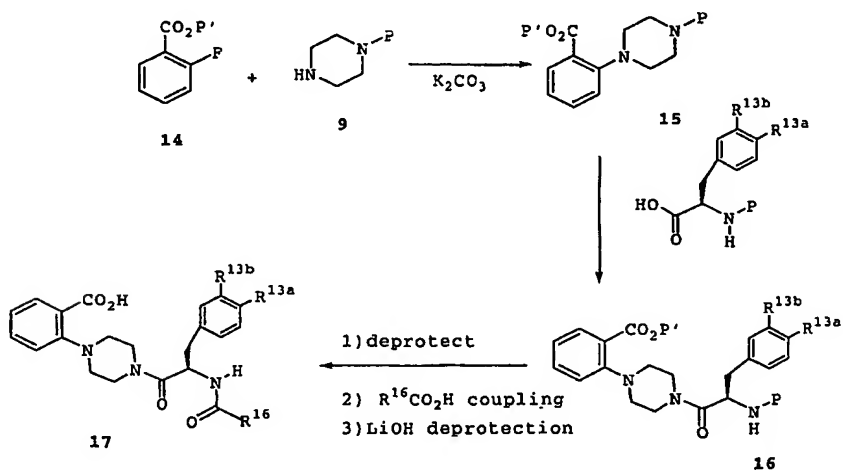
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added to a solution of protected 1-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazine **10** in a solvent, such as an alcohol, preferably EtOH. The reaction mixture is warmed, such as at a temperature of about 60°C and then treated with base, such as with 1N NaOH and CH₂Cl₂, to afford the protected amine **11**. Alternatively, the nitro compound may be hydrogenated, such as with H₂ in the presence of 10% Pd/C.

Substituted sulfonyl chloride is added to a mixture of protected 2-piperazinyphenylamine **11** and a base, such as pyridine, in a non-protic solvent such as CH₂Cl₂. The reaction is heated, such as at a temperature greater than RT, more preferably at reflux. After cooling to RT, base is added, such as a satd soln of NaHCO₃, to afford the protected sulfone **12**.

The sulfone **12** is deprotected to form the free piperazine **13**. For example, where the piperazine is benzyl protected, the benzyl group is removed by 10% Pd/C and HCO₂NH₄ in a solvent such as MeOH, and heating, such as at reflux to yield the sulfonamide **13**. One skilled in the art knows how to remove other protecting groups.

Scheme 7

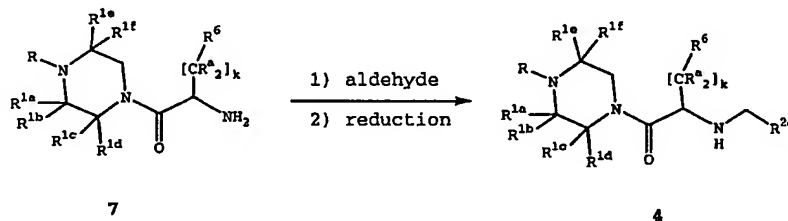


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Benzoic derivatives may be prepared by a process similar to that shown in Scheme 7. A mixture of ester **14**, protected piperazine **9** and base, such as K_2CO_3 , is heated, such as at a temperature of about greater than $100^\circ C$, more preferably at about $150^\circ C$, to yield benzoate **15**. The protected piperaziny benzoate **15** is deprotected, such as with 10% Pd/C and HCO_2NH_4 for benzyl protection, and coupled with the appropriate amino acid using traditional coupling chemistry to yield ester **16**. After further deprotection and coupling with $R^{16}CO_2H$ (with standard peptide conditions), the free acid **17** is formed by treatment with an aqueous solution of LiOH at a temperature greater than about RT and preferably at about $60^\circ C$.

15

Scheme 8

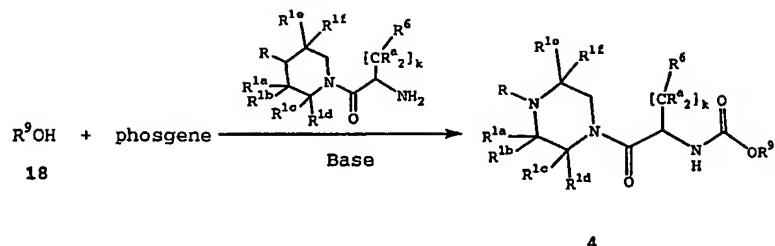


Compounds of Formula I, where R^2 is $-CH_2R^{2a}$, may also be prepared in a convergent manner as described in Scheme 8. To a free amine **7** in a solvent, such as $ClCH_2CH_2Cl$, and base, such as DIEA, an aldehyde and a reducing agent, such as $NaBH(OAc)_3$, are added, to form the substituted amine **4**, where R^{2a} is aryl, heterocyclyl or cycloalkyl. The reaction is preferably kept at about RT.

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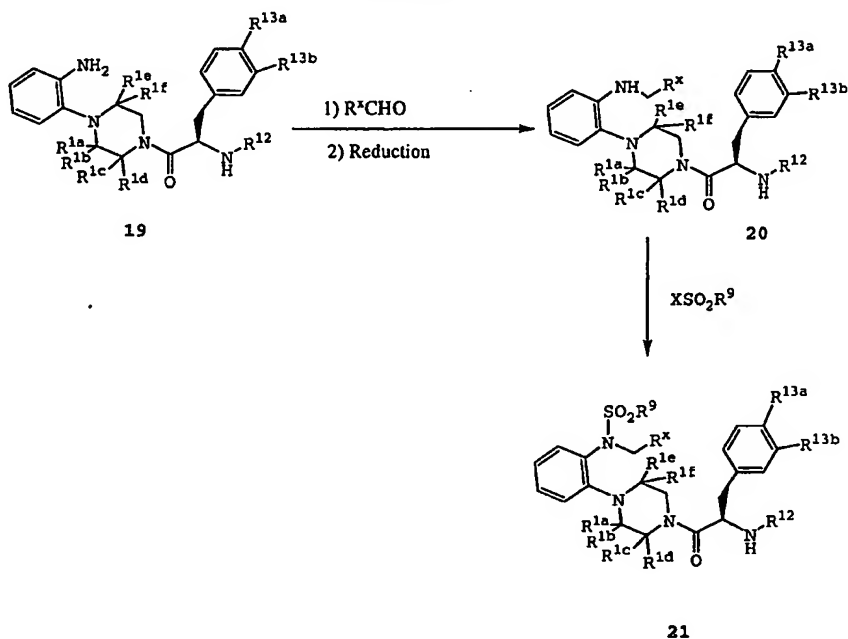
Scheme 9



- 5 Compounds of Formula I, where R^2 is $-C(=O)OR^9$, may also be prepared as described in Scheme 9. Alcohol **18** is converted to the anhydride, such as with phosgene and base, such as DIEA, at a temperature between -23°C and reflux, preferably at about 0°C and reflux, in a suitable solvent,
- 10 such as CH_2Cl_2 . To the mixture is added the piperazine derivative **7** and base to afford the amide **4**. A similar procedure can be used for the reactions of amines to form the corresponding ureas.

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Scheme 10

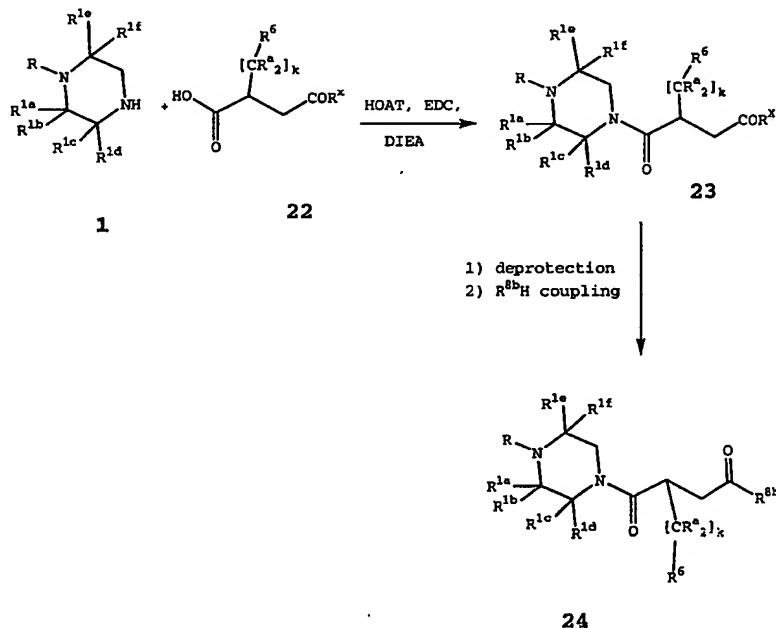


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Compounds of Formula I may also be prepared in a convergent manner as described in Scheme 10. Following the procedure for the synthesis of Scheme 9, the aniline **20** was prepared from the corresponding amine **19**, aldehyde and reducing agent, such as $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$. The aniline **20** may be further substituted using, for example methylsulfonyl chloride, base such as pyridine, and DMAP (cat.), in a suitable solvent, such as $\text{ClCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ to yield the sulfonamide **21**.

Scheme 11



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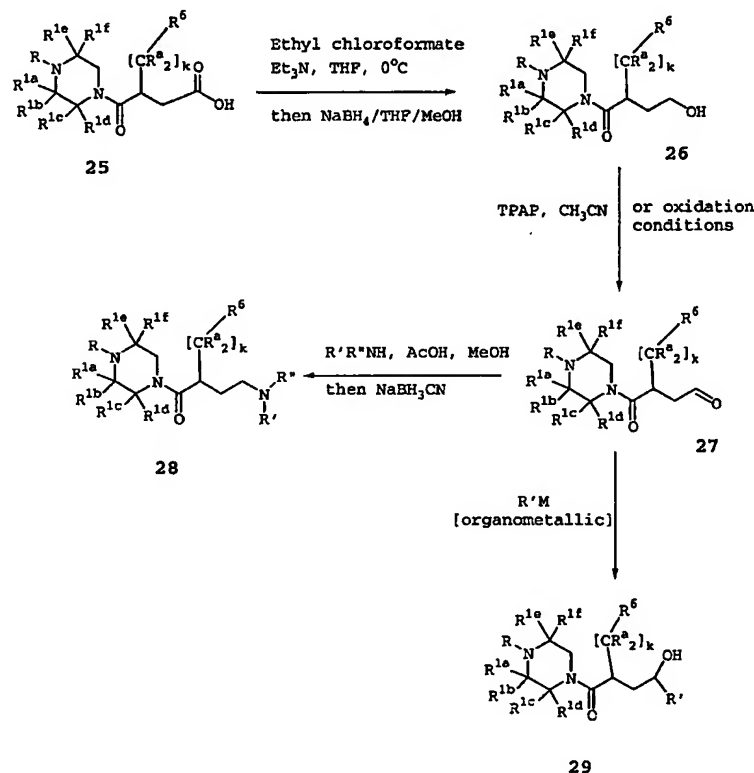
Compounds of Formula I, where R^2 is $-\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{R}^8$ and Y is CH_2 may be prepared as described in Scheme 11. Piperazine **1** is coupled with acid **22** (where R^x is an acid protecting group, such as alkoxy, aryloxy, benzyloxy, and the like) to form the piperazinyl amide **23**. The amide **23** is deprotected to form the free acid which can be coupled with appropriate

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reagents (where R^{8b} is capable of reacting with an acid, such as an optionally substituted amine) to form compounds 24. Such coupling can be normal amino acid coupling reagents.

5

Scheme 12

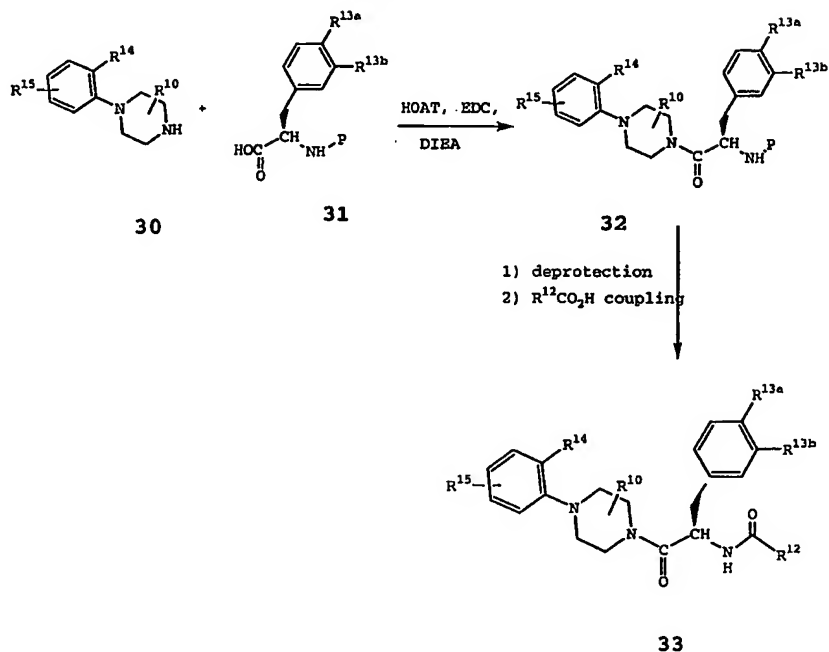


Alternatively, several types of compounds of Formula I, where R^2 is $-\text{COR}^8$ and Y is CH_2 may be prepared as described in Scheme 12. The free acid 25 can be reduced to the alcohol 26, for example using a two step procedure that converts the acid 25 first to the mixed carbonate, such as with ethyl chloroformate, then is reduced to the alcohol 26, such as with NaBH_4 . The alcohol 26 can be converted to the aldehyde 27 (using reagents such as with Dess Martin reagent, TPAP or Swern oxidation) which can be further reacted with substituted amines, such as in the presence of acetic acid, then reduced, such as with NaBH_3CN to form

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amines **28**. Alternatively the aldehyde **27** can react with organometallic agents to form the alcohols **29**.

Scheme 13

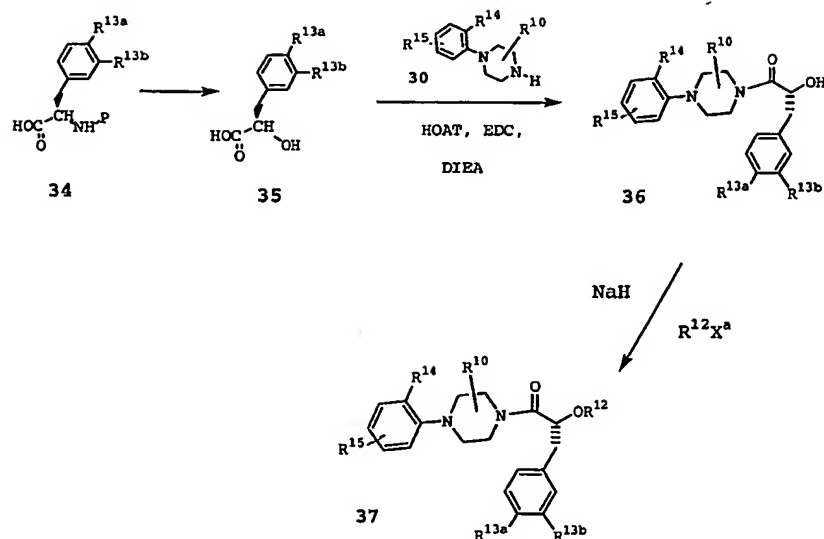


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Compounds of Formula II may be prepared as described in Scheme 13. Protected D-phenylalanine derivatives **31** (where P is a protecting group) are coupled with the substituted phenyl piperazine **30** using standard peptide coupling conditions, such as with HOAT, EDC, and DIEA in a solvent, such as $MeCl_2$, and reacted at RT, to afford the protected piperazine phenylalanine compounds **32**. Removal of the protecting group P (CBZ, BOC, FMOC etc.) is accomplished using conventional methods, such as with a solution of 50% TFA and CH_2Cl_2 (to remove a Boc group), to yield the free amine. The free amine is treated with base, such as DIEA in a solvent, such as $MeCl_2$. The reaction mixture is coupled with a substituted acid, using standard peptide coupling conditions, such as with HOAT, EDC, and DIEA in a solvent, such as at a temperature of about RT, to yield the desired compound **33**.

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Scheme 14



5

Compounds of Formula I (where Y is O) may be prepared as described in Scheme 14. A protected phenylalanine derivative 34 was treated with acid, such as H_2SO_4 . To the solution was added an oxidizer, such as $NaNO_2$, such as at a temperature of about $0^\circ C$, and reacted at about RT to afford the alcohol 35. The alcohol 35 is coupled with the substituted phenyl-piperazine 20 similar to the procedures previously described to afford the coupled alcohol 36. The coupled alcohol 36 is converted to the ether 37, such as by treatment with an alkali metal and a substituted halide.

The protected D-phenylalanine derivatives are commercially available or may be prepared by literature methods (R.M. Williams, *Synthesis of Optically Active α -Amino Acids*, Pergamon Press: Oxford, 1989). Similarly, substituted piperazines are either commercially available, can be prepared via literature methods, or may be prepared following literature methods described for analogous compounds. TIC derivatives can be prepared such as by

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methods described in W000/74679. Piperazine derivatives can be prepared such as by methods described in W095/34311.

The starting compounds defined in Schemes 1-14 may also be present with functional groups in protected form if
5 necessary and/or in the form of salts, provided a salt-forming group is present and the reaction in salt form is possible. If so desired, one compound of formula I can be converted into another compound of formula I or a N-oxide thereof; a compound of formula I can be converted into a
10 salt; a salt of a compound of formula I can be converted into the free compound or another salt; and/or a mixture of isomeric compounds of formula I can be separated into the individual isomers.

N-Oxides can be obtained in a known matter by reacting
15 a compound of formula I with hydrogen peroxide or a peracid, e.g. 3-chloroperoxy-benzoic acid, in an inert solvent, e.g. dichloromethane, at a temperature between about -10-35°C, such as about 0°C - RT.

If one or more other functional groups, for example
20 carboxy, hydroxy, amino, or mercapto, are or need to be protected in a compound of formulas I-IV, because they should not take part in the reaction, these are such groups as are usually used in the synthesis of peptide compounds, and also of cephalosporins and penicillins, as well as
25 nucleic acid derivatives and sugars.

The protecting groups may already be present in precursors and should protect the functional groups concerned against unwanted secondary reactions, such as acylations, etherifications, esterifications, oxidations,
30 solvolysis, and similar reactions. It is a characteristic of protecting groups that they lend themselves readily, i.e. without undesired secondary reactions, to removal, typically by solvolysis, reduction, photolysis or also by enzyme activity, for example under conditions analogous to

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physiological conditions, and that they are not present in the end-products. The specialist knows, or can easily establish, which protecting groups are suitable with the reactions mentioned above and hereinafter.

- 5 The protection of such functional groups by such protecting groups, the protecting groups themselves, and their removal reactions are described for example in standard reference works, such as J. F. W. McOmie, "Protective Groups in Organic Chemistry", Plenum Press, 10 London and New York 1973, in T. W. Greene, "Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis", Wiley, New York 1981, in "The Peptides"; Volume 3 (editors: E. Gross and J. Meienhofer), Academic Press, London and New York 1981, in "Methoden der organischen Chemie" (Methods of organic chemistry), Houben 15 Weyl, 4th edition, Volume 15/1, Georg Thieme Verlag, Stuttgart 1974, in H.-D. Jakubke and H. Jescheit, "Aminosäuren, Peptide, Proteine" (Amino acids, peptides, proteins), Verlag Chemie, Weinheim, Deerfield Beach, and Basel 1982, and in Jochen Lehmann, "Chemie der 20 Kohlenhydrate: Monosaccharide und Derivate" (Chemistry of carbohydrates: monosaccharides and derivatives), Georg Thieme Verlag, Stuttgart 1974.

 In the additional process steps, carried out as desired, functional groups of the starting compounds which 25 should not take part in the reaction may be present in unprotected form or may be protected for example by one or more of the protecting groups mentioned above under "protecting groups". The protecting groups are then wholly or partly removed according to one of the methods described 30 there.

 Salts of a compound of formula I with a salt-forming group may be prepared in a manner known *per se*. Acid addition salts of compounds of formula I may thus be obtained by treatment with an acid or with a suitable anion

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exchange reagent. A salt with two acid molecules (for example a dihalogenide of a compound of formula I) may also be converted into a salt with one acid molecule per compound (for example a monohalogenide); this may be done by heating
5 to a melt, or for example by heating as a solid under a high vacuum at elevated temperature, for example from about 130 to about 170°C, one molecule of the acid being expelled per molecule of a compound of formula I.

Salts can usually be converted to free compounds, e.g.
10 by treating with suitable basic agents, for example with alkali metal carbonates, alkali metal hydrogen carbonates, or alkali metal hydroxides, typically potassium carbonate or sodium hydroxide.

All process steps described here can be carried out
15 under known reaction conditions, preferably under those specifically mentioned, in the absence of or usually in the presence of solvents or diluents, preferably such as are inert to the reagents used and able to dissolve these, in the absence or presence of catalysts, condensing agents or
20 neutralizing agents, for example ion exchangers, typically cation exchangers, for example in the H⁺ form, depending on the type of reaction and/or reactants at reduced, normal, or elevated temperature, for example in the range from about -100°C to about 190°C, preferably from about -80°C to about
25 150°C, for example at about -80°C to about 60°C, at room temperature, at about -20°C to about 40°C or at the boiling point of the solvent used, under atmospheric pressure or in a closed vessel, where appropriate under pressure, and/or in an inert atmosphere, for example under argon or nitrogen.

30 Salts may be present in all starting compounds and transients, if these contain salt-forming groups. Salts may also be present during the reaction of such compounds, provided the reaction is not thereby disturbed.

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In certain cases, typically in hydrogenation processes, it is possible to achieve stereoselective reactions, allowing for example easier recovery of individual isomers.

- 5 The solvents from which those can be selected which are suitable for the reaction in question include for example water, esters, typically lower alkyl-lower alkanoates, e.g. diethyl acetate, ethers, typically aliphatic ethers, e.g. diethylether, or cyclic
- 10 ethers, e.g. THF, liquid aromatic hydrocarbons, typically benzene or toluene, alcohols, typically MeOH, EtOH or 1- or 2-propanol, nitriles, typically AcCN, halogenated hydrocarbons, typically CH₂Cl₂, acid amides, typically DMF, bases, typically heterocyclic nitrogen bases, e.g. pyridine,
- 15 carboxylic acids, typically lower alkanecarboxylic acids, e.g. AcOH, carboxylic acid anhydrides, typically lower alkane acid anhydrides, e.g. acetic anhydride, cyclic, linear, or branched hydrocarbons, typically cyclohexane, hexane, or isopentane, or mixtures of these solvents, e.g.
- 20 aqueous solutions, unless otherwise stated in the description of the process. Such solvent mixtures may also be used in processing, for example through chromatography or distribution.

- The invention relates also to those forms of the
- 25 process in which one starts from a compound obtainable at any stage as a transient and carries out the missing steps, or breaks off the process at any stage, or forms a starting material under the reaction conditions, or uses said starting material in the form of a reactive derivative or
- 30 salt, or produces a compound obtainable by means of the process according to the invention and processes the said compound *in situ*. In the preferred embodiment, one starts from those starting materials which lead to the compounds described above as preferred.

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The compounds of formula I, including their salts, are also obtainable in the form of hydrates, or their crystals can include for example the solvent used for crystallization (present as solvates).

5 New starting materials and/or intermediates, as well as processes for the preparation thereof, are likewise the subject of this invention. In the preferred embodiment, such starting materials are used and reaction conditions so selected as to enable the preferred compounds to be
10 obtained.

Starting materials of the invention are known, are commercially available, or can be synthesized in analogy to or according to methods that are known in the art.

15 The skills required in carrying out the reaction and purification of the resulting reaction products are known to those in the art. Purification procedures include crystallization and normal-phase or reverse-phase chromatography.

20 In the preparation of starting materials, existing functional groups which do not participate in the reaction should, if necessary, be protected. Preferred protecting groups, their introduction and their removal are described above or in the examples.

25 All remaining starting materials are known, capable of being prepared according to known processes, or commercially obtainable; in particular, they can be prepared using processes as described in the examples.

30 The following examples contain detailed descriptions of the methods of preparation of compounds of Formulas I-IV. These detailed descriptions fall within the scope, and serve to exemplify, the above described General Synthetic Procedures which form part of the invention.

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These detailed descriptions are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not intended as a restriction on the scope of the invention.

- 5 Unless otherwise noted, all materials were obtained from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. All reactions involving air- or moisture-sensitive compounds were performed under a nitrogen atmosphere. All parts are by weight and temperatures are in
- 10 Degrees centigrade unless otherwise indicated. All compounds showed NMR spectra consistent with their assigned structures. Unless otherwise stated, reactions were run at room temperature.
- 15 The following abbreviations are used:
- | | |
|--|--|
| AcOH - | acetic acid |
| AlH ₃ - | aluminum hydride |
| Bn - | benzyl |
| Boc - | tert-(butoxycarbonyl)- |
| 20 Boc-D-Phe-OH - | N-tert-(butoxycarbonyl)-D-phenylalanine |
| Boc-L-Tic-OH - | N-tert-(butoxycarbonyl)-L-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid |
| Boc-p-Cl-D-Phe-OH - | N-tert-(butoxycarbonyl)-para-chloro-D-phenylalanine |
| 25 BOP-Cl - | bis(2-oxo-3-oxazolidinyl)phosphinic chloride |
| CBZ-N- | Carbobenzyloxy |
| CH ₂ Cl ₂ - | dichloromethane |
| ClCH ₂ CH ₂ Cl - | ethylene dichloride |
| 30 CH ₃ CN - | acetonitrile |
| chxl - | cyclohexyl |
| Cond - | concentrated |
| cyp - | cyclopropyl |
| DIEA - | N,N-diisopropylethylamine |

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| | | |
|----|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | DMAP - | 4-dimethylaminopyridine |
| | DME - | ethylene glycol dimethylether |
| | DMF - | dimethylformamide |
| | EDC - | 1-ethyl-3-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl] |
| 5 | | carbodiimide hydrochloride |
| | Et ₂ O - | diethyl ether |
| | EtOAc - | ethyl acetate |
| | EtOH - | ethyl alcohol |
| | Fmoc - | N-(9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl)- |
| 10 | g - | gram |
| | h - | hour |
| | H ₂ - | hydrogen |
| | H ₂ O - | water |
| | H ₂ O ₂ - | hydrogen peroxide |
| 15 | HCO ₂ NH ₄ - | ammonium formate |
| | HCl - | hydrochloric acid |
| | HOAT - | 1-hydroxy-7-azabenzotriazole |
| | HOBT - | 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate |
| | H ₃ PO ₄ - | Phosphoric acid |
| 20 | HPLC - | high pressure liquid chromatography |
| | K ₂ CO ₃ - | potassium carbonate |
| | LDA - | lithium diisopropylamide |
| | LiOH - | lithium hydroxide |
| | LiAlH ₄ - | lithium aluminum hydride |
| 25 | mg - | milligram |
| | ml - | milliliter |
| | min - | minutes |
| | MeOH - | methyl alcohol |
| | Na ₂ CO ₃ - | sodium carbonate |
| 30 | NaH - | sodium hydride |
| | NaOH - | sodium hydroxide |
| | NaBH ₃ CN - | sodium cyanoborohydride |
| | NaBH(OAc) ₃ - | sodium triacetoxymborohydride |
| | NaHCO ₃ - | sodium bicarbonate |

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| | | |
|----|---|--|
| | NaHMDS - | sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide |
| | NaH ₂ PO ₄ - | sodium phosphate monobasic |
| | Na ₂ SO ₄ - | sodium sulfate |
| | N ₂ - | nitrogen |
| 5 | NH ₃ - | ammonia |
| | (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ - | ammonium sulfate |
| | NH ₄ OAc - | ammonium acetate |
| | NH ₄ Cl - | ammonium chloride |
| | Pd/C - | palladium on carbon |
| 10 | ps - | polystyrene |
| | phe - | phenylalanine |
| | RT - | room temperature |
| | Satd - | saturated |
| | SiO ₂ - | silica |
| 15 | SnCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O - | stannous chloride dihydrate |
| | soln - | solution |
| | TEA - | triethylamine |
| | TFA - | trifluoroacetic acid |
| | THF - | tetrahydrofuran |
| 20 | TIC - | tetrahydroisoquinoline carboxylic acid |
| | TPAP - | tetrapropyl ammonium perruthenate |
| | TLC - | thin layer chromatography |

Preparative HPLC (TFA Buffer): Unless otherwise
25 stated, compounds that were purified by preparative HPLC
using a TFA buffer were run on a YMC-ODS AM (150x20 mm, 5
micron particle size) column, with a flowrate of 20 mL/min.
The eluant used was 10 to 100% CH₃CN in H₂O over 7 min then
3.5 min at 100% CH₃CN. Both solvents were buffered with
30 0.1% TFA.

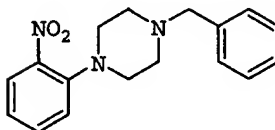
Preparative HPLC (AcOH Buffer): The following method
was used when AcOH was used as a buffer. YMC-ODS AM (150x20
mm, 5 micron particle size) column, with a flowrate of 20

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mL/min. The eluant used was 10 to 100% CH₃CN in H₂O over 6 min then 3.5 min at 100% CH₃CN. Both solvents were buffered with 0.1% AcOH.

5

Preparation I

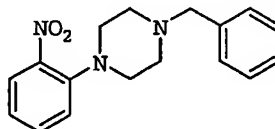
**1-(2-Nitrophenyl)-4-benzylpiperazine**

10

To a 500 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added 1-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazine (Emka-Chemie) (30 g, 145 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (300 mL). A solution of Na₂CO₃ in H₂O (61.2 g in 100 mL) was added, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min. Stirring was stopped, benzyl bromide (18.6 mL, 159 mmol) was added, and the reaction was heated at reflux for 4 h. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2x50 mL). All organic fractions were combined, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 1-(2-nitrophenyl)-4-benzylpiperazine as an orange oil (42 g). MS (ESI, pos. Ion) *m/z*: 298 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. Ion) *m/z*: 296 (M-H). Calc'd for C₁₇H₁₉N₃O₂: 297.15.

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Preparation I(a)

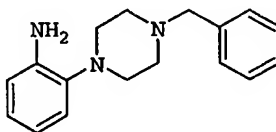
**1-(2-Nitrophenyl)-4-benzylpiperazine**

- 100 -

To a 500 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added 2-fluoronitrobenzene (14 g, 101 mmol), DIEA (19 mL, 110 mmol), 1-benzylpiperazine (18 mL, 110 mmol) (Aldrich) and DMF (250 mL). The reaction was stirred for 18 h, diluted with 400 mL of EtOAc and washed with 300 mL each of 10% NaHCO₃, H₂O, and brine. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to yield 1-(2-nitrophenyl)-4-benzylpiperazine (30 g). Calc'd for C₁₇H₁₉N₃O₂: 297.15.

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Preparation II



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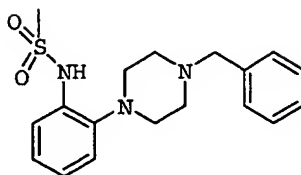
2-[4-Benzylpiperazinyl]phenylamine

To a round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added 1-(2-nitrophenyl)-4-benzylpiperazine (42 g, 160 mmol), EtOH (300 mL), and SnCl₂·2H₂O (Aldrich) (141 g, 624 mmol), and the reaction mixture was warmed to 60°C for 5 h. The reaction mixture was treated with 1N NaOH (30 mL) and CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2x30 mL). All organic fractions were combined, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the amine as a light yellow oil (34 g). MS (ESI, pos. Ion) m/z: 268 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. Ion) m/z: 266 (M-H). Calc'd for C₁₇H₂₁N₃: 267.17.

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Preparation III



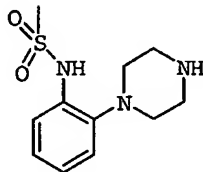
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(Methylsulfonyl)(2-[4-benzylpiperazinyl]phenyl)amine

To a round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added 2-[4-benzylpiperazinyl]phenylamine (34 g, 127 mmol) in $\text{ClCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ (100 mL) and pyridine (12 mL, 140 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min. To the reaction was added methanesulfonyl chloride (Aldrich) (11 mL, 139 mmol), and the reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 18 h. After cooling to RT a satd soln of NaHCO_3 (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (2x50 mL). All organic fractions were combined, washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford the sulfonamide as yellow oil (42 g). MS (ESI, pos. Ion) m/z : 346 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. Ion) m/z : 344 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$: 345.15.

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Preparation IV



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(Methylsulfonyl)(2-piperazinylphenyl)amine

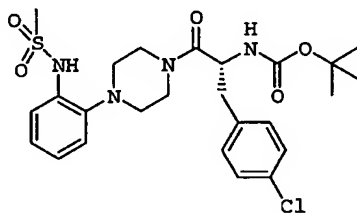
To a round-bottomed flask equipped with stirring was added (methylsulfonyl)(2-[4-benzylpiperazinyl] phenyl)amine

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(42 g, 120 mmol), MeOH, 10% Pd/C (Aldrich) (25 g), and HCO₂NH₄ (38 g, 610 mmol). After heating at reflux for 2 h, the mixture was filtered through Celite® and washed with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with NaHCO₃ and concentrated in vacuo to afford a light yellow solid. This was treated with a soln of EtOAc and HCl to afford the salt of the desired compound as the hydrochloride salt (20 g). MS (ESI, pos. Ion) m/z: 256 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. Ion) m/z: 254 (M-H). Calc'd for C₁₁H₁₇N₃O₂S: 255.10.

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Preparation V



15 **(2R)-{1-(4-Chlorobenzyl)-2-[4-(2-methylsulfonylamino-phenyl)piperazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester**

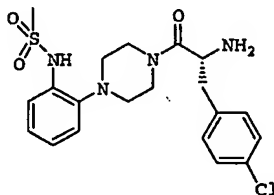
To a round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added (methylsulfonyl)(2-piperazinyl-phenyl)amine hydrochloride (3.0 g, 10 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) followed by DIEA (2.1 mL, 11.72 mmol). The reaction was stirred for 5 min. To the mixture was added N-Boc-p-Cl-D-Phe-OH (Peptech Corp.) (3.2 g, 10.6 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (1.8 g, 13 mmol) and EDC (4.1 g, 21 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 2.5 h. A satd soln of NaHCO₃ was added, the organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2x50 mL). All organic fractions were combined, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford an

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orange oil. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 537 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 535 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{25}H_{33}ClN_4O_5S$: 536.19.

Preparation VI

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(2R)-2-Amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methanesulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one

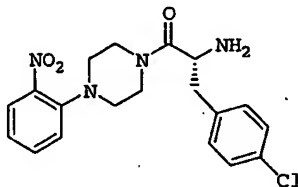
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To a round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added (2R)-{1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-[4-(2-methanesulfonylamino-phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (12 g, 22 mmol) and a soln of CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL), and TFA (10 mL). This was stirred at RT for 2 h. The organic solvent was concentrated *in vacuo* to give the amine as the TFA salt (6.1 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 437 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 435 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{20}H_{25}ClN_4O_3S$: 436.13.

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Preparation VII



(2R)-2-Amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]propan-1-one

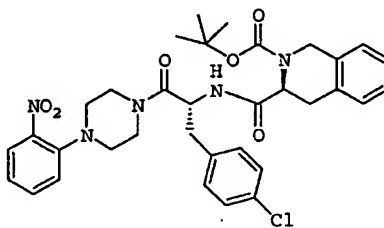
25

To a round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added a solution of 1-(2-nitrophenyl)-

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piperazine (Emka-Chemie) (1.0 g, 4.8 mmol) CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 min. *N*-Boc-*p*-Cl-D-Phe-OH (Peptech Corporation) (1.6 g, 5.3 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (660 mg, 4.8 mmol) and EDC (Aldrich) (2.9 g, 9.7 mmol) were added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 2.5 h. A satd soln of NaHCO₃ (10 mL) was added, the organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2x50 mL). All organic fractions were combined, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford an orange oil. The Boc protecting group was removed using the procedure described for Preparation VI with a soln of 50% TFA and CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL). The organic solvent was removed *in vacuo* to give the desired compound as the TFA salt (1.4 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 389 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 387 (M-H). Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₁ClN₄O₃: 388.13.

Preparation VIII



tert-Butyl 3-(*N*-{(*1R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl) piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl-(*3S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate

To a round-bottomed flask equipped with stirring was added (*2R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]propan-1-one trifluoroacetate (1.7 g, 3.4 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL), and the reaction was stirred for 5 min. Boc-L-Tic-OH (Bachem) (1.6 g, 5.3 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (1.2 g, 4.7 mmol), EDC (Aldrich) (2.6 g, 8.7

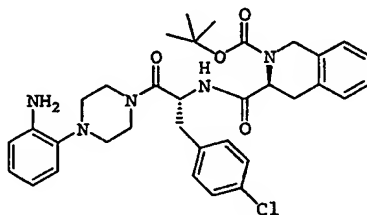
- 105 -

mmol), and DIEA (Aldrich) (0.75 mL, 4.3 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at RT for 2.5 h. A satd soln of NaHCO₃ (10 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2x50 mL).

- 5 All organic fractions were combined, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford an orange oil (2.1 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 648 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 646 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₄H₃₈ClN₅O₆: 647.25.

10

Preparation IX

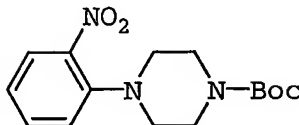


- 15 **tert-Butyl 3-(N-((1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)(3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate**

Following the procedure of Preparation II, *tert*-butyl 3-(N-((1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)(3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-(N-((1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)(3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (2.5 g, 3.9 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL), and SnCl₂·2H₂O (Aldrich) (3.6 g, 16 mmol). A light yellow solid was isolated (2.1 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 618 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 616 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₄H₄₀ClN₅O₄: 617.28.

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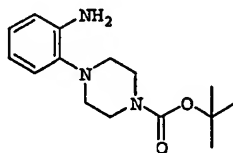
Preparation X

5 **tert-Butyl 4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinecarboxylate**

To a 1 L round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added 1-(2-nitrophenyl)-piperazine (Emkachem) (7.2 g, 35 mmol), di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (11 g, 52 mmol) (Aldrich), and DMAP (cat.) (Aldrich) in THF (500 mL), and
10 the reaction was stirred 18 h and then concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude material was dissolved in 500 mL EtOAc and washed with 400 mL each of 10% citric acid (2x), 10% NaHCO₃, H₂O and brine. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to
15 afford the desired material (6.4 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 308 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z: 306 (M-H). Calc'd for C₁₅H₂₁N₃O₄: 307.15.

Preparation XI

20

**tert-Butyl 4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinecarboxylate**

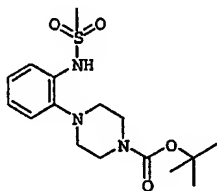
Into a 500 mL round bottomed flask equipped with
25 magnetic stirring was added tert-butyl 4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinecarboxylate (5.0 g, 16 mmol) in 95% EtOH (250 mL), and 10% Pd/C (2.0 g, 1.9 mmol) (Aldrich). The flask was equipped with a balloon filled with H₂, and the reaction was stirred for 18 h. After filtering through
30 a pad of Celite®, the crude material was concentrated in

- 107 -

vacuo to afford the desired compound (4.4 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 278 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 276 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{15}H_{23}N_3O_2$: 277.18.

5

Preparation XII



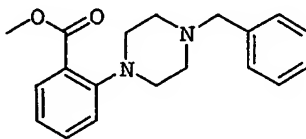
10

**tert-Butyl 4-{2-[(methanesulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-
piperazinecarboxylate**

tert-Butyl 4-{2-[(methanesulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinecarboxylate was prepared following the procedure for Preparation III using, tert-butyl 4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinecarboxylate (4.4 g, 16 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (1.4 mL, 18 mmol) and DIEA (instead of pyridine) (3.1 mL, 18 mmol). The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 4:1 hexane:EtOAc) and concentrated in vacuo to afford the desired compound (4.1 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 356 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 354 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{16}H_{25}N_3O_4S$: 355.16.

20

Preparation XIII



25

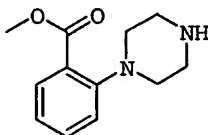
Methyl 2-[4-benzylpiperazinyl]benzoate

To a 250 mL pressure bottle equipped with magnetic stirring was added methyl 2-fluorobenzoate (Lancaster Synthesis Inc.) (3.0 g, 20 mmol), 1-benzylpiperazine

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(Aldrich) (3.8 g, 22 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (3.0 g, 22 mmol) in DMF (100 mL). The mixture was heated at 150°C for 12 h. After cooling to RT the reaction was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and H_2O was added. The organic layer was separated and
5 washed with H_2O , brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a brown oil. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (4:1 hexanes-EtOAc) to give the title compound as a white foam (3.6 g).
MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 311 (M+H). Calc'd for $C_{19}H_{22}N_2O_2$:
10 310.17.

Preparation XIV



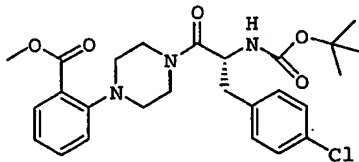
15

Methyl 2-piperazinylbenzoate

The title compound was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation IV by using methyl 2-[4-benzylpiperazinyl]benzoate (2.8 g, 8.9 mmol), 10% Pd/C
20 (Aldrich) (940 mg), and HCO_2NH_4 (2.8, 44 mmol). The title compound was isolated as a colorless oil (1.75 g). (MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 221 (M+H). Calc'd for $C_{12}H_{16}N_2O_2$: 220.12.

25

Preparation XV

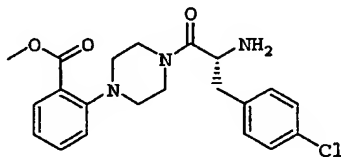


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Methyl 2-(4-((2R)-2-[(tert-butoxy)carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl)benzoate

The title compound was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation V (without DIEA) by using methyl 2-piperazinylbenzoate (2.5 g, 11 mmol), *N*-Boc-*p*-Cl-D-Phe-OH (Peptech Corporation) (3.8 g, 13 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (1.6 g, 11 mmol), and EDC (Aldrich) (4.4 g, 23 mmol). The title compound was isolated as a crude white foam (4.8 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 502 (M+H). Calc'd for C₂₆H₃₂ClN₃O₅: 501.20.

Preparation XVI



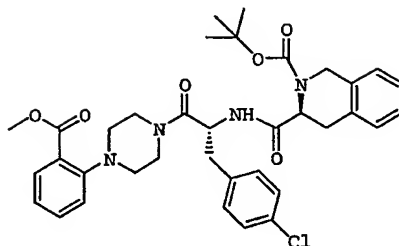
15

Methyl 2-(4-((2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl)benzoate

To a 25 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added methyl 2-(4-((2R)-2-[(tert-butoxy)carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl)benzoate (3.2 g, 6.4 mmol). A satd soln of HCl in EtOAc (15 mL) was added, and the mixture was stirred at RT for 1 h. The title compound, as the hydrochloride salt, was isolated by filtration as a white solid (2.6 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 402 (M+H). Calc'd for C₂₁H₂₄ClN₃O₃: 401.15.

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Preparation XVII



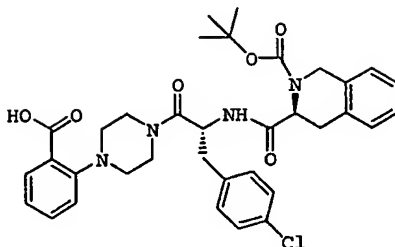
5

Methyl 2-{4-[(2R)-2-[(3S)-2-[(tert-butyl)oxycarbonyl](3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carbonylamino)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl]piperazinyl}benzoate

The title compound was prepared according to the
 10 procedure described in Preparation V by using methyl 2-{4-[(2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl] piperazinyl}-benzoate hydrochloride (2.6 g, 5.9 mmol), Boc-L-Tic-OH (Bachem) (1.8 g, 6.5 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (810 mg, 5.9 mmol), and EDC (Aldrich) (2.3 g, 12 mmol) and DIEA
 15 (Aldrich) (1.0 mL, 5.9 mmol). The title compound was isolated and purified by column chromatography (CH₂Cl₂ with 1.5% NH₃ 2M in MeOH) (2.8 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 661 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₆H₄₁ClN₄O₆: 660.27.

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Preparation XVIII



5

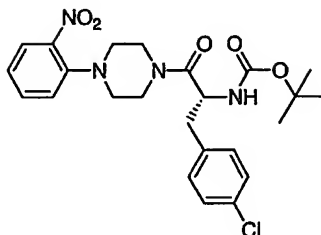
2-{4-[(2R)-2-[(3S)-2-[(tert-Butyl)oxycarbonyl](3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carbonylamino)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl]piperazinyl}benzoic acid

To a 150 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with
 10 magnetic stirring was added methyl 2-{4-[(2R)-2-[(3S)-2-[(tert-butyl)oxycarbonyl](3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carbonylamino)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl]piperazinyl}benzoate (1.6 g, 2.4 mmol) in THF (30 mL). A soln of LiOH (Aldrich) (303 mg, 7.14 mmol) in H₂O (ca. 10 mL) was added and the reaction was
 15 heated at 60°C for 12 h. After cooling to RT, the mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and diluted with EtOAc (100 mL). A 10% soln of citric acid (25 mL) was added, the organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted
 20 with EtOAc (2x25 mL). The organic layers were combined, washed with H₂O, and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the title compound as a white solid (960 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 647 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₅H₃₉ClN₄O₆: 646.26.

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Preparation XIX



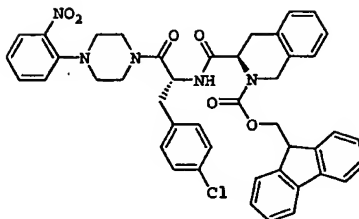
5

***N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl)-(tert-butoxy)carboxamide**

To a 500 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with
 10 magnetic stirring was added *N*-BOC-*p*-Cl-D-Phe-OH (5.28 g, 17.6 mmol) (Nova Biochem), 1-[3-(dimethylamino)-propyl]-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (10.0 g, 34 mmol) (Aldrich), and HOAT (2.7 g, 20 mmol) (Aldrich). DMF (100 mL) was added and the solution was stirred for 5 min. 1-(2-
 15 Nitrophenyl)piperazine (3.5 g, 17 mmol) (Emka-Chemie) was added and the solution was stirred for 2 h. The reaction was diluted with EtOAc (150 mL) and washed with satd NaHCO₃, H₂O, and brine (75 mL each). The organic layer was collected, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in
 20 vacuo. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 489 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 487 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₄H₂₉ClN₄O₅: 488.18.

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Preparation XX



5

Fluoren-9-ylmethyl (3R)-3-(N-((1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate

10 *N*-((1R)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl)(tert-butoxy)-carboxamide (1.4 g, 2.8 mmol) was treated with satd HCl in EtOAc as described in Preparation XVI. The resulting crude material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with satd NaHCO₃

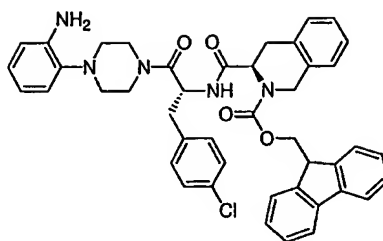
15 soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. This sample (1.05 g, 2.50 mmol), was coupled to *N*-Fmoc-D-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid (1.1 g, 2.7 mmol) (Peptech), by the procedure for Preparation XIX using 1-(3-

20 dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (Aldrich) (1.6 g, 5.5 mmol) and HOAT (370 mg, 2.7 mmol). The crude compound was obtained in a quantitative yield (2.2 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 770 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 768 (M-H). Calc'd for C₄₄H₄₀ClN₅O₆: 769.27.

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Preparation XXI

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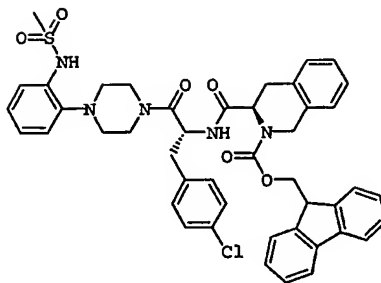


Fluoren-9-ylmethyl (3R)-3-(N-((1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate

Fluoren-9-ylmethyl (3R)-3-(N-((1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation II using fluoren-9-ylmethyl (3R)-3-(N-((1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)-piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (1.4 g, 1.8 mmol) and $\text{SnCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (1.7 g, 7.3 mmol) (Aldrich). The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 1:1 EtOAc:hexane) and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the desired compound (770 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 740 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 738 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{44}\text{H}_{42}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_4$: 739.29.

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Preparation XXII



5

Fluoren-9-ylmethyl (3R)-3-{N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate

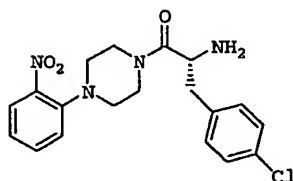
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Fluoren-9-ylmethyl (3R)-3-{N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from fluoren-9-ylmethyl (3R)-3-(N-{(1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (250 mg, 0.34 mmol) according to the procedure for Preparation III using methanesulfonyl chloride (30 μ l, 0.39 mmol) and 2,6-di-tert-butyl-pyridine (80 μ l, 0.36 mmol) (Aldrich). The crude product was concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 15% EtOAc in CH_2Cl_2), to afford the desired compound (240 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 818 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 816 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{45}\text{H}_{44}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_6\text{S}$: 817.27.

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Preparation XXIII



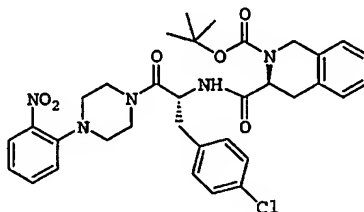
5 **(2R)-2-Amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]propan-1-one**

Using the procedure described for the synthesis of Preparation XVI, (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]propan-1-one hydrochloride was prepared from *N*-{(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl}(tert-butoxy)carboxamide (660 mg, 1.4 mmol) and a satd soln of HCl in EtOAc (10 mL). The yellow solid was filtered to give the target compound isolated as the HCl salt, as a white solid (530 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 389 (M+H). Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₁ClN₄O₅: 388.13.

10

15

Preparation XXIV



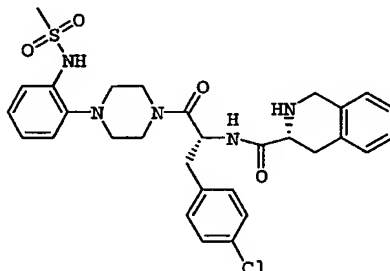
20

tert-Butyl 3-(N-((1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)(3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate

25 Using the procedure described for the synthesis of Preparation V, *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-{(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]-2-

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oxoethyl}carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]propan-1-one hydrochloride (570 mg, 1.3 mmol) in DMF (10 mL), Boc-L-Tic-
 5 OH (Bachem) (410, 1.5 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (180 mg, 1.4 mmol), EDC (Aldrich) (520 mg, 2.70 mmol), and DIEA (Aldrich) (240 μ L, 1.4 mmol). The crude material was purified by column chromatography (1:1 hexanes-EtOAc) to give the title compound as a white foam (716 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*:
 10 648 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₄H₃₈ClN₅O₆: 647.25.

Example 1

15

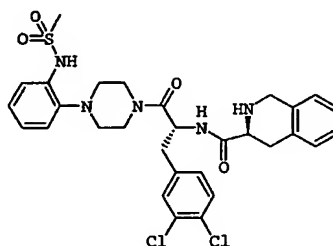
((3*R*)(3-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl))-*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carboxamide

In a 50 mL round bottomed flask equipped with magnetic
 20 stirring was added fluoren-9-ylmethyl (3*R*)-3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (240 mg, 0.290 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL). This
 25 solution was treated with tris(2-aminoethyl)amine (220 μ L, 1.4 mmol) (Aldrich) and stirred for 1.5 h. The reaction was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and washed with brine. The organic layer was separated and washed with sodium phosphate buffer (1M, pH 5.5), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated

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in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 1% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) and to afford the desired material (150 mg). The purified compound was dissolved in H₂O, treated with excess AcOH and lyophilized to yield the acetate salt. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 596 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 594 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₀H₃₄ClN₅O₄S: 595.20. Anal. Calc'd for C₃₀H₃₄ClN₅O₄S·C₂H₄O₂·0.5H₂O: C, 57.78; H, 5.91; N, 10.53; Cl, 5.33. Found C, 58.01; H, 5.63; N, 10.83; Cl, 5.49.

Example 2



N-[(1R)-1-[(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-(3S)-(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))-carboxamide
Step 1

N-[(1R)-1-[(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-

[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-

oxoethyl](tert-butoxy)carboxamide was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using (methylsulfonyl)(2-piperazinylphenyl)amine hydrochloride (800 mg, 2.8 mmol), N-Boc-D-3,4-dichlorophenylalanine (930 mg, 2.80 mmol)

(Peptech), DIEA (480 µl, 2.80 mmol), EDC (1.66 g, 5.60 mmol), HOAT (400 mg, 3.0 mmol) and DMF (10 mL). The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 1:1 hexane:EtOAc) and concentrated in vacuo to afford the desired compound (1.0 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 571

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(M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 569 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{25}H_{32}Cl_2N_4O_5S$: 570.15.

Step 2

5 (2R)-2-Amino-3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-(4-(2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)propan-1-one was
prepared according to the procedure for Preparation XVI
using *N*-[(1R)-1-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-(2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](tert-
10 butoxy)carboxamide (Step 1) (1.0 g, 1.8 mmol) and satd HCL
in EtOAc. The resulting crude material was diluted with
EtOAc and washed with satd $NaHCO_3$ soln. The organic layer
was separated, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated
in *vacuo* (700 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 471 (M+H), (ESI,
15 neg. ion) m/z : 469 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{20}H_{24}Cl_2N_4O_3S$: 470.09.
Anal. Calc'd for $C_{20}H_{24}Cl_2N_4O_3S$: C, 50.96; H, 5.13; N, 11.88;
Cl, 15.04. Found C, 50.66; H, 5.14; N, 11.51; Cl, 15.11.

Step 3

20 tert-Butyl 3-{*N*-[(1R)-1-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-
{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-
oxoethyl}carbamoyl}(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-
carboxylate was prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(3,4-
dichlorophenyl)-1-(4-(2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)-
25 piperazinyl)propan-1-one (Step 2) (350 mg, 0.750 mmol)
according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using Boc-L-
Tic-OH (220 mg, 0.78 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-
ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (450 mg, 1.5 mmol), HOAT (100
mg, 0.764mmol), and DMF (5 mL) (590 mg crude). MS (ESI, pos.
30 ion) m/z : 730 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 728 (M-H). Calc'd
for $C_{35}H_{41}Cl_2N_5O_6S$: 729.22.

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Step 4

N-[(1*R*)-1-[(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide

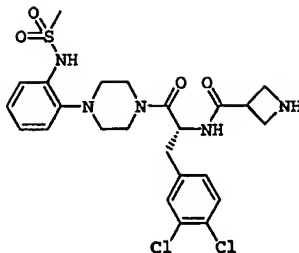
5 was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*[(1*R*)-1-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl) methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 3) (590 mg, 0.80 mmol) according to the

10 procedure for Preparation XVI. The resulting crude material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with satd NaHCO₃ soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The material was purified by preparative HPLC to give the title compound (477 mg) as the

15 TFA salt. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 630 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 628 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₀H₃₃Cl₂N₅O₄S: 629.16. Anal. Calcd for C₃₀H₃₃Cl₂N₅O₄S-1.5C₂HF₃O₂-0.5H₂O: C, 48.89; H, 4.41; N, 8.64; Cl, 8.75. Found C, 49.33; H, 4.47; N, 8.94; Cl, 8.61.

20

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Example 3

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide**

Step 1

10 *tert*-Butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}azetidinecarboxylate was prepared from (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)propan-1-one
 15 (Example 2, Step 2) (320 mg, 0.67 mmol), according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using Boc-azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (140 mg, 0.71 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (400 mg, 1.3 mmol), HOAT (96 mg, 0.71 mmol), and DMF (5 mL) (448 mg
 20 crude). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 654 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 652 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₉H₃₇Cl₂N₅O₆S: 653.18.

Step 2

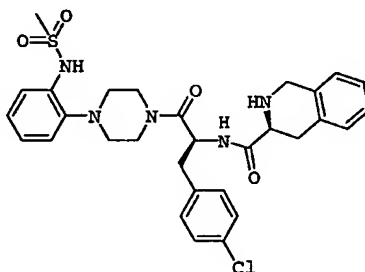
N-[(1*R*)-1-[(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}azetidinecarboxylate (440 mg, 0.67 mmol)

- 122 -

according to the procedure for Preparation XVI. The resulting crude material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with satd NaHCO₃ soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*.

- 5 Purification by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) gave the title compound as the TFA salt (10 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 554 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 552 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₄H₂₉Cl₂N₅O₄S: 553.13.

10

Example 4

15

((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolyl))-N-[(1*S*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carboxamide

Step 1

- 20 N-[(1*S*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](*tert*-butoxy)carboxamide was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using (methylsulfonyl)(2-piperazinylphenyl)amine hydrochloride (913 mg, 3.13 mmol),
 25 N-Boc-4-chloro-L-phenylalanine (960 mg, 3.2 mmol) (Bachem), DIEA (550 μ l, 3.16 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (1.9 g, 6.5 mmol), HOAT (440 mg, 3.2 mmol) and DMF (30 mL). The crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 1:1 hexane:EtOAc) to afford the

- 123 -

desired compound (1.1 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 537 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 535 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{25}H_{33}ClN_4O_5S$: 536.19.

5 Step 2

(2S)-2-Amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one (1.1 g, 2.1 mmol) was prepared from the material of Step 1, according to the procedure for Preparation XVI. The resulting crude material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with satd $NaHCO_3$ soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to afford the desired compound (823 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 437 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 435 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{20}H_{25}ClN_4O_3S$: 436.13. Anal. Calcd for $C_{20}H_{25}ClN_4O_3S$: C, 54.98; H, 5.77; N, 12.82; Cl, 8.11. Found C, 55.05; H, 5.82; N, 12.68.

Step 3

tert-Butyl (3S)-3-{N-[(1S)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from (2S)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)propan-1-one (Step 2) (380 mg, 0.87 mmol), according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using Boc-L-Tic-OH (250 mg, 0.91 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (540 mg, 1.8 mmol), HOAT (140 mg, 1.0 mmol), and DMF (25 mL). Crude material was obtained in a quantitative yield and used without further purification. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 696 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 694 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{35}H_{42}ClN_5O_6S$: 695.25.

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Step 4

((3*S*) (3-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinolyl))-*N*-[(1*S*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methysulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperaziny)-2-oxoethyl]carboxamide (600 mg, 0.86 mmol) was prepared from the compound of Step 3 according to the procedure for Preparation XVI. The resulting crude material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with satd NaHCO₃ soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude was purified by preparative HPLC (AcOH buffer) to afford the title compound (240 mg) as the acetate salt. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 596 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 594 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₀H₃₄ClN₅O₄S: 595.20 Anal. Calcd for C₃₀H₃₄ClN₅O₄S-C₂H₄O₂-H₂O: C, 57.01; H, 5.98; N, 10.39; Cl, 5.26. Found C, 57.69; H, 5.82; N, 10.54; Cl, 5.20.

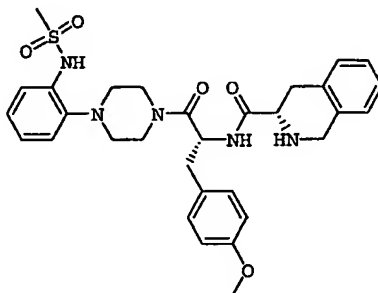
Examples 5-7**General Procedure:**

(a) To 25 mL peptide vessels were added PS-carbodiimide resin (Argonaut Technologies) (1 mmol/g) (800 mg, 0.8 mmol), an Fmoc-protected amino acid (0.4 mmol) and (methysulfonyl)(2-piperazinyphenyl)amine hydrochloride (0.2 mmol) previously free based. The vessels were shaken for 48 h, and PS-isocyanate resin (Argonaut Technologies) was added to each vessel (1.76 mmol/g) (500 mg, 0.9 mmol). After shaking for 48 h, the mixture was filtered into scintillation vials containing DMAP (50 mg, 0.5 mmol) and piperidine-4-carboxylic acid polyamine resin HL (Nova Biochem) (0.7 mmol/g) (1 g, 0.7 mmol) and shaken for another 48 h. These reaction mixtures were filtered into 10 mL scintillation vials containing PS-carbodiimide resin (Argonaut Technologies) (1 mmol/g) (800 mg, 0.8 mmol) and Boc-L-Tic-OH (100 mg, 0.36 mmol).

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(b) These vials were shaken for 48 h. To each vial was added PS-isocyanate resin (Argonaut Technologies) (1.76 mmol/g) (1 g, 1.76 mmol) and shaking continued for 48 h. The solutions were filtered, concentrated *in vacuo*, and treated with 30% TFA in CH₂Cl₂ for 1.5 h. The solvent was eliminated *in vacuo*, and the resulting crude products were purified by preparative HPLC to yield the TFA salts of the products.

10

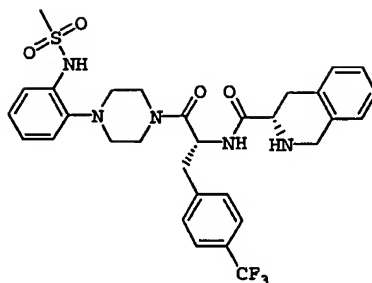
Example 5

15

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))-carboxamide**

MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 592 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 590 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₁H₃₇N₅O₅S: 591.25.

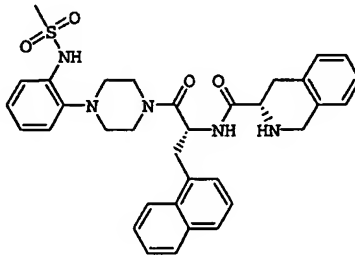
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Example 6

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(Methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxo-1-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 630 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 628 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₁H₃₄F₃N₅O₄S: 629.23.

Example 7

15

***N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(Methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-(naphthylmethyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

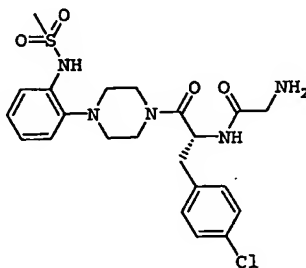
20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 612 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 610 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₄H₃₇N₅O₄S: 611.26.

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Examples 8-16

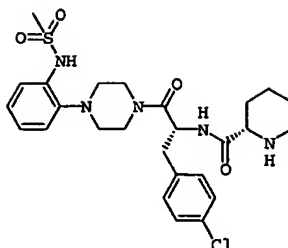
General Procedure: To 10 mL scintillation vials were added PS-carbodiimide resin (Argonaut Technologies) (1 mmol/g) (400 mg, 0.4 mmol) and the appropriate Boc protected amino acid (0.2 mmol). DMF (5 mL) was added followed by a stock solution of (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.1 mmol) (previously free-based) in DMF. The vials were shaken over night. The reactions were filtered and the resins were washed with a 2:1 mixture of CH₂Cl₂:DMF (2x2 mL). The solutions were concentrated *in vacuo* and the Boc groups were removed by dissolving the crude product in CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) and adding TFA (1 mL). The vials were shaken for 2 h and the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. Each compound was purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to yield the TFA salt of the desired product.

Example 8

N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-aminoacetamide

MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 494 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 492 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₂H₂₈ClN₅O₄S: 493.16.

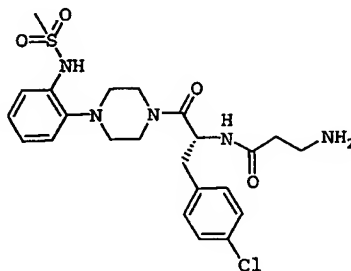
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Example 9

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-(2*S*)-2-piperidyl)carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 548 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 546 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{26}H_{34}ClN_5O_4S$: 547.20.

Example 10

15

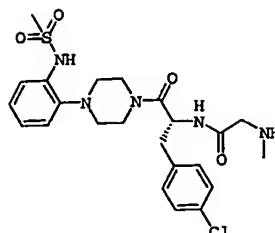
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-aminopropanamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 508 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 506 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{23}H_{30}ClN_5O_4S$: 507.17.

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Example 11

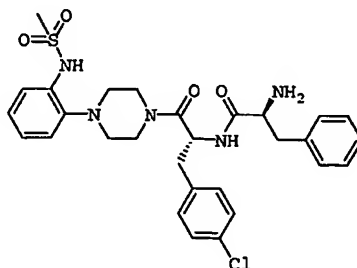


5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-(methylamino)acetamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 508 ($M+H$), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 506 ($M-H$). Calc'd for $C_{23}H_{30}ClN_5O_4S$: 507.17.

Example 12



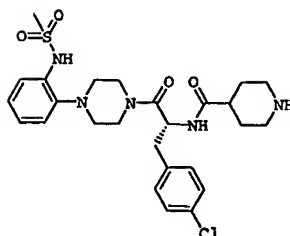
15

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](2*S*)-2-amino-3-phenylpropanamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 584 ($M+H$), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 582 ($M-H$). Calc'd for $C_{29}H_{34}ClN_5O_4S$: 583.20.

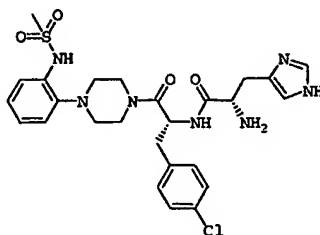
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Example 13

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-piperidylcarboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 548 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 546 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{26}H_{34}ClN_5O_4S$: 547.20.

Example 14

15

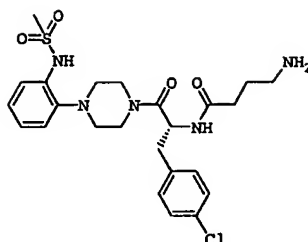
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](2*S*)-2-amino-3-imidazol-4-ylpropanamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 574 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 572 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{26}H_{32}ClN_7O_4S$: 573.19.

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Example 15

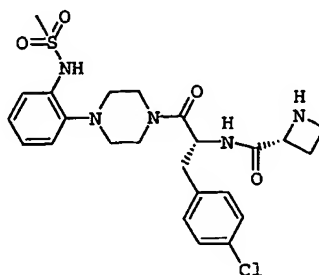


5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-aminobutanamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 522 ($M+H$), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 520 ($M-H$). Calc'd for $C_{24}H_{32}ClN_5O_4S$: 521.19.

Example 16



15

***((2R)Azetidin-2-yl)-N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 520 ($M+H$), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 518 ($M-H$). Calc'd for $C_{24}H_{30}ClN_5O_4S$: 519.17.

25

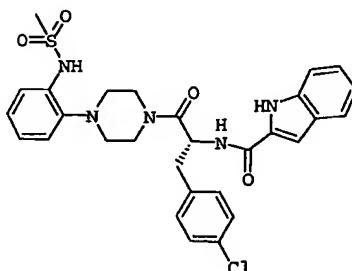
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Examples 17-18

General Procedure: To 10 mL scintillation vials were added tetrafluorophenol resin (TFP) (IRORI Inc.) (0.96 mmol/g)
5 (125 mg, 0.12 mmol) loaded with the appropriate acid and (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.1 mmol, previously free based) in DMF (2 mL). After shaking at RT for 16 h, the reactions were filtered and the
10 resin was washed with 2:1 CH₂Cl₂:DMF (2 x 2 mL). The solutions were concentrated *in vacuo* and each compound was purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer).

Example 17

15

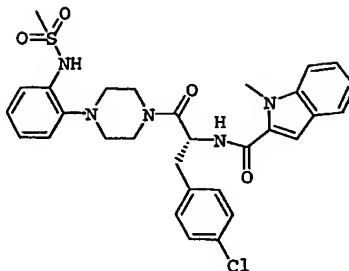


20

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]indol-2-ylcarboxamide**

MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 580 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 578 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₉H₃₀ClN₅O₄S: 579.17.

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Example 18

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](1-methylindol-2-yl)carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 594 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 592 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{30}H_{32}ClN_5O_4S$: 593.19.

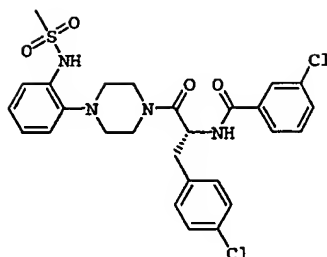
Examples 19-32

15 **General procedure:** To 10 mL scintillation vials were added PS-carbodiimide resin (Argonaut Technologies) (1 mmol/g) (400 mg, 0.4 mmol) and the appropriate acid (0.2 mmol) in DMF (2 mL). After shaking at RT for 0.5 h, a solution of (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.1 mmol, previously free-based) dissolved in 1:1 CH_2Cl_2 :DMF was added to each vial, and the vials were shaken for 48 h. PS-isocyanate resin (Argonaut Technologies) (1.76 mmol/g) (500 mg, 0.9 mmol) was added to each reaction vial, and shaking was continued for 48 h. The reactions were filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude products were purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer).

20

25

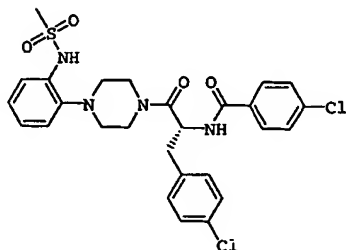
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Example 19

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](3-chlorophenyl)carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 575 ($M+H$), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 573 ($M-H$). Calc'd for $C_{27}H_{28}Cl_2N_4O_4S$: 574.12.

Example 20

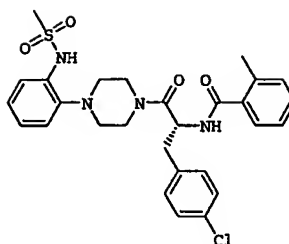
15

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](4-chlorophenyl)carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 575 ($M+H$), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 573 ($M-H$). Calc'd for $C_{27}H_{28}Cl_2N_4O_4S$: 574.12.

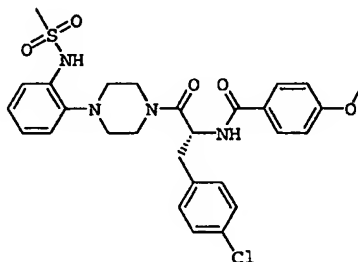
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Example 21

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](2-methylphenyl)carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 555 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 553 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{28}H_{31}ClN_4O_4S$: 554.18.

Example 22

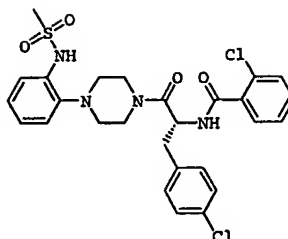
15

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](4-methoxyphenyl)carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 571 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 569 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{28}H_{31}ClN_4O_5S$: 570.17.

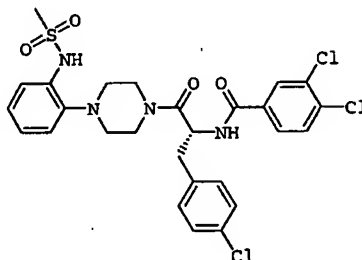
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Example 23

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](2-chlorophenyl)carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 575 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 573 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{27}H_{28}Cl_2N_4O_4S$: 574.12.

Example 24

15

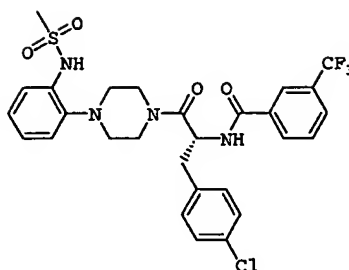
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](3,4-dichlorophenyl)carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 609 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 607 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{27}H_{27}Cl_3N_4O_4S$: 608.08.

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Example 25

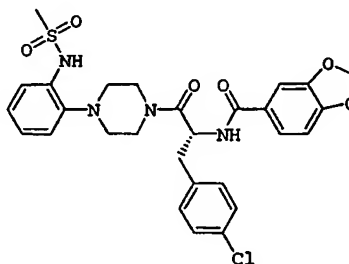


5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl][3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 609 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 607 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{28}H_{28}ClF_3N_4O_4S$: 608.15.

Example 26



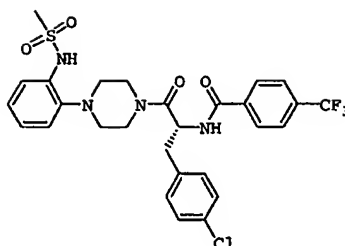
15

***2H*-Benzo[d][1,3-dioxolan-5-yl-*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 585 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 583 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{28}H_{29}ClN_4O_6S$: 584.15.

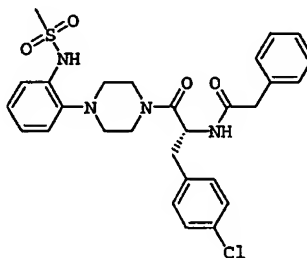
- 138 -

Example 27

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 609 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 607 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{28}H_{28}ClF_3N_4O_4S$: 608.15.

Example 28

15

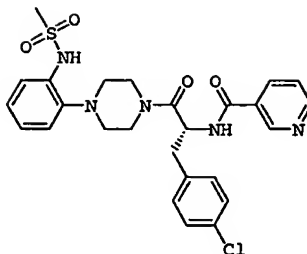
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-phenylacetamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 555 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 553 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{28}H_{31}ClN_4O_4S$: 554.15. Anal. Calcd for $C_{28}H_{31}ClN_4O_4S \cdot 1.5 H_2O$: C, 57.77; H, 5.89; N, 9.62. Found: C, 58.11; H, 6.18; N, 9.59.

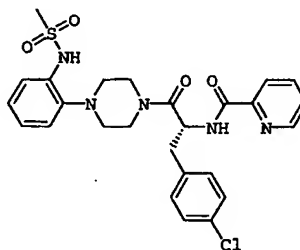
25

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Example 29

5 ***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-
pyridylcarboxamide**

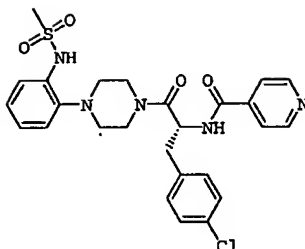
MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 542 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 540
10 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₆H₂₈ClN₅O₄S: 541.16.

Example 30

15 ***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-
pyridylcarboxamide**

20 MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 542 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 540
(M-H). Calc'd for C₂₆H₂₈ClN₅O₄S: 541.16.

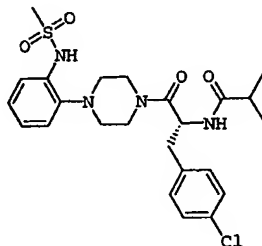
- 140 -

Example 31

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-pyridylcarboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 542 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 540 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{26}H_{28}ClN_5O_4S$: 541.16.

Example 32

15

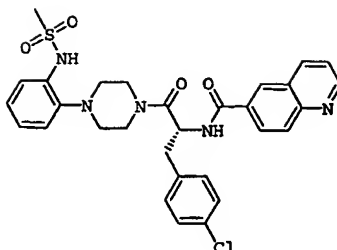
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-methylpropanamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 507 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 505 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{24}H_{31}ClN_4O_4S$: 506.18.

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Example 33



5

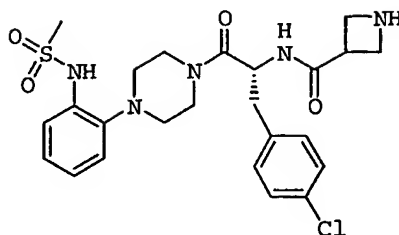
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-6-quinolylicarboxamide**

10 (2*R*)-2-Amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)propan-1-one, TFA salt (850 mg, 1.6 mmol) was diluted with EtOAc and washed with satd NaHCO₃ soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in
15 vacuo. This material was used to prepare the title compound according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using quinoline-6-carboxylic acid (240 mg, 1.40 mmol) (Acros), HOAT (190 mg, 1.40 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (810 mg, 2.7 mmol) and DMF (50
20 mL). The crude material was purified by flash chromatography, (SiO₂, 3% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) and concentrated in vacuo to provide 500 mg. The purified product was dissolved in H₂O with CH₃CN and AcOH, then lyophilized to yield the acetate salt. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 592 (M+H), (ESI, neg.
25 ion) *m/z*: 590 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₀H₃₀ClN₅O₄S: 591.17. Anal. Calcd for C₃₀H₃₀ClN₅O₄S-0.5C₂H₄O₂-0.5H₂O: C, 58.99; H, 5.27; N, 11.10; Cl, 5.62. Found C, 59.32; H, 5.23; N, 11.25; Cl, 5.89.

30

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Example 34



5 ***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide**

Step 1

10 Following the procedure of Preparation V, *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-carbamoyl}azetidinecarboxylate was prepared from (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-

15 aminolphenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (200 mg, 0.36 mmol) in DMF (1 mL), DIEA (Aldrich) (0.18 mL, 1.05 mmol), Boc-azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (PepTech Corp.) (73 mg, 0.36 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (41 mg, 0.30 mmol), and EDC (Sigma) (86 mg, 0.45 mmol). The crude was purified by flash column

20 chromatography (silica gel, 1:1 EtOAc-hexane) to give the protected compound as an off-white solid (88 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 620 (*M*+*H*); (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 618 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₂₉H₃₈ClN₅O₆S: 619.22.

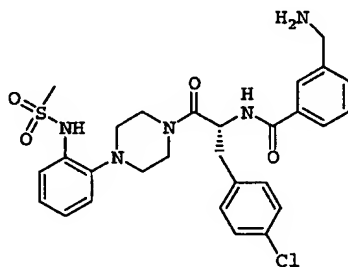
25 **Step 2**

Following the procedure of Preparation VI, *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-aminolphenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-

30 chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-

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amino]phenyl)piperaziny]-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl)-
 azetidinecarboxylate (Step 1) (88 mg, 0.14 mmol) and 1 mL of
 1:1 TFA-CH₂Cl₂. The crude product was purified by
 preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford the title compound
 5 (TFA salt) as a white solid (44 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*:
 520 (M+H). Calc'd for C₂₄H₃₀ClN₅O₄S: 519.17.

Example 35

10

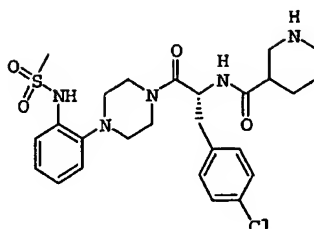
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
 [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperaziny]-2-oxoethyl}[3-
 (aminomethyl)phenyl]carboxamide**

15

The title compound was prepared according to the
 procedure described in Example 34 by using 3-Boc-
 aminomethyl-benzoic acid (Chem-Impex International Inc.) (91
 mg, 0.36 mmol). The title compound, TFA salt, was isolated
 20 as a white solid (133 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 570
 (M+H); (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 568 (M-H). Calc'd for
 C₂₈H₃₂ClN₅O₄S: 569.19.

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Example 36

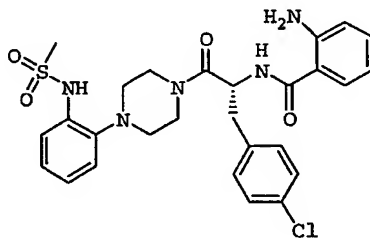


5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-piperidylcarboxamide**

10 The title compound was prepared according to the procedure described in Example 34 by using piperidine-1,3-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester (Aldrich) (82 mg, 0.36 mmol). The title compound as the TFA salt, was isolated as a white solid (83 mg) containing two diastereomers. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 548 (M+H); (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 546 (M-H).
15 Calc'd for C₂₆H₃₄ClN₅O₄S: 547.20.

Example 37



20

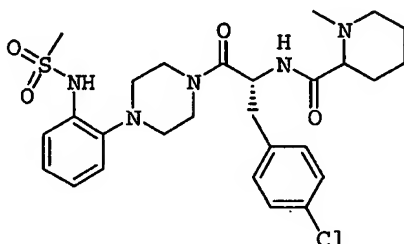
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(2-aminophenyl)carbamoyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-piperidylcarboxamide**

25

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The title compound was prepared according to the procedure described in Example 34 by using 2-tert-butoxycarbonylaminobenzoic acid (Advanced ChemTech) (85 mg, 0.36 mmol). The title compound, as the TFA salt, was isolated as a white solid (36 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 556 (M+H); (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 554 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{27}H_{30}ClN_5O_4S$: 555.17.

Example 38



***N* - [(1*R*) - 1 - [(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl] - 2 - (4 - {2 - [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl) - 2 - oxoethyl] (1-methyl(2-piperidyl))carboxamide**

Step 1

tert-Butyl 2-{*N* - [(1*R*) - 1 - [(4-chlorophenyl)methyl] - 2 - (4 - {2 - [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl) - 2 - oxoethyl]carbonyl}piperidinecarboxylate was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation V by using piperidine-1,2-dicarboxylic acid 1-tert-butyl ester (Aldrich) (82 mg, 0.36 mmol) and (2*R*) - 2-Amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl) - 1 - (4 - {2 - [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one. The desired compound was isolated as a white solid (106 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 648 (M+H); (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 646 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{31}H_{42}ClN_5O_6S$: 647.25.

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Step 2

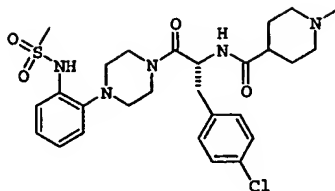
N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-piperidylcarboxamide, trifluoroacetate was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation VI by using *tert*-butyl 2-{*N*[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}piperidinecarboxylate (Step 1). The crude material was used directly in the next step without further purification. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 548 (M+H); (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 546 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₆H₃₄ClN₅O₄S: 547.20.

Step 3

To a round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added *N*[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-piperidylcarboxamide, trifluoroacetate (Step 2) (0.16 mmol), ClCH₂CH₂Cl (1 mL) and DIEA (Aldrich) (0.06 mL, 0.32 mmol). Formaldehyde (Aldrich, 37% aqueous soln) (0.03 mL, 0.33 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture, followed by NaBH(OAc)₃ (Aldrich Chemical Company) (52 mg, 0.25 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at RT 18 h. The mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂, and the organic solution was washed with satd NaHCO₃ and brine. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (silica gel, 5:95 MeOH-CH₂Cl₂) to give *N*[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-(1-methyl(2-piperidyl))carboxamide as a white solid, (71 mg) (two diastereomers). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 562 (M+H); (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 560 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₇H₃₆ClN₅O₄S: 561.22.

35

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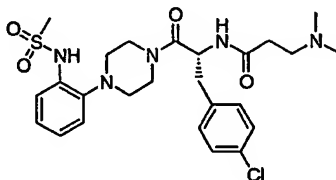
Example 39

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](1-methyl(4-piperidyl))carboxamide**

10 The title compound was prepared according to the procedure of Example 38 by using piperidine-1,4-dicarboxylic acid mono-*tert*-butyl ester (Aldrich) (82 mg, 0.36 mmol). The title compound was isolated as a white solid (63 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 562 (M+H); (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 560 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₇H₃₆ClN₅O₄S: 561.22.

15

Example 40

20

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(dimethylamino)propanamide**

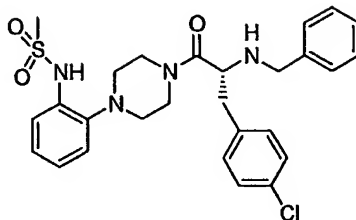
25 The title compound was prepared according to the procedure of Example 40 by using 3-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-aminopropionic acid (Novabiochem). The title compound was isolated as a white solid. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 536

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(M+H); (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 534 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{25}H_{34}ClN_5O_4S$: 535.20.

Example 41

5



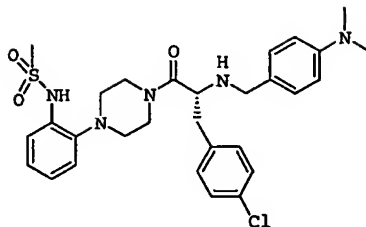
10

(2R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-
[benzylamino]propan-1-one

Following the procedure of Example 38, Step 3, (2R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)-2-[benzylamino]propan-1-one, hydrochloride was prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.6 g, 1.1 mmol) in $ClCH_2Cl_2Cl$ (10 mL), benzaldehyde (Aldrich) (0.14 mL, 1.4 mmol) and $NaBH(OAc)_3$ (Aldrich) (340 mg, 1.9 mmol). The desired compound was purified by preparative TLC (60% Hexane, 38% CH_2Cl_2 , and 2% 2N NH_3 in MeOH), and treated with a soln of EtOAc satd with HCl. A precipitate formed (HCl salt), was filtered and dried in vacuo to afford the desired product as a white solid (130 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 527 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 525 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{27}H_{31}ClN_4O_3S$: 526.18. Anal. Calcd for $C_{27}H_{31}ClN_4O_3S \cdot 1.1 HCl \cdot 0.9H_2O$: C, 55.59; H, 5.86; N, 9.60; Cl, 12.76. Found: C, 55.91; H, 5.61; N, 9.33; Cl, 12.92.

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Example 42

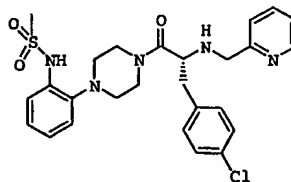


5 (2R)-2-((4-(Dimethylamino)phenyl)methyl)amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-(2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)-phenyl)piperazinyl)propan-1-one

Following the procedure of Example 38, Step 3, (2R)-2-
 10 ((4-(dimethylamino)phenyl)methyl)amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-(2-((methylsulfonyl)amino)-phenyl)piperazinyl)propan-1-one was prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-(2-((methylsulfonyl) amino)phenyl) piperazinyl)propan-1-one
 TFA salt (0.6 g, 1.1 mmol) in $\text{ClCH}_2\text{Cl}_2\text{Cl}$ (10 mL), 4-
 15 dimethylamino-benzaldehyde (Aldrich) (170 mg, 1.1 mmol) and $\text{NaBH}(\text{OAc})_3$ (Aldrich) (340 mg, 1.6 mmol). The desired compound was purified by preparative TLC (60% Hexane, 38% CH_2Cl_2 , and 2% 2N NH_3 in MeOH), and treated with a soln of EtOAc satd with HCl. The precipitate (HCl salt) which formed
 20 was filtered and dried *in vacuo* to afford the desired product as a white solid (75 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 570 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 568 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{36}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_3\text{S}$: 569.22.

25

Example 43



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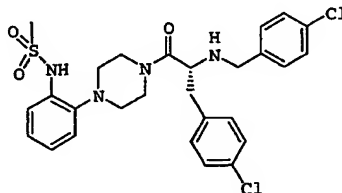
(2R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-[(2-
pyridylmethyl)amino]propan-1-one

5

Following the procedure of Example 38, Step 3, (2R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-[(2-pyridylmethyl)amino]-propan-1-one was prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-
10 [(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.6 g, 1.1 mmol) in ClCH₂Cl₂Cl (10 mL), 2-pyridine carboxaldehyde (Aldrich) (0.1 mL, 1.1 mmol) and NaBH(OAc)₃ (Aldrich) (340 mg, 1.6 mmol). The desired compound was purified by preparative TLC (60% Hexane, 38% CH₂Cl₂, and 2%
15 2N NH₃ in MeOH), and treated with a soln of EtOAc satd with HCl. The precipitate (HCl salt) which formed was filtered and dried in vacuo to afford the desired product as a white solid (102 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 528 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z: 526 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₆H₃₀ClN₅O₃S: 527.18.
20 Anal. Calcd for C₂₆H₃₀ClN₅O₃S•1.8H₂O•2.6 HCl: C, 47.66; H, 5.57; N, 10.69; Cl, 19.48. Found: C, 47.59; H, 5.62; N, 10.4; Cl, 19.47.

Example 44

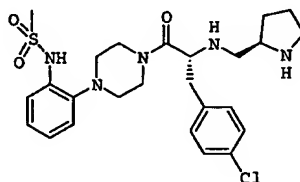
25



(2R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino]-
1-(4-{2-[(methyl sulfonyl) amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-
30 1-one

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Following the procedure of Example 38, Step 3, (2R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[[[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl] amino]-1-(4-{2-[(methyl sulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)propan-1-one was prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.6 g, 1.1 mmol) in ClCH₂Cl₂Cl (10 mL), 4-chlorobenzaldehyde (Aldrich) (270 mg, 1.40 mmol) and NaBH(OAc)₃ (Aldrich) (340 mg, 1.9 mmol). The desired compound was purified by preparative TLC (60% Hexane, 38% CH₂Cl₂, and 2% 2N NH₃ in MeOH), and treated with a soln of EtOAc satd with HCl. A precipitate formed (HCl salt), was filtered and dried in vacuo to afford the desired product as a white solid (80 mg, 12%). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 561 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z: 559 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₇H₃₀Cl₂N₄O₃S: 560.14.

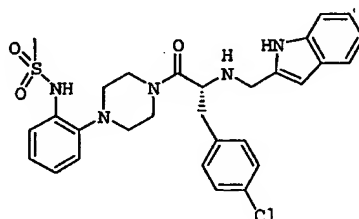
Example 45

(2R)-2-[[[(2R)-Pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl]amino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methyl sulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)propan-1-one

Following the procedure of Example 38, Step 3, (2R)-2-[[[(2R)-pyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl]amino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)propan-1-one was prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.6 g, 1.1 mmol) in ClCH₂Cl₂Cl (10 mL), N-Boc-L-prolinal (Aldrich) (280 mg, 1.4 mmol), and NaBH(OAc)₃

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(Aldrich) (340 mg, 1.9 mmol). The desired compound (TFA salt) was purified by preparative TLC (60% Hexane, 38% CH₂Cl₂ and 2% 2N NH₃ in MeOH), followed by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) yielding a white solid (14.8 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 520 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 518 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₅H₃₄ClN₅O₃S: 519.21.

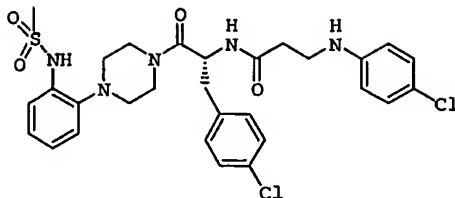
Example 46

(2R)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-[(indol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one

Following the procedure of Example 38, Step 3, (2R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[(indol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one was prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.5 g, 0.91 mmol) in ClCH₂Cl₂Cl (10 mL), indole-3-carboxaldehyde (Aldrich) (150 mg, 0.930 mmol) and NaBH(OAc)₃ (Aldrich) (280 mg, 1.30 mmol). The desired compound was purified by preparative TLC (60% hexane, 38% CH₂Cl₂ and 2% 2N NH₃ in MeOH), followed by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford the TFA salt as a white solid (10.8 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 566 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 564 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₉H₃₂ClN₅O₃S: 565.19.

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Example 47

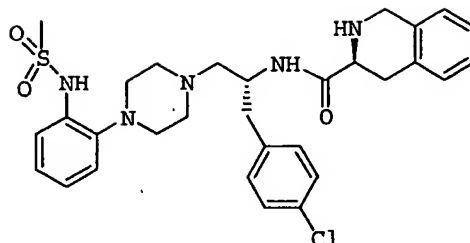


5 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
 [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl] -3-
 [(4-chlorophenyl)amino] propanamide

Following the procedure of Preparation V, *N*-[(1*R*)-1-
 10 [(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-
 amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-[(4-
 chlorophenyl)amino]propanamide was prepared from (2*R*)-2-
 amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-
 15 amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (200 mg, 0.36
 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL), DIEA (0.12 mL, 0.66 mmol), 3-(4-
 chloroanilino)-propionic acid (Maybridge) (66 mg, 0.33
 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (53 mg, 0.39 mmol) and EDC (Aldrich)
 (130 mg, 0.66 mmol). The desired compound was purified by
 preparative TLC (60% hexane, 38% CH₂Cl₂, and 2% 2*N* NH₃ in
 20 MeOH), followed by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford
 the desired compound (TFA salt) as a white solid (9.8 mg).
 MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 618 (*M*+*H*); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*:
 616 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₂₉H₃₃Cl₂N₅O₄S: 617.16.

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Example 48



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N-[(1R)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl](3S)-
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)carboxamide

10 Step 1

To a round-bottomed flask equipped with stirring was added (2R)-{1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-[4-(2-methylsulfonyl-aminophenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-ethyl}-carbamic acid tert-butyl ester (3.0 g, 5.59 mmol) and THF (6 mL). AlH_3 (prepared according to the method of H. C. Brown and N.M. Yoon, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 1968, 90, 2927) (28 mL, 27 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture drop-wise, and the reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. The organic layer was washed with satd aqueous NaHCO_3 soln, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was treated with a soln of EtOAc satd with HCl. The precipitate was filtered and dried in vacuo to afford (2-{4-[(2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propyl]piperazinyl}phenyl) (methylsulfonyl)-amine hydrochloride (HCl salt) as a white solid (2.8 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 423 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 421 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{27}\text{ClN}_4\text{O}_2\text{S}$: 422.15.

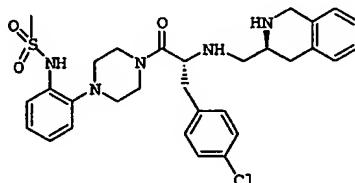
Step 2

Following the procedure of Preparation V, N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)

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amino]phenyl)piperaziny]ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoly))carboxamide was prepared from (2-{4-[(2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propyl]-piperaziny]phenyl}(methylsulfonyl)amine hydrochloride (Step 1) (600 mg, 1.3 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL), DIEA (0.30 mL, 1.5 mmol), Boc-L-Tic-OH (Bachem) (390 mg, 1.4 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (230 mg, 1.70 mmol), and EDC (Aldrich) (540 mg, 2.8 mmol). The desired compound was purified by preparative TLC (60% hexane, 38% CH₂Cl₂, and 2% 2*N* NH₃ in MeOH), followed by preparative HPLC to afford the TFA salt as a white solid (35 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 582 (*M*+*H*); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 580 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₃₀H₃₆ClN₅O₃S: 581.22.

Example 49

(2*R*)-2-[[[(3*S*)(3-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydroisoquinoly))methyl]-amino]-3-(4-chloro phenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)piperaziny]propan-1-one

Step 1

To a round-bottomed flask equipped with stirring was added Boc-L-Tic-OH (Bachem) (1 g, 3.6 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL), followed by TEA (0.5 mL, 3.6 mmol) and *N,O*-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0°C, EDC (690 mg, 3.6 mmol) and HOBT (550 mg, 3.6 mmol) were added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 1 h then at RT for 18h. The organic layer was washed with 0.5*N* HCl, satd NaHCO₃, and brine. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in

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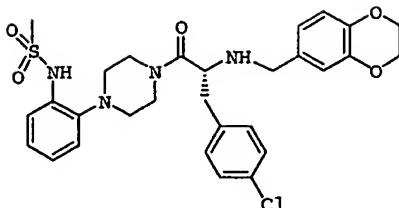
vacuo to afford a colorless oil. Into a round bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring, was added the oil dissolved in Et₂O (15 mL), and the flask was cooled to -78 °C. LiAlH₄ (1M in Et₂O, Aldrich) (3.2 mL, 3.2 mmol) was
5 added, and after 30 min the reaction was warmed to RT. The organic layer was washed with 0.5N HCl, satd NaHCO₃, and brine. After drying the organic layer over Na₂SO₄, it was filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford (3S)-N-Boc-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carbaldehyde as a colorless
10 oil (588 mg).

Step 2

Following the procedure of Example 38, Step 3, (2R)-2-
{[[(3S) (3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))methyl]-amino]-3-
15 (4-chloro phenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-amino]phenyl}-
piperazinyl)propan-1-one was prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}
piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.52 g, 0.94 mmol) in ClCH₂CH₂Cl (10 mL), (3S)-N-Boc-1,2,3,4-
20 tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carbaldehyde (310 mg, 1.2 mmol),
and NaBH(OAc)₃ (Aldrich) (350 mg, 1.70 mmol). The desired compound was purified by preparative TLC (60% hexane, 38% CH₂Cl₂, and 2% 2N NH₃ in MeOH), followed by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford the desired material (TFA salt) as a
25 white solid (59 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 582 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z: 580 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₀H₃₆ClN₅O₃S: 581.22.

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Example 50



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(2R)-2-[(2H,3H-benzo[3,4-e]1,4-dioxin-6-ylmethyl)amino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)propan-1-one

10 Following the procedure of Example 38, Step 3, (2R)-2-[(2H,3H-benzo[3,4-e]1,4-dioxin-6-ylmethyl)-amino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)propan-1-one was prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-

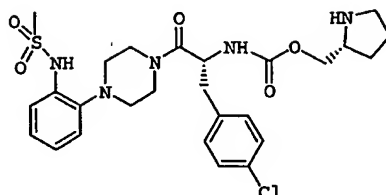
15 [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (0.6 g, 1.1 mmol) in ClCH₂CH₂Cl (10 mL), 1,4-benzodioxan-6-carboxaldehyde (Aldrich) (184 mg, 1.12 mmol) and NaBH(OAc)₃ (Aldrich) (340 mg, 1.6 mmol). The desired compound was purified by preparative TLC (60% Hexane, 38%

20 CH₂Cl₂, and 2% 2N NH₃ in MeOH), and treated with a soln of EtOAc satd with HCl. The precipitate which formed was filtered and dried in vacuo to afford the title compound (HCl salt) as a white solid (330 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 585 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z: 583 (M-H). Calc'd

25 for C₂₉H₃₃ClN₄O₅S: 584.19. Anal. Calcd for C₂₉H₃₃ClN₄O₅S•HCl: C, 56.04; H, 5.51; N, 9.01; Cl, 11.41. Found: C, 55.57 (+/- 0.46); H, 5.45; N, 8.99; Cl, 11.25.

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Example 51

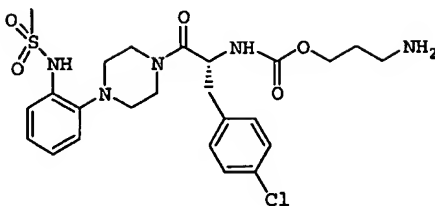


5 ***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
 [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]
 [((2*R*)pyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy]carboxamide**

To a round-bottomed flask equipped with stirring was
 10 added Boc-D-prolinol (Aldrich) (46 mg, 0.23 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂
 (1 mL), and the reaction flask was cooled to -23°C. A soln
 of triphosgene (Avocado) (30 mg, 0.1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.5 mL)
 was added drop-wise followed by DIEA (0.040 mL, 0.230 mmol).
 The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 4 h, at RT for
 15 16 h, and then at reflux for 1.5 h. The reaction mixture
 was concentrated *in vacuo*. This was then stirred with (2*R*)-
 2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-
 [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA
 salt (200 mg, 0.36 mmol) and DIEA (0.34 mL, 2.0 mmol) in
 20 CH₂Cl₂ (1.5 mL) for 18 h. The organic layer was washed with
 10% citric acid, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and
 concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow oil. The Boc
 protecting group was removed by treating the compound with a
 soln of 50% TFA in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) for 2 h. The desired
 25 compound was purified by preparative TLC (60% hexane, 38%
 CH₂Cl₂, and 2% 2*N* NH₃ in MeOH), followed by preparative HPLC
 to afford the TFA salt as a white solid (10 mg). MS (ESI,
 pos. ion) *m/z*: 564 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 562 (M-H).
 Calc'd for C₂₆H₃₄ClN₅O₅S: 563.20.

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Example 52

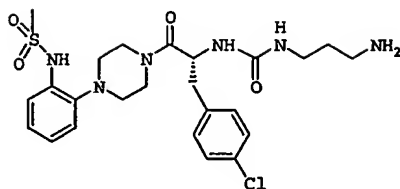
5 ***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
 10 [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl] (3-
 aminopropoxy)carboxamide**

Following the procedure of Example 51, *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-
 10 chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-amino]
 phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl] (3-aminopropoxy)
 carboxamide, was prepared from *N*-(3-hydroxypropyl)-carbamic
 acid *tert*-butyl ester (Aldrich) (40 mg, 0.230 mmol),
 triphosgene (Avocado) (30 mg, 0.1 mmol), DIEA (0.040 mL,
 15 0.230 mmol), (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-
 [(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA
 salt (200 mg, 0.36 mmol), and more DIEA (0.34 mL, 2.0 mmol).
 The Boc protecting group was removed by treating with a soln
 of 50% TFA in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) for 2 h. The crude product was
 20 purified by preparative TLC (60% hexane, 38% CH₂Cl₂ and 2% 2*N*
 NH₃ in MeOH) and then by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to
 afford the title compound (TFA salt) as a white solid (10
 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 538 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion)
m/z: 536 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₄H₃₂ClN₅O₅S: 537.18.

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Example 53



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***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl][(3-aminopropyl)amino]carboxamide**

10 Following the procedure of Example 51, *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl][(3-aminopropyl)amino]carboxamide, TFA salt was prepared from triphosgene (Avocado Chemical Company) (45 mg, 0.152 mmol),

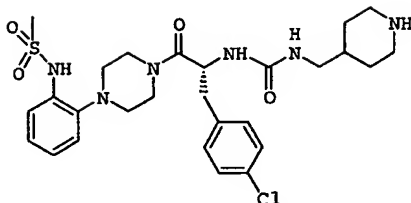
15 (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino] phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (200 mg, 0.36 mmol), DIEA (0.32 mL, 0.916 mmol), and *tert*-butyl-*N*-(3-aminopropyl)carbamate (Aldrich Chemical Company) (96 mg, 0.55 mmol). The Boc protecting group was

20 removed by treating the compound with a soln of 50% TFA and CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) for 2 h. The organic solvent was removed *in vacuo* to give the desired product. Preparative TLC purification with 60% Hexane, 35% CH₂Cl₂ and 5% 2*N* NH₃ in MeOH afforded 90% pure compound. This was further purified

25 by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford the title compound (TFA salt) as a white solid (10 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 537 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 535 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₄H₃₃ClN₅O₄S: 536.20.

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Example 54



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***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl][(4-piperidylmethyl)amino]carboxamide**

10 Following the procedure of Example 51, *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl][(4-piperidyl-methyl)amino]-carboxamide, was prepared from triphosgene (Avocado Chemical Company) (45 mg, 0.152 mmol), (2*R*)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one TFA salt (200 mg, 0.36 mmol), DIEA (0.32 mL, 0.916 mmol), and 4-(aminomethyl)-1-BOC-piperidine (Aldrich Chemical Company) (118 mg, 0.55 mmol). The Boc protecting group was removed

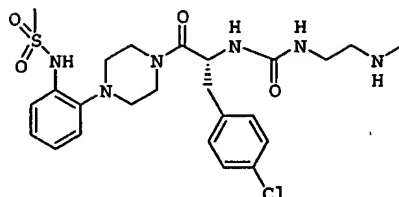
15 by treating the compound with a soln of 50% TFA and CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) for 2 h. The organic solvent was removed in vacuo to give the desired product. Preparative TLC purification with 60% Hexane, 35% CH₂Cl₂ and 5% 2*N* NH₃ in MeOH afforded 90% pure compound. This was further purified by preparative

20 HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford the title compound (TFA salt) as a white solid (10 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 577 (*M*+*H*); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 575 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₂₇H₃₇ClN₆O₄S: 576.23.

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Example 55



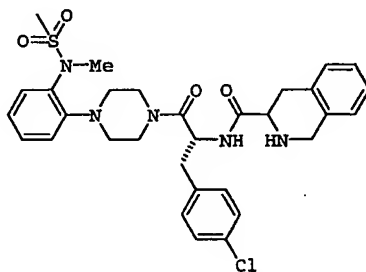
5 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
 [(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]{2-
 (methylamino)ethyl}amino)carboxamide

Following the procedure of Example 51, *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-
 10 chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-
 amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]{2-
 (methylamino)ethyl}amino)carboxamide was prepared from
 triphosgene (Avocado Chemical Company) (45 mg, 0.152 mmol),
N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]-2-(4-{2-

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[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-{[2-(methylamino)ethyl]-amino}carboxamide (200 mg, 0.36 mmol), DIEA (0.32 mL, 0.916 mmol), *N*-Boc-*N*-methylethylenediamine (Astatech Inc.) (96 mg, 0.55 mmol). The Boc protecting group was removed by treating compound with a soln of 50% TFA and CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) for 2 h. The organic solvent was removed *in vacuo* to give the desired product. Preparative TLC purification with 60% Hexane, 35% CH₂Cl₂ and 5% 2N NH₃ in MeOH afforded 90% pure compound. This was further purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford the title compound (TFA salt) as a white solid (10 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 537 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 535 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₄H₂₆N₆O₄ClS: 536.

15

Example 56

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3,1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl]carboxamide**

Step 1

In a 100 mL round bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added tert-butyl 4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)-amino]phenyl}-piperazinecarboxylate (Preparation III) (692 mg, 1.947 mmol) and DMF (5 mL). After stirring 5 min, NaH (60% oil dispersion) (100 mg, 2.5 mmol) (Aldrich) in DMF (10 mL) was added. The reaction was stirred 20 min, then

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iodomethane (190 μ l, 3.05 mmol) (Aldrich) was added via syringe. After stirring 2.5 h, the reaction was diluted with 150 mL EtOAc and washed 75 mL each, satd NH_4Cl , H_2O , 10% NaHCO_3 and brine. The organic layer was separated, 5 dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give *tert*-butyl 4-{2-[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazine-carboxylate (700 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 370 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 368 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4\text{S}$: 369.48.

10

Step 2

tert-Butyl 4-{2-[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinecarboxylate (Step 1) (700 mg, 1.9 mmol) was stirred with 25 mL of HCl satd EtOAc. The resulting crude 15 material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with a satd NaHCO_3 soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. This material was treated with DIEA (400 μ l, 2.295 mmol), Boc-p-Cl-D-Phe-OH (672 mg, 2.241 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-20 ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (1.25 g, 4.206 mmol), HOAT (345 mg, 2.535 mmol), and DMF (15 mL) according to the procedure for preparation XIX. The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 1.5:1 hexane:EtOAc) to yield *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[methyl-(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-(*tert*-25 butoxy)carboxamide (327 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 551 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 549 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{35}\text{ClN}_4\text{O}_5\text{S}$: 551.10.

30 **Step 3**

N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[methyl-(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]--(tert-butoxy)carboxamide (Step 2) (327 mg, 0.593 mmol) was stirred with 25 mL of HCl satd EtOAc. The resulting crude

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material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with a satd NaHCO₃ soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. This material was treated with DIEA (115 μ l, 0.660 mmol), Boc-L-Tic-OH
5 (167 mg, 0.602 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (500 mg, 1.68 mmol), and HOAT (99 mg, 0.727 mmol) according to the procedure for preparation XIX. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 10% EtOAc in CH₂Cl₂) and concentrated
10 *in vacuo* to yield tert-butyl 3-{N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (219 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 710 (M+H),
15 (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 708 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₆H₄₄ClN₅O₆S: 710.28.

Step 4

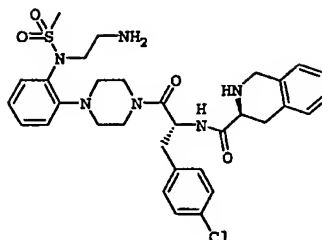
N-[(1R)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-
20 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolylcarboxamide was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation XVI tert-butyl 3-{N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (220 mg, 0.310 mmol). The crude material was purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford N-[(1R)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolylcarboxamide as the
30 TFA salt (20 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 610 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 608 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₁H₃₆ClN₅O₄S 609.
Anal. Calcd for C₃₁H₃₆ClN₅O₄S-C₂HF₃O₂-2H₂O: C, 52.14; H, 5.44;

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Cl, 4.66; F, 7.50; N, 9.21; O, 16.84; S, 4.22. Found C, 52.51; H, 5.10; N, 8.85.

Example 57

5



N-[(1R)-2-(4-{2-[(2-Aminoethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]-phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)((3S)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide

Step 1

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Example 38, Step 3, (without DIEA), *tert*-butyl 3-[N-((1R)-2-{4-[2-((*tert*-butoxy)carbonylamino)ethyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)-carbamoyl] (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-(N-((1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (633 mg, 1.024 mmol), (Preparation IX) *tert*-butyl-*N*-(2-oxoethyl)-carbamate (179 mg, 1.126 mmol) (Aldrich) and NaBH(OAc)₃ (330 mg, 1.557 mmol) (Aldrich). The compound was purified by flash chromatography, (SiO₂, 2:1 hexane:EtOAc) and concentrated *in vacuo* yielding (578 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 761 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 759 (M-H). Calc'd for C₄₁H₅₃ClN₆O₆: 761.35. Anal. Calc'd for C₄₁H₅₃ClN₆O₆-0.5C₄H₈O₂-0.5H₂O: C, 63.42; H, 7.18; N, 10.32; Cl, 4.35. Found C, 62.96; H, 7.14; N, 10.26; Cl, 4.06.

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Step 2

tert-Butyl 3-[N-((1R)-2-{4-[2-({2-[(tert-butoxy) carbonylamino]ethyl}(methylsulfonyl)amino)phenyl] piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)-carbamoyl](3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation III using tert-butyl 3-[N-((1R)-2-{4-[2-({2-[(tert-butoxy) carbonylamino]ethyl}amino)phenyl] piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl) carbamoyl](3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 1) (370 mg, 0.45 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (41 μ l, 0.530 mmol), pyridine (40 μ l, 0.495 mmol), DMAP (cat.), and ClCH₂CH₂Cl (15 mL). The crude material was purified by flash chromatography, (SiO₂, 1:1 hexane:EtOAc) to afford the desired material (155 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 839 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 837 (M-H). Calc'd for C₄₂H₅₅ClN₆O₈S: 839.44.

Step 3

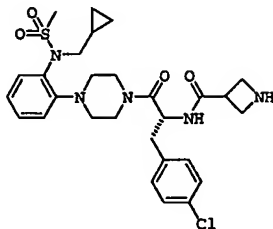
tert-Butyl 3-[N-((1R)-2-{4-[2-({2-[(tert-butoxy) carbonylamino]ethyl}(methylsulfonyl)amino)phenyl] piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)-carbamoyl](3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 2) (150 mg, 0.179 mmol) was treated with 30% TFA in CH₂Cl₂, for 1.5 h, in a 50 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring. The reaction was concentrated in vacuo and purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford N-[(1R)-2-(4-{2-[(2-aminoethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)((3S)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide as the TFA salt (35 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 639 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 637 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₂H₃₉ClN₅O₄S: 638.24. Anal. Calcd for

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$C_{32}H_{39}ClN_6O_4S \cdot 2 C_2HF_3O_2 \cdot H_2O$: C, 48.84; H, 4.90; N, 9.49; Cl, 4.00. Found C, 48.52; H, 4.77; N, 9.36; Cl, 4.13.

Example 58

5



***N*-[(1*S*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide**

Step 1

tert-Butyl 4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)aminophenyl}piperazinecarboxylate was prepared according to the procedure for Example 56, Step 1, using *tert*-butyl 4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinecarboxylate (393 mg, 1.11 mmol), NaH (65 mg, 1.625 mmol), cyclopropylmethyl bromide (140 μ l, 1.44 mmol) (Aldrich), and DMF (15 mL). The product was isolated in a quantitative yield (458 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 410 ($M+H$), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 408 ($M-H$). Calc'd for $C_{20}H_{31}N_3O_4S$: 409.54.

Step 2

tert-Butyl 4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)aminophenyl}piperazinecarboxylate (450 mg, 1.099 mmol) was treated with satd HCl in EtOAc as described in Preparation XVI. The resulting crude material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with 10% Na_2CO_3 soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in *vacuo*. This material was used to prepare *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-

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chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}
piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](tert-butoxy)carboxamide according
to the procedure for Preparation XIX using p-Cl-D-Phe-OH
5 (301 mg, 1.0 mmol), HOAT (130 mg, 0.955 mmol), 1-(3-
dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (595 mg,
2.00 mmol) and DMF (10 mL). The compound was concentrated
in vacuo to yield 581 mg. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 591
(M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 589 (M-H). Calc'd for
10 $C_{29}H_{39}ClN_4O_5S$: 591.16.

Step 3

(2R)-2-Amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl
15)propan-1-one was prepared according to the procedure for
Preparation XVI using *N*-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-
(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)-(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-
piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](tert-butoxy)carboxamide (Step 2)
(560 mg, 0.95 mmol). The resulting crude material was
20 diluted with EtOAc and washed with satd $NaHCO_3$ soln. The
organic layer was separated, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and
concentrated in vacuo to afford 449 mg. MS (ESI, pos. ion)
 m/z : 491 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 489 (M-H). Calc'd for
 $C_{24}H_{31}ClN_4O_3S$: 491.05.

25

Step 4

tert-Butyl 3-{*N*-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-
piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}-azetidine-carboxylate was
30 prepared from (2R)-2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)-
(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)propan-1-one (Step
3) (220 mg, 0.46 mmol), according to the procedure for
Preparation XIX using Boc-azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (100

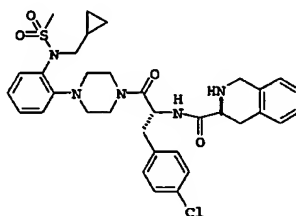
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mg, 0.50 mmol) (Peptech), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (275 mg, 0.925 mmol), HOAT (64 mg, 0.470 mmol), and DMF (7 mL). The compound was isolated (294 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 674 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 672 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{33}H_{44}ClN_5O_6S$: 674.25.

Step 5

N-[(1*S*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}azetidine carboxylate (250 mg, 0.371 mmol) according to the procedure for Preparation XVI. The product was purified using preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) (3 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 574 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 572 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{28}H_{36}ClN_5O_4S$: 573.

20

Example 59

N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide

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Step 1

tert-Butyl 3-{N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}
5 piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}(3S)-1,2,3,4-
tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from (2R)-
2-amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-
piperazinyl)propan-1-one (Example 58, Step 3) (224 mg, 0.457
10 mmol), according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using
Boc-L-Tic-OH (135 mg, 0.487 mmol), 1-(3-
dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (285 mg,
0.959 mmol), HOAT (68 mg, 0.50 mmol), and DMF (7 mL). The
compound was isolated (339 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 750
15 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 748 (M-H). Calc'd for
 $C_{39}H_{48}ClN_5O_6S$: 750.35.

Step 2

N-[(1R)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
20 [(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl
) -2-oxoethyl](3S)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-
isoquinolyl)carboxamide was prepared from tert-butyl 3-{N-
[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]-
25 phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}(3S)-1,2,3,4-
tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 1) (315 mg, 0.420
mmol) according to the procedure for Preparation XVI. The
crude was concentrated in vacuo, purified by preparative
HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford the desired product as the TFA
30 salt (120 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 650 (M+H), (ESI,
neg. ion) m/z : 648 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{34}H_{40}ClN_5O_4S$: 649.
Anal. Calcd for $C_{34}H_{40}ClN_5O_4S \cdot 2 C_2HF_3O_2$: C, 51.97; H, 4.82; N,
7.97; Cl, 4.04. Found C, 52.05; H, 4.99; N, 8.04; Cl, 3.84.

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Examples 60-61 General Procedure**Step 1**

tert-Butyl 4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-
5 piperazinecarboxylate (Preparation XII) (650 mg, 1.1
mmol) was treated according to the procedure for *tert*-butyl
4-{2-[methyl-(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-
piperazinecarboxylate (Example 56, Step 1) with NaH (88 mg,
2.2 mmol) in DMF. This solution was divided evenly into two
10 10 mL scintillation vials equipped with magnetic stirring.
To one vial was added 1-iodo-2-methylpropane (77 mg, 0.418
mmol) (Aldrich) for Example 60, and to the other vial was
added 2-(bromoethyl)-benzene (79 mg, 0.427 mmol) (Aldrich)
for Example 61. The reaction mixtures were stirred 24 h.
15 The reaction mixtures were diluted with EtOAc, washed with
10% NaHCO₃, H₂O and brine. The organic layers were dried
over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*, in
scintillation vials.

Step 2

To each vial was added CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) followed by TFA (2 mL).
The mixtures were stirred 1.5 h, and the reaction mixtures
were concentrated *in vacuo*. To each vial was added CH₂Cl₂
(5 mL) and MP-carbonate resin (300 mg, 3.23 mmol/g, 0.97
25 mmol, Argonaut). The reaction mixtures were stirred 4 h.

Step 3

The samples from Step 2 were filtered into the vials
containing PS-carbodiimide resin (700 mg, 1 mmol/g, 0.70
30 mmol, Argonaut) and p-Cl-D-Phe-OH (150 mg, 0.5 mmol) and the
reaction mixtures were stirred for 60 h. To each vial was
added PS-isocyanate resin (300 mg, 1.76 mmol/g, 0.53 mmol,
Argonaut), and the reaction mixtures were stirred for 24 h.

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The reactions were filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* into new scintillation vials.

Step 4

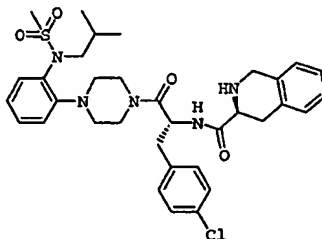
- 5 The reaction mixtures from Step 3 were treated according to the procedure for Step 2.

Step 5

- The samples from step (4) were filtered into the vials
 10 containing PS-carbodiimide resin (800 mg, 1 mmol/g, 0.80 mmol, Argonaut) and Boc-L-Tic-OH (100 mg, 360 mmol, Bachem) and the reaction mixtures were stirred for 48 h. To each vial was added PS-isocyanate resin (300 mg, 1.76 mmol/g, 0.53 mmol, Argonaut) and stirring was continued for 48 h. The
 15 reaction mixtures were filtered, concentrated *in vacuo*, and treated with CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) followed by TFA (2 mL). After stirring 1.5 h, the reaction mixtures were concentrated *in vacuo* and purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to yield the TFA salts of the desired products.

20

Example 60

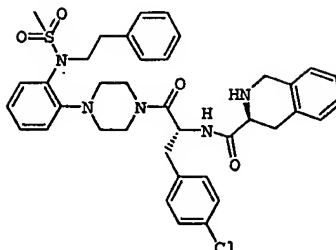


- 25 ***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(2-methylpropyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl) carboxamide**

- MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 652 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 650
 30 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₄H₄₂ClN₅O₄S: 651.

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Example 61



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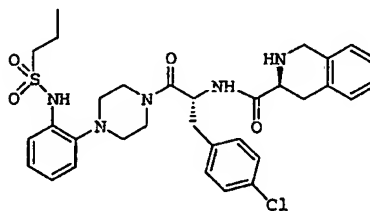
N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)(2-phenylethyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide

10

MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 700 (*M*+*H*), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 698 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₃₈H₄₂ClN₅O₄S: 699.

Example 62

15



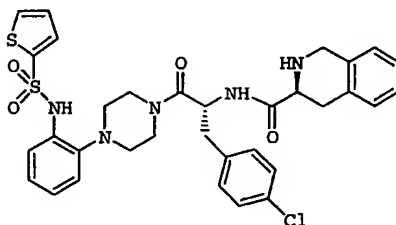
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N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[(propylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation III, *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[(propylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide was prepared from *tert*-

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butyl 3-(N-((1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl) (3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Preparation IX) (200 mg, 0.32 mmol) in ClCH₂CH₂Cl (1.3 mL), pyridine (0.030 mL, 0.16 mmol), and propanesulfonyl chloride (Aldrich) (0.04 mL, 0.18 mmol). The material was treated with a soln of HCl satd EtOAc, which resulted in the precipitation of the salt. This was filtered and placed in vacuo to afford the desired crude as a white solid. After recrystallization from MeOH, the desired product was isolated as the HCl salt (10 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 624 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z: 622 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₂H₃₈ClN₅O₄S: 623.23.

Example 63

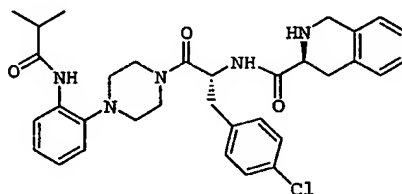
N-[(1R)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[(2-thienylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]((3S) (3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation III, N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[(2-thienylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]((3S) (3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide was prepared from tert-butyl 3-(N-((1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl) (3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Preparation IX) (100 mg, 0.17 mmol) in ClCH₂CH₂Cl (5.0 mL), TEA (0.047 mL, 0.32

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mmol) and 2-thiophenesulfonyl chloride (Aldrich) (34 mg, 0.188 mmol). The crude product from this reaction was treated with a soln of HCl satd EtOAc that resulted in the precipitation of the salt. This material was collected by
 5 filtration, dried in vacuo, and recrystallized from MeOH to afford the desired product as the HCl salt (55 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 664 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 662 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{33}H_{34}ClN_5O_4S_2$: 663.

10

Example 64

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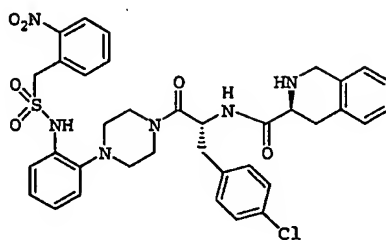
***N*-[2-(4-((2*R*)-2-(((3*S*)-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl)phenyl]-2-methylpropanamide**

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation III, *N*-[2-(4-((2*R*)-2-(((3*S*)-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl)phenyl]-2-methylpropanamide was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-((1*R*)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)-(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Preparation IX) (200 mg, 0.32 mmol) in $ClCH_2CH_2Cl$ (1.3 mL), pyridine (0.040 mL, 0.32 mmol), and isobutyryl chloride (Aldrich Chemical Company) (37 mg, 0.36 mmol). The crude was treated with a soln of HCl satd EtOAc, which resulted in the precipitation of the salt. This
 25 material was collected by filtration, dried in vacuo, and recrystallized from MeOH to afford the desired product as

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the HCl salt (75 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 588 (M+H); MS (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 586 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{33}H_{38}ClN_5O_3$: 587.

5

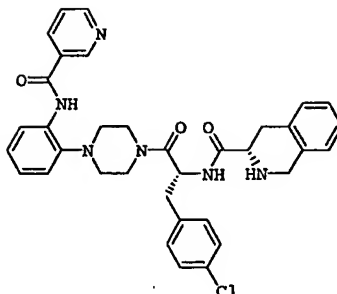
Example 65

***N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-{4-[2-((2-nitrophenyl)methyl) sulfonyl] amino)phenyl] piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)-(3*S*)-(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)carboxamide**

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation III, the title compound was prepared from tert-butyl 3-(N-((1*R*)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)-(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Preparation IX) (250 mg, 0.40 mmol) in $ClCH_2CH_2Cl$ (1.5 mL), pyridine (0.040 mL, 0.44 mmol), and 2-nitro- α -toluenesulfonyl chloride (Aldrich) (104 mg, 0.44 mmol). The crude was treated with a soln of HCl satd EtOAc, which resulted in the precipitation of the salt. This material was collected by filtration, dried in *vacuo*, and recrystallized from MeOH to afford the product as the HCl salt (18 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 717 (M+H). Calc'd for $C_{36}H_{37}ClN_6O_4S$: 716.

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Example 66



5 ***N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-{4-[2-(3-pyridylcarbonylamino)phenyl]piperazinyl}ethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide**

Step 1

10 Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation XIX, *tert*-butyl 3-[*N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-{4-[2-(3-pyridylcarbonyl-amino)phenyl]piperazinyl}-ethyl)carbamoyl](3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-((1*R*)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl)(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Preparation IX) (250 mg, 0.40 mmol), nicotinic acid (54 mg, 0.44 mmol) (Aldrich), 1-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (227 mg; 0.76 mmol)

15 and HOAT (62 mg; 0.46 mmol). The crude was concentrated in vacuo to afford of the desired compound (286 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 723 (*M*+*H*), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 721 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₄₀H₄₃ClN₆O₅: 723.26

20 and HOAT (62 mg; 0.46 mmol). The crude was concentrated in vacuo to afford of the desired compound (286 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 723 (*M*+*H*), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 721 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₄₀H₄₃ClN₆O₅: 723.26

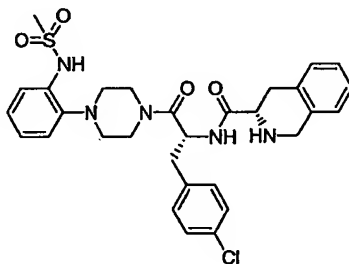
25 **Step 2**

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation XVI, *N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-{4-[2-(3-pyridylcarbonylamino)phenyl]-piperazinyl}ethyl)((3*S*)(3-

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1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinolyl)) carboxamide was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-[N-(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-[2-(3-pyridylcarbonylamino)phenyl]piperazinyl]-ethyl)-carbamoyl] (3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (280 mg, 0.39 mmol) and 15 mL of EtOAc satd with HCl. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 3% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) to afford 150 mg. The product was dissolved in H₂O (5 mL), CH₃CN (2 mL) and AcOH was added. The resulting solution was lyophilized to form the acetate salt. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 623 (M+H), MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 621 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₅H₃₅ClN₆O₃: 622.25. Anal. Calc'd for C₃₅H₃₅ClN₆O₃·C₂H₄O₂: C, 65.05; H, 5.75; N, 12.30; Cl, 5.19. Found C, 64.79; H, 5.84; N, 12.55; Cl, 5.40.

15

Example 67

20 ***N*-[(1R)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3S)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide**

Step 1

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation III, *tert*-butyl 3-[N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl] (3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-(N-[(1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-

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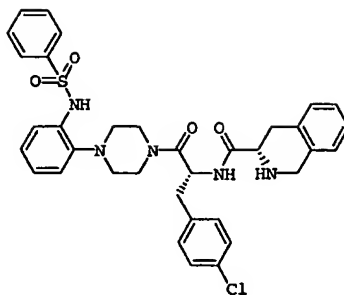
oxoethyl}carbamoyl) (3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Preparation IX) (1.3 g, 2.0 mmol) in 20 mL of $\text{ClCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$, pyridine (200 μL , 2.5 mmol) (Aldrich) and methanesulfonyl chloride (180 μL , 2.3 mmol) (Aldrich) to
5 give 1.4 g of the compound. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 695 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 693 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{35}\text{H}_{42}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_6\text{S}$: 696.26. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{35}\text{H}_{42}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_6\text{S} \cdot 0.5 \text{ C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$: C, 60.03; H, 6.26; N, 9.46; Cl, 4.79. Found C, 59.68; H, 6.33; N, 9.50; Cl, 4.99.

10

Step 2

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation XVI,) *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide
15 was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl} (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 1) (1.42 g, 2.04
20 mmol) and 50 mL of EtOAc satd with HCl. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC (AcOH buffer) yielding the desired product as the acetate salt (250 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 596 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 594 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{34}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_4\text{S} \cdot \text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$:
25 C, 57.01; H, 5.98; N, 10.39; Cl, 5.26. Found C, 56.83; H, 6.05; N, 10.25; Cl, 5.25.

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Example 68

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]((3*S*)-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)carboxamide**

10 Step 1

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation III, *tert*-butyl 3-*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]carbamoyl(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-*N*-[(1*R*)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Preparation IX) (771 mg, 1.247 mmol), pyridine (110 μ l, 1.4 mmol) and

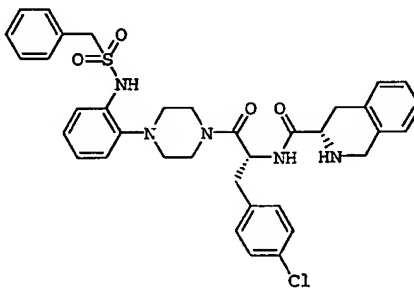
20 benzenesulfonyl chloride (160 μ l, 1.3 mmol) (Aldrich). The crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 10% EtOAc in CH_2Cl_2) to afford 330 mg of the desired compound. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 758 (*M*+*H*), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 756 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{44}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_6\text{S}$: 758.33. Anal. Calcd for

25 $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{44}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_6\text{S} \cdot 0.5 \text{ C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}_2$: C, 62.87; H, 6.03; N, 8.73; Cl, 4.42. Found C, 62.49; H, 6.03; N, 8.52.

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Step 2

N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-
 [(phenylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl)]((3*S*)(3-
 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide was prepared from
 5 *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-
 {2-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]
 carbamoyl)(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate
 (Step 1) (300 mg, 0.40 mmol) according to the procedure for
 Preparation XVI. The product was concentrated in vacuo (66
 10 mg) dissolved in H₂O and CH₃CN, treated with AcOH and
 lyophilized. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 658 (M+H), (ESI, neg.
 ion) *m/z*: 656 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₅H₃₆ClN₅O₄S: 657. Anal.
 Calcd for C₃₅H₃₆ClN₅O₄S-0.5C₂H₄O₂-0.5 H₂O: C, 62.01; H, 5.64;
 N, 10.04; Cl, 5.08. Found C, 62.36; H, 5.54; N, 10.06; Cl,
 15 5.05.

Example 69

20

N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-
 {[(benzylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl)]((3*S*)(3-
 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide

Step 1

tert-Butyl 3-(*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-
 {[(benzylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)
 ethyl]carbamoyl)(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-
 carboxylate was prepared according to the procedure for

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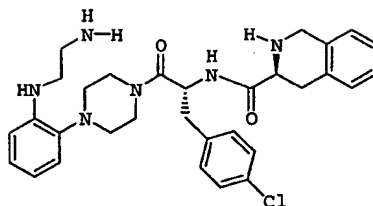
Preparation III using *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-{(1*R*)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Preparation IX) (730 mg, 1.2 mmol), pyridine
5 (100 μ l, 1.2 mmol) and α -toluenesulfonyl chloride (240 mg, 1.2 mmol) (Aldrich). The crude material was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂ 10% EtOAc in CH₂Cl₂) to afford the desired compound (387 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 772 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 770 (M-H). Calc'd for
10 C₄₁H₄₆ClN₅O₆S: 772.35. Anal. Calcd for C₄₁H₄₆ClN₅O₆S-0.5 C₄H₈O₂: C, 63.26; H, 6.17; N, 8.58; Cl, 4.34. Found C, 62.98; H, 6.09; N, 8.36.

Step 2

15 *N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-[[benzylsulfonyl]amino}phenyl)piperazinyl]ethyl)} (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)carboxamide was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-[[benzylsulfonyl]
20 amino}phenyl)piperazinyl]ethyl}carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 1) (300 mg, 0.39 mmol) according to the procedure for Preparation XVI. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂ 3% MeOH in CH₂Cl₂) to afford the desired material (130 mg). The
25 compound was dissolved in H₂O and CH₃CN, treated with AcOH and freeze-dried to yield the acetate salt. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 672 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 670 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₆H₃₈ClN₅O₄S: 671.23.

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Example 70



5

N-[(1R)-2-(4-{2-[(2-Aminoethyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]-(3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)carboxamide

10 **Step 1**

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Example 40 Step 3 (without DIEA), *tert*-butyl 3-[N-((1R)-2-{4-[2-[(*tert*-butoxy)carbonylamino]ethyl]amino]phenyl]-piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)-carbamoyl] (3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-(N-((1R)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)piperazinyl]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl) (3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Preparation IX) (630 mg, 1.0 mmol) in 2 mL of ClCH₂CH₂Cl, *tert*-butyl-N-(2-oxoethyl)carbamate (179 mg, 1.126 mmol) (Aldrich) in ClCH₂CH₂Cl (10 mL), and NaBH(OAc)₃ (330 mg, 1.557 mmol) (Aldrich). The crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 2:1 hexane:EtOAc) to afford the desired compound (578 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 761 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 759 (M-H). Calc'd for C₄₁H₅₃ClN₆O₆: 761.35. Anal. Calc'd for C₄₁H₅₃ClN₆O₆·0.5 C₄H₈O₂·0.5 H₂O: C, 63.42; H, 7.18; N, 10.32; Cl, 4.35. Found C, 62.96 (+ 0.46); H, 7.14; N, 10.26; Cl, 4.06.

30

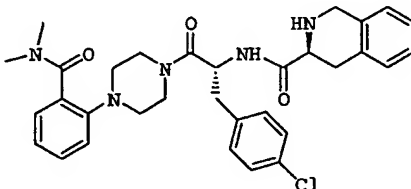
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Step 2

N-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(2-Aminoethyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-1-
 [(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl] ((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-
 tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide was prepared according
 5 to Preparation XVI using *tert*-butyl 3-[*N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-[2-({2-
 [(*tert*-butoxy)carbonylamino]-ethyl)amino)phenyl]-
 piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]-2-oxoethyl)-
 carbamoyl] (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate
 (150 mg, 0.18 mmol) and 25 mL of EtOAc satd with HCl. The
 10 crude product was concentrated to provide the desired
 product (90 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 561 (*M*+*H*), (ESI,
 neg. ion) *m/z*: 559 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₃₁H₃₇ClN₆O₂: 560.27.

Example 71

15



20

[2-(4-((2*R*)-2-(((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-
 Tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carbonylamino]-3-(4-
 chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl)phenyl]-*N,N*-
 dimethylcarboxamide

Step 1

To a 150 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic
 25 stirring was added methyl 2-[4-benzylpiperazinyl] benzoate
 (Preparation XIII) (2.3 g, 7.4 mmol) in THF (60 mL). A soln
 of LiOH (Aldrich) (940 mg, 22 mmol) in H₂O (20 mL), was
 added and the reaction mixture was heated at 60°C for 12 h.
 After cooling to RT, the reaction mixture was concentrated
 30 *in vacuo* and diluted with EtOAc (100 mL). A 10% soln of
 citric acid (25 mL) was added, the organic layer was

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separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL). The organic layers were combined, washed with H₂O, satd NaCl, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to afford 2-[4-benzylpiperazinyl]benzoic acid as a
5 white solid (2.05 g). MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 297 (M+H).
Calc'd for C₁₈H₂₀N₂O₂: 296.15 : 296.15.

Step 2

To a 100 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic
10 stirring was added 2-[4-benzylpiperazinyl] benzoic acid
(Step 1) (1.1 g, 3.7 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL) under a N₂
atmosphere. Oxalyl chloride (Aldrich) (390 µL, 1.32 mmol)
was added, the mixture was stirred at RT for 5 min. and
several drops of DMF were added. After stirring at RT for 2
15 h, the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and re-
dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL). *N,N*-Dimethylamine (Aldrich)
(5.6 mL of a 2M soln in THF, 11 mmol) was added and the
mixture was stirred at RT for 12 h. The reaction was washed
with H₂O, brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, concentrated in
20 vacuo, and purified by column chromatography (4:1 hexanes-
EtOAc) affording *N,N*-dimethyl{2-[4-benzyl-
piperazinyl]phenyl}carboxamide (558 mg). MS (ESI, pos.ion)
m/z: 324 (M+H). Calc'd for C₂₀H₂₅N₃O: 323.43.

Step 3

To a round-bottomed flask equipped with stirring was added
N,N-dimethyl{2-[4-benzylpiperazinyl]phenyl} carboxamide
(Step 2) (420 mg, 1.3 mmol), MeOH (10 mL), 10% Pd/C (Aldrich)
(138 mg), and HCO₂NH₄ (409 mg, 6.5 mmol), and the reaction
30 mixture was heated at reflux for 2 h. The reaction mixture
was filtered through Celite®, concentrated in vacuo, and
redissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL). The reaction mixture was
washed with a Na₂CO₃ (10%, 2x), H₂O, brine, dried over
Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo yielding *N,N*-

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dimethyl(2-piperazinylphenyl)carboxamide (255 mg). MS (ESI, pos.ion) m/z : 234 (M+H). Calc'd for $C_{13}H_{19}N_3O$: 233.31.

Step 4

- 5 [2-(4-((2R)-2-[(tert-Butoxy)carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylcarboxamide was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation V by using N,N-dimethyl(2-piperazinylphenyl)carboxamide (Step 3) (260 mg, 1.1 mmol),
- 10 Boc-p-Cl-D-Phe-OH (Peptech Corporation) (370 mg, 1.2 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (151 mg, 1.11 mmol), and EDC (Aldrich Chemical Company) (430 mg, 2.2 mmol). The compound was isolated as a crude white foam (480 mg) and used in the next step without further purification. MS (ESI, pos.ion)
- 15 m/z : 515 (M+H). Calc'd for $C_{27}H_{35}ClN_4O_4$: 515.04.

Step 5

- (2-(4-[(2R)-2-Amino-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl]-piperazinyl)phenyl)-N,N-dimethylcarboxamide HCl salt was
- 20 prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation XVI by using [2-(4-((2R)-2-[(tert-butoxy)carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl)-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylcarboxamide (Step 4) (240 mg, 0.46 mmol) and a satd soln of HCl in EtOAc (10 mL).
- 25 The white solid that formed was isolated by filtration (200 mg). MS (ESI, pos.ion) m/z : 415 (M+H). Calc'd for $C_{22}H_{28}Cl_2N_4O_2$: 451.39.

Step 6

- 30 tert-Butyl 3-[N-((1R)-2-{4-[2-(N,N-dimethylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]piperazinyl}-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl](3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation V by using (2-(4-[(2R)-2-amino-3-

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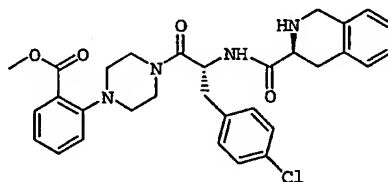
(4-chlorophenyl)-propanoyl]-piperazinyl}phenyl)-*N,N*-dimethylcarboxamide HCl salt (Step 5) (230 mg, 0.50 mmol), Boc-L-Tic-OH (Bachem Company) (150 mg, 0.55 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (68 mg, 0.50 mmol), EDC (Aldrich) (190 mg, 1.00 mmol) and DIEA (Aldrich) (87 μ L, 0.50 mmol). The compound was isolated and purified by column chromatography (CH_2Cl_2 : 1.5% 2M NH_3 in MeOH). (255 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 674 (M+H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{44}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_5$: 674.23.

Step 7

[2-(4-((2*R*)-2-(((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-Tetrahydro-isoquinolyl))carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-propanoyl)piperazinyl}phenyl]-*N,N*-dimethylcarboxamide was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation XVI by using *tert*-butyl 3-[*N*-((1*R*)-2-[4-[2-(*N,N*-dimethylcarbamoyl)-phenyl]piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)carbamoyl](3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 6) (156 mg, 0.23 mmol) and a satd soln of HCl in EtOAc (5 mL). The title compound was isolated by filtration as a white solid, and purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) (125 mg). MS (ESI, pos.ion) m/z : 574 (M+H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{36}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_3$: 573.25.

25

Example 72



Methyl 2-(4-((2*R*)-2-(((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl)benzoate

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The title compound was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation XVI by using methyl 2-{4-[(2R)-2-[(3S)-2-[(tert-butyl)oxycarbonyl](3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carbonylamino)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl]piperazinyl}benzoate (Preparation XVII) (140 mg, 0.21 mmol) and a satd soln of HCl in EtOAc (5 mL). The title compound was isolated by filtration as a white solid, and purified by preparative HPLC (62 mg). MS (ESI, pos.ion) m/z : 561 (M+H). Calc'd for $C_{31}H_{33}ClN_4O_4$: 560.22.

Examples 73-90

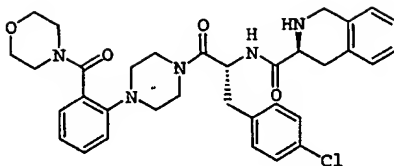
Parallel synthesis of amide library: General procedure

To eighteen 10 mL scintillation vials were added PS-carbodiimide resin (Argonaut Technologies) (1mmol/g) (80 mg, 0.08 mmol), HOAT (Aldrich) (8 mg, 0.06 mmol) and 2-{4-[(2R)-2-[(3S)-2-[(tert-butyl)oxycarbonyl](3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carbonylamino)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl]-piperazinyl}benzoic acid (Preparation XVIII) (40 mg, 0.06 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (3 mL), and the reaction mixtures were shaken at RT for 10 min. The corresponding amine (0.05 mmol) was added, and the vials were shaken at RT for 12 h. Resin was filtered off and washed with CH_2Cl_2 , and the solutions were concentrated in vacuo. A satd soln of HCl in EtOAc (2mL) was added. After 1h at RT, the solutions were concentrated in vacuo, and the products were purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to yield the TFA salts of the desired product.

30

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Example 73

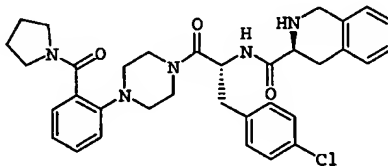


5

N-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-{4-[2-(morpholin-4-ylcarbonyl)phenyl]piperazinyl}-2-oxoethyl)-(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)carboxamide

10 MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 616 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₄H₃₈N₅O₄Cl:
615.26.

Example 74



15

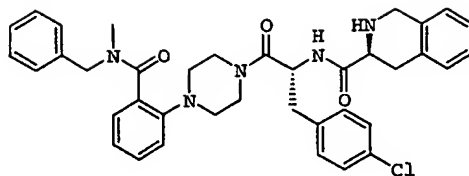
N-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-{4-[2-(pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)phenyl]piperazinyl}ethyl)-(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)carboxamide

20

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 600 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₄H₃₈ClN₅O₃:
599.27.

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Example 75

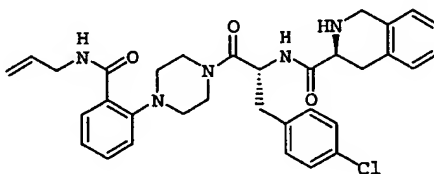


5

N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-(2-[*N*-methyl-*N*-benzylcarbamoyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl][(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carboxamide

10 MS (ESI, pos.ion) m/z : 650 ($M+H$). Calc'd for $C_{38}H_{40}ClN_5O_3$: 649.28.

Example 76



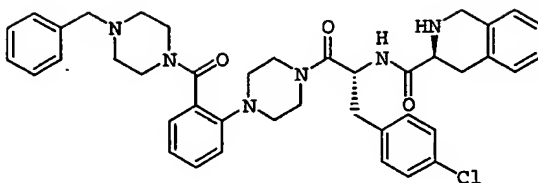
15

N-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-[2-(*N*-prop-2-enylcarbamoyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carboxamide

20

MS (ESI, pos.ion) m/z : 586 ($M+H$). Calc'd for $C_{33}H_{36}ClN_5O_3$: 585.25.

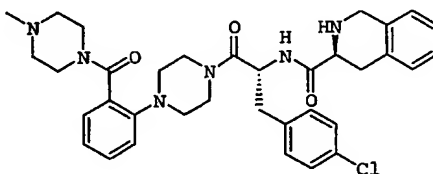
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Example 77

5

***N*-{((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-{[4-benzylpiperazinyl]carbonyl}phenyl)piperazinyl]ethyl)}((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 705 (M+H). Calc'd for C₄₁H₄₅ClN₆O₃: 704.32.

Example 78

15

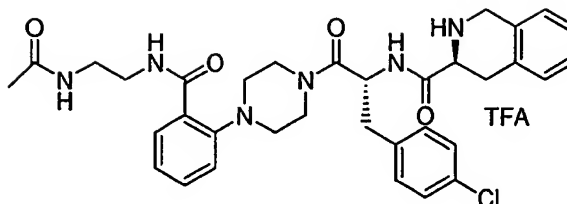
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(4-methylpiperazinyl)carbonyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl][(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 629 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₅H₄₁ClN₆O₃: 628.29.

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Example 79



5

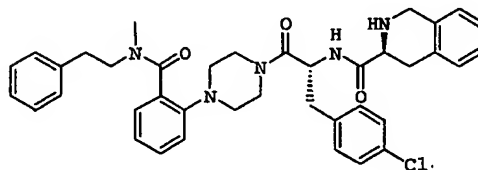
N-(2-{[2-(4-{(2*R*)-2-[(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl]piperazinyl}phenyl]carbonylamino}ethyl)acetamide

10

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 631 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₄H₃₉ClN₆O₄: 630.27.

Example 80

15



20

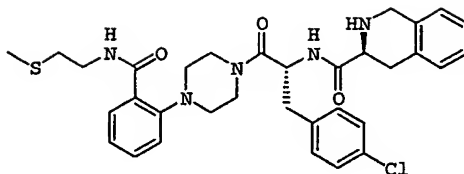
N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[*N*-methyl-*N*-(2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 664 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₉H₄₂ClN₅O₃: 663.30.

25

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Example 81



5

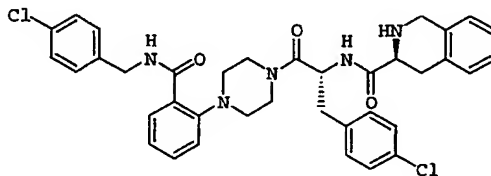
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(2-methylthioethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

10

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 620 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₃H₃₈ClN₅O₃S: 619.24.

Example 82

15



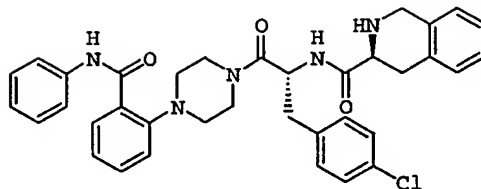
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-{*N*-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]carbamoyl}phenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 670 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₇H₃₇Cl₂N₅O₃: 669.23.

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Example 83

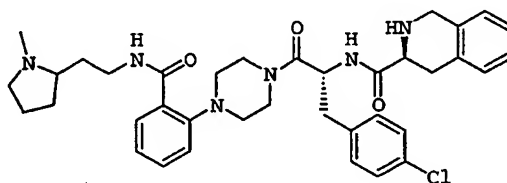


5

***N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-{4-[2-(*N*-phenylcarbamoyl)phenyl]piperazinyl}ethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 622 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₆H₃₆ClN₅O₃: 621.25.

Example 84



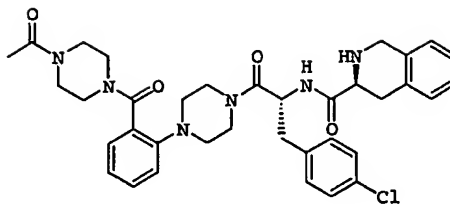
15

***N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-{*N*-[2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl]carbamoyl}phenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 657 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₇H₄₅ClN₆O₃: 656.32.

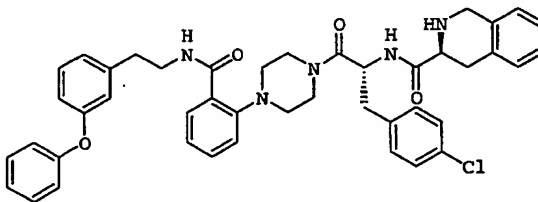
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Example 85

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(4-Acetylpiperazinyl)carbonyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 657 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₆H₄₁ClN₆O₄: 656.29.

Example 86

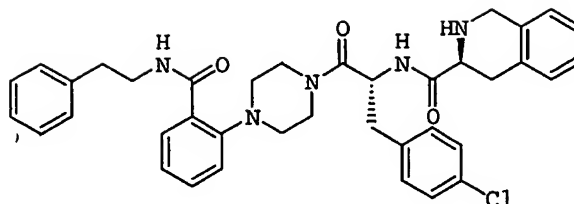
15

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-{*N*-[2-(3-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]carbamoyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 742 (M+H). Calc'd for C₄₄H₄₄ClN₅O₄: 741.31.

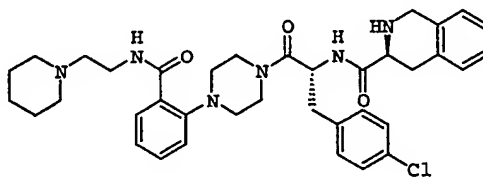
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Example 87

5

***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]-((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide**

10 MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 650 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₈H₄₀ClN₅O₃: 646.28.

Example 88

15

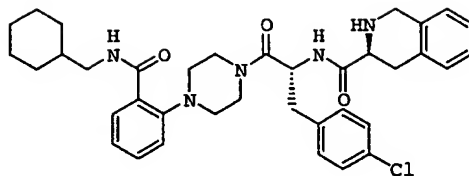
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(2-piperidylethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl} piperazinyl)ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

20

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 657 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₇H₄₅ClN₆O₃: 656.32.

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Example 89



5

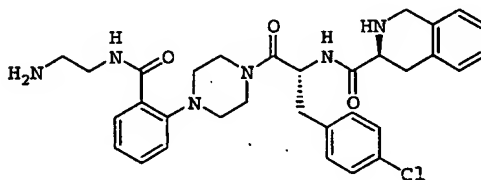
***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(cyclohexylmethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

10

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 642 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₇H₄₄ClN₅O₃: 641.31.

Example 90

15



20

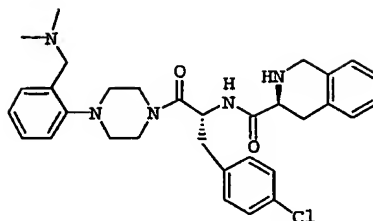
***N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(2-Aminoethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

MS (ESI, pos.ion) *m/z*: 589 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₂H₃₇ClN₆O₃: 588.26.

25

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Example 91



5

***N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl} piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]-((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide**

10 **Step 1**

To a solution of 2-fluorobenzaldehyde (Aldrich) (1 g, 8.1 mmol) in DMF (14 mL) was added 1-Boc-piperazine (Lancaster) (2.3 g, 12 mmol). The resulting solution was treated with copper (Aldrich Chemical Company) (50 mg, 0.8 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (Aldrich) (5.1 g, 37 mmol). The suspension was heated in a sealed tube at 150°C for 18 h. After cooling to RT, the reaction mixture was partitioned between EtOAc and brine. The aqueous layer was extracted twice with EtOAc and the combined EtOAc layers were washed with water, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude compound was purified on a Biotage 40M column (12% EtOAc in hexanes) to give *tert*-butyl 4-(2-formylphenyl) piperazinecarboxylate (0.66 g) as a yellow oil. MS *m/z*: 291 (M+H). Calc'd for $C_{16}H_{22}N_2O_3$: 290.36.

25

Step 2

To *tert*-butyl 4-(2-formylphenyl) piperazinecarboxylate (Step 1) (0.6 g, 2.1 mmol), was added dimethylamine (Aldrich) (1.6 mL of a 2.0 M soln in THF, 3.2 mmol) in $ClCH_2CH_2Cl$ (15 mL) and $NaBH(OAc)_3$ (Aldrich) (0.66 g, 3.2

30

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mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 2 h. The mixture was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and satd NaHCO_3 . The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give tert-butyl 4-{2-
5 [(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl} piperazinecarboxylate (0.68 g) as a yellow oil. MS m/z : 320 (M+H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$: 319.44.

Step 3

10 To tert-butyl 4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl}-piperazine carboxylate (Step 2) (0.68 g, 2.1 mmol) dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (12 mL) was added TFA (6 mL). After stirring the reaction at RT for 1 h, the solvent was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and satd NaHCO_3 . The
15 organic layer was washed with brine and the combined aqueous layer were extracted with a mixture of CH_2Cl_2 and 30% MeOH. The combined organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo to give dimethyl[(2-piperazinyphenyl)methyl]amine as a yellow oil (0.35 g). MS
20 m/z : 220 (M+H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3$: 219.33.

Step 4

(2R)-2-Amino-1-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl}piperaziny)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propan-1-one was
25 prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation V using dimethyl[(2-piperazinyphenyl) methyl]amine (Step 3) (0.35 g, 1.4 mmol), Boc-p-Cl-D-Phe-OH (Peptech Corp.) (0.53 g, 1.8 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (7 mL), EDC (Aldrich Chemical Company) (0.37 g, 1.9 mmol) and HOBt (used in place of HOAT)
30 (Bachem) (0.27 g, 1.8 mmol). After workup as described in Preparation V, the crude compound was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) and treated with TFA (5 mL). After stirring the reaction at RT for 1 h, the solvent was concentrated in vacuo and the residue was partitioned between CH_2Cl_2 and

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satd NaHCO_3 . The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give (2*R*)-2-amino-1-(4-(2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propan-1-one as a yellow oil
5 (0.53 g). MS m/z : 401 (M+H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{29}\text{ClN}_4\text{O}$: 400.94.

Step 5

tert-Butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation V, (2*R*)-2-amino-1-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl} piperazinyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propan-1-one (0.34 g, 0.85 mmol), Boc-L-Tic-OH (Peptech Corp.) (0.26 g, 0.93 mmol), EDC (0.2 g, 1.0 mmol),
15 HOBt (used in place of HOAT) (Bachem) (0.14 g, 0.93 mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 (4 mL). The crude compound was purified on a Biotage 40S column ($\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{MeOH}$ 95:5) to give *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate as a white foam (0.32 g). MS m/z : 660 (M+H).
20 Calc'd for $\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{46}\text{ClN}_5\text{O}_4$: 660.25.

Step 6

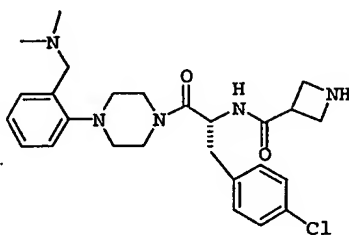
To *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 5) (0.31 g, 0.47 mmol) dissolved in dioxane
30 (0.5 mL) was added 4*N* HCl in dioxane (1 mL). After stirring at RT for 6 h, the solvent was removed *in vacuo*, and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Waters Xterra C18 5 micron 100 x 20 mm, 10% to 80% CH_3CN in H_2O over 6.0 min, 4.63 min) to give *N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-

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[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide (TFA salt) as a white solid (0.27 g). MS *m/z*: 560 (M+H). Calc'd for C₃₂H₃₈ClN₅O₂:
 5 559.27. Anal. Calcd for C₃₂H₃₈ClN₅O₂·2.5 TFA·0.1 H₂O: C, 52.47; H, 4.84; N, 8.27; Cl, 4.19. Found: C, 52.26; H, 4.75; N, 8.14; Cl, 4.41.

Example 92

10



***N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide**

15

Step 1

tert-Butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*S*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}azetidinecarboxylate was prepared according to the procedure described in Preparation V by using (2*R*)-2-amino-1-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propan-1-one (Example 91, Step 4) (0.17 g, 0.42 mmol), Boc-azetidine (Peptech Corp.) (0.094 g, 0.47 mmol), EDC (Aldrich) (0.097 g, 0.51 mmol), HOBT (used in place of HOAT) (Bachem) (0.071 g, 0.47 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL). The crude was purified on a Biotage 40S column (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH= 95:5) to give *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*S*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}azetidine

30

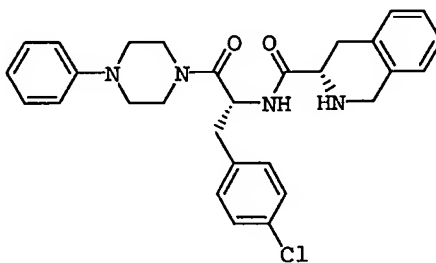
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carboxylate as a white solid (0.15 g). MS m/z : 584 (M+H).
Calc'd for $C_{31}H_{42}ClN_5O_4$: 584.15.

Step 2

5 To *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*S*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]carbamoyl}azetidinecarboxylate (Step 1) (0.12 g, 0.2 mmol) dissolved in dioxane (0.2 mL) was added 4*N* HCl in dioxane (0.4 mL). After stirring at RT for 6 h, the solvent
10 was concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was purified by preparative HPLC (Waters Xterra C_{18} 5 micron 100x20 mm, 10% to 80% CH_3CN in H_2O over 6.0 min) to yield the TFA salt of the desired compound. MS m/z : 520 (M+HCl). Calc'd for $C_{26}H_{34}ClN_5O_2$: 483.24.

15

Example 93

20 ***N*-{[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-phenylpiperazinyl)ethyl]}[(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)]carboxamide**

Step 1

Following the procedure for the synthesis of Preparation XIX, *N*-{[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-phenylpiperazinyl)ethyl]}(*tert*-butoxy)-carboxamide was prepared from Boc-p-Cl-D-Phe-OH (380 mg, 1.3 mmol) (Nova

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Biochem), 1-[3-(dimethylamino)-propyl]-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide, (770 mg, 2.6 mmol) (Aldrich), HOAT (180 mg, 1.30 mmol) (Aldrich) and 1-phenylpiperazine (200 μ l, 1.28 mmol) (Aldrich), (570 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 444 (M+H),
5 (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 442 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{24}H_{30}ClN_3O_3$: 443.97.

Step 2

To *N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-phenylpiperazinyl)ethyl}(tert-butoxy)carboxamide (Step
10 1) (573 mg, 1.30 mmol) in 50 mL round bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added 25 mL of EtOAc satd with HCl, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. The
resulting solid was filtered and washed with hexane. The
15 solid was dried further *in vacuo* and then added to a 50 mL round bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring. DMF (10 mL), DIEA (110 μ l, 0.631 mmol) (Aldrich), Boc-L-Tic-OH (90 mg, 0.68 mmol) (Peptech), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (396 mg, 1.33 mmol), and HOAT
20 (90 mg, 0.661 mmol) were added to the reaction flask. The resulting solution was stirred 2 h then worked up as in Preparation XIX. The resulting crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 1:1, hexane-EtOAc) to afford tert-butyl 3-(*N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-phenylpiperazinyl)ethyl}carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-
25 tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (130 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 603 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 601 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{34}H_{39}ClN_4O_4$: 603.15.

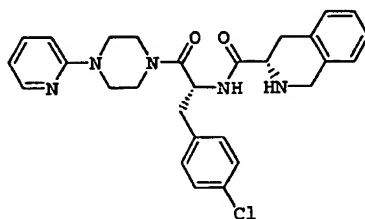
Step 3

tert-Butyl 3-(*N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-phenylpiperazinyl)ethyl}carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 2) (127 mg, 0.211 mmol) was treated with 10 mL of EtOAc satd with HCl in a 50

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mL round bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring. The resulting solid was filtered, washed with hexane and dried *in vacuo* to yield *N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-phenyl-piperazinyl)ethyl}((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinolyl))carboxamide (40 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 503 (*M*+*H*), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 501 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₂₉H₃₁ClN₄O₂: 502.21.

Example 94



N-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-(2-pyridyl)piperazinyl)ethyl}((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide

Step 1

N-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-(2-pyridyl)piperazinyl)ethyl}(tert-butoxy)carboxamide was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using Boc-p-Cl-D-Phe-OH (550 mg, 1.8 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (1.1 g, 3.80 mmol), HOAT (260 mg, 1.9 mmol), DMF (15 mL), and 1-(2-piperidyl)piperazine (280 μ L, 1.8 mmol) (Aldrich). The crude material was concentrated *in vacuo* to yield 810 mg. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 445 (*M*+*H*), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 443 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for C₂₃H₂₉ClN₄O₃: 444.95.

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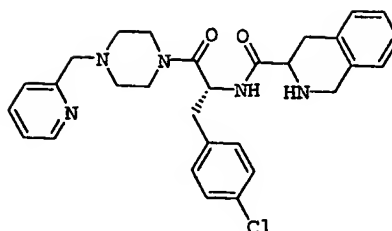
Step 2

tert-Butyl 3-(N-((1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-(2-pyridyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)(3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from N-((1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-(2-pyridyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)(tert-butoxy)-carboxamide (Step 1) (800 mg, 1.80 mmol), following the procedure for Example 93, Step 2 using 25 mL of EtOAc satd with HCl for the first step, and DIEA (240 μ l, 1.38 mmol), Boc-L-Tic-OH (340 mg, 1.2 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (740 mg, 2.5 mmol), HOAT (184 mg, 1.35 mmol) and DMF (15 mL) for the second step. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 1:1, hexane:EtOAc) to yield the title compound (460 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 604 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 602 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₃H₃₈ClN₅O₄: 604.14.

Step 3

N-((1R)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-(2-pyridyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)((3S)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide was prepared according to the procedure used for Preparation XVI using tert-butyl 3-(N-((1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-(2-pyridyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)carbamoyl)(3S)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 2) (450 mg, 0.745 mmol) and 10 mL HCl satd EtOAc. The resulting solid was purified by preparative HPLC (AcOH buffer) and freeze-dried yielding the acetate salt (410 mg). Mass Spec. *m/z*: 504 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 502 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₈H₃₀ClN₅O₂: 503.21. Anal. Calcd for C₂₈H₃₀ClN₅O₂·C₂H₄O₂: C, 63.88; H, 6.08; N, 12.42. Found C, 63.66; H, 6.02; N, 12.64.

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Example 95

5 ***N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-pyridylmethyl)piperazinyl]ethyl)-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolylcarboxamide**

Step 1

10 *N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-pyridylmethyl)piperazinyl]ethyl)(*tert*-butoxy) carboxamide was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using (2-pyridylmethyl)piperazine (650 mg, 3.7 mmol) (Array), Boc-*p*-Cl-D-Phe-OH (1.1 g, 3.7 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (2.2 g, 7.2 mmol), HOAT (560 mg, 4.10 mmol) and DMF (15 mL) (730 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 459 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 457 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₄H₃₁ClN₄O₃: 458.98.

Step 2

20 *tert*-Butyl 3-(*N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-pyridylmethyl)-piperazinyl]ethyl)carbamoyl)-(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from *N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-pyridylmethyl)piperazinyl]ethyl)(*tert*-butoxy) carboxamide (Step 1) (270 mg, 0.58 mmol) according to the procedure used for Example 93, Step 2 using 25 mL HCl satd EtOAc, for the first step, then DIEA (100 μ L, 0.574 mmol), Boc-L-Tic-OH (82 mg, 0.296 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (101 mg, 0.340 mmol), and HOAT

25

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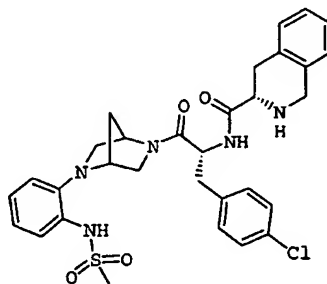
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(50 mg, 0.367 mmol) for the second step (139 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 618 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 616 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{34}H_{40}ClN_5O_4$: 618.17.

5 Step 3

N-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-pyridylmethyl)piperazinyl]ethyl}-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolylcarboxamide was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-({(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-pyridylmethyl)piperazinyl]ethyl}carbonyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 2) (140 mg, 0.230 mmol) according to the procedure for Preparation XVI. The crude was purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford the desired product (20 mg) as a TFA salt. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 518 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 516 (M-H). Calc'd for $C_{29}H_{32}ClN_5O_2$: 517.22.

Example 96



20

N-[(1*R*)-2-(2,5-Diaza-5-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide

25

Step 1

2,5-Diaza-2-(2-nitrophenyl)-5-benzylbicyclo[2.2.1] heptane was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation Ia

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using, 2-fluoronitrobenzene (860 μ l, 8.2 mmol), DIEA (5.3 mL, 30 mmol), and (1S, 4S)-2-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane dihydrobromide (3.0 g, 8.6 mmol) (Aldrich) and DMF (100 mL). The crude was purified by flash
5 chromatography (SiO_2 , 2:1 hexane:EtOAc) to yield 685 mg. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 310 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 308 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$: 309.36.

Step 2

10 2-[2,5-Diaza-5-benzylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]-phenylamine was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation II using 2,5-diaza-2-(2-nitrophenyl)-5-benzylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptane (Step 1) (690 mg, 2.2 mmol) and $\text{SnCl}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (2.2 g, 9.8 mmol). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 280
15 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 278 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3$: 279.38.

Step 3

{2-[2,5-Diaza-5-benzylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]phenyl}-(methanesulfonyl)amine was prepared from 2-[2,5-diaza-5-benzylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]phenylamine (Step 2) (690 mg, 2.5 mmol) according to the procedure for Preparation III using methanesulfonyl chloride (190 μ l, 2.46 mmol) and pyridine (220 μ l, 2.72 mmol). The crude mix was purified by
25 flash chromatography (SiO_2 , 3% MeOH in CH_2Cl_2) to afford the desired sulfonamide (533 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 358 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 356 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$: 357.47.

Step 4

30 [2-(2,5-Diazabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)phenyl] (methanesulfonyl)amine (180 mg) was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation IV using {2-[2,5-diaza-5-benzylbicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl]phenyl}-(methanesulfonyl)amine

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(Step 3) (530 mg, 1.5 mmol), 10% Pd/C (450 mg) and HCO_2NH_4 (520 mg, 8.30 mmol). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 268 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion), m/z : 266 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S}$: 267.10.

5

Step 5

N-[(1*R*)-2-(2,5-Diaza-5-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl) methyl]-2-oxoethyl](tert-butoxy)carboxamide was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using [2-(2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)phenyl] (methylsulfonyl)amine (Step 4) (176 mg, 0.658 mmol), *p*-Cl-D-Phe-OH (210 mg, 0.700 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylamino-propyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (351 mg, 1.181 mmol) and HOAT (92 mg, 0.676 mmol). The crude was concentrated in vacuo to yield 369 mg, and used as is in the next step. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 549 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) m/z : 547 (M-H). Calc'd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{33}\text{ClN}_4\text{O}_5\text{S}$: 549.08.

20 **Step 6**

N-[(1*R*)-2-(2,5-Diaza-5-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]-2-oxoethyl](tert-butoxy)carboxamide (Step 5) (369 mg, 0.672 mmol) was treated with satd HCl in EtOAc as described in Preparation XVI. The resulting crude material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with 10% Na_2CO_3 soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Using this material, tert-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-2-(2,5-diaza-5-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}bicyclo [2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl}(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation XIX from Boc-L-Tic-OH (194 mg, 0.699 mmol), HOAT (94 mg, 0.691 mmol), 1-(3-

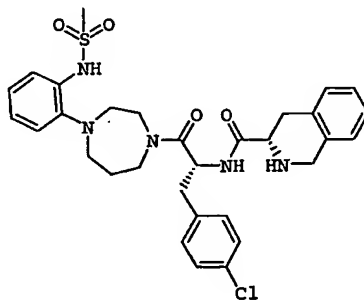
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dimethylamino-propyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (415 mg, 1.396 mmol) and DMF (5 mL). The crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 20% EtOAc in CH₂Cl₂) to afford the desired compound (250 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 708 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 706 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₆H₄₂ClN₅O₆S: 708.27.

Step 7

N-[(1*R*)-2-(2,5-Diaza-5-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl})bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinolyl)carboxamide was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-2-(2,5-diaza-5-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl})bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl} carbamoyl}(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 6) (250 mg, 0.35 mmol) according to the procedure for Preparation XVI. The crude was purified by preparative HPLC (TFA buffer) to afford the desired product as the TFA salt (50 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 608 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 606 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₁H₃₄ClN₅O₄S: 607.20. Anal. Calcd for C₃₁H₃₄ClN₅O₄S·1.5C₂HF₃O₂·H₂O: C, 51.23; H, 4.74; N, 8.78; Cl, 4.45; Found C, 50.96; H, 4.56; N, 8.57; Cl, 4.46.

25

Example 97

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***N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}(1,4-diazaperhydroepinyl))-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide**

5 **Step 1**

To a 500 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with magnetic stirring was added homopiperazine (8.315 g, 83 mmol) (Aldrich) and DMF (200 mL). This solution was heated in a 45°C oil bath and 2-fluoronitrobenzene (1.8 mL, 17 mmol) was added over 5 min. The reaction was stirred for 16 h, diluted with 400 mL EtOAc and washed with 1N NaOH (2 x 300 mL). The organic layer was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford 1-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,4-diaza-perhydroepine (3.8 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 222 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 220 (M-H).
15 Calc'd for C₁₁H₁₅N₃O₂: 221.26.

Step 2

1-(2-Nitrophenyl)-1,4-diazaperhydroepine (Step 1) (1.7 g, 7.8 mmol) was treated according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using p-Cl-D-Phe-OH (2.4 g, 7.8 mmol), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (4.82 g, 16.2 mmol), HOAT (1.09 g, 7.99 mmol), and DMF (50 mL) to yield *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)(1,4-diaza-perhydroepinyl)]-2-oxoethyl](tert-butoxy)-carboxamide. MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 503 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 501 (M-H). Calc'd for C₂₅H₃₁ClN₄O₅: 502.99.
25

Step 3

30 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)(1,4-diazaperhydroepinyl)]-2-oxoethyl(tert-butoxy)carboxamide (Step 2) (1.37 g, 2.72 mmol) was treated with EtOAc satd with HCl as described in Preparation XVI. The resulting crude material was diluted with EtOAc and washed with satd NaHCO₃

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soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. Using this material, *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)(1,4-diazaperhydroepinyl)]-2-

- 5 *oxoethyl*}carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared according to the procedure for Preparation XIX using Boc-L-Tic-OH (790 mg, 2.85 mmol), HOAT (385 mg, 2.83 mmol) and 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide methiodide (1.695 g, 5.70 mmol). The
- 10 crude material was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, 2:1 Hexane:EtOAc) to afford the desired material (1.2 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 662 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 660 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₅H₄₀ClN₄O₆: 662.17.

15 **Step 4**

- tert*-Butyl 3-(*N*-{(1*R*)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)(1,4-diazaperhydroepinyl)]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-
- 20 *chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)(1,4-diazaperhydroepinyl)]-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 3) (1.2 g, 1.8 mmol) and SnCl₂·2H₂O (1.6 g, 7.2 mmol), according to the procedure for Preparation II. The crude was purified by*
- 25 flash chromatography (SiO₂, 20% EtOAc in CH₂Cl₂) to afford the desired material (590 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 632 (M+H), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 630 (M-H). Calc'd for C₃₅H₄₂ClN₅O₄: 632.19.

30 **Step 5**

tert-Butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}(1,4-diaza-perhydroepinyl))-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl} (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate was prepared according to the procedure for

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Preparation III using *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-{(1*R*)-2-[4-(2-aminophenyl)(1,4-diazaperhydroepinyl)]-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl)(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 4) (390 mg, 0.61 mmol), methanesulfonyl chloride (52 μ l, 0.67 mmol) and pyridine (60 μ l, 0.74 mmol). The crude was isolated (400 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 710 (*M*+*H*), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 708 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for $C_{36}H_{44}ClN_5O_6$: 710.28.

10

Step 6

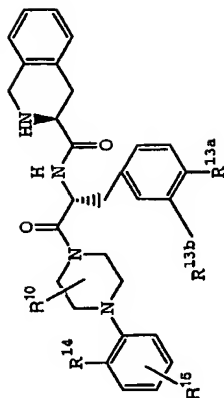
N-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methanesulfonyl)amino]phenyl}(1,4-diaza-perhydroepinyl))-2-oxoethyl][(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinolyl)]carboxamide was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-{*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methanesulfonyl)amino]phenyl}(1,4-diaza-perhydro-epinyl))-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl}(3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-2-carboxylate (Step 5) (400 mg, 0.56 mmol) according to the procedure for Preparation XVI. The crude product was purified by preparative HPLC to yield the desired material as the acetate salt (7 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 610 (*M*+*H*), (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z*: 608 (*M*-*H*). Calc'd for $C_{31}H_{36}ClN_5O_4S$: 609.22.

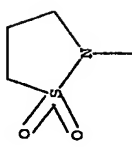
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Other compounds included in this invention are set forth in Tables 1-8 below.

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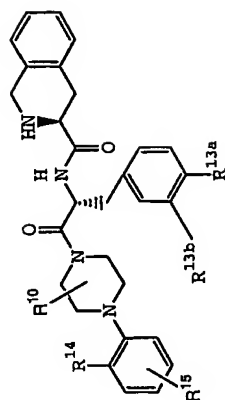
Table 1.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁰ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} |
|------|---|-----------------|---|------------------|------------------|
| 5 | | | | | |
| 98. | methylsulfonylamino | H | H | Cl | H |
| 99. | N-propyl-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 100. | N-propyl-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | H | Br | H |
| 101. | N,N-di (CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 102. | N-(methylsulfonyl) -N-(aminoethyl) amino | H | H | Cl | Cl |
| 103. | methylsulfonylamino | H | 3-cypCH ₂ NHC(=O)CH ₂ - | Cl | H |
| 104. | 2-pyridylcarbonylamino | H | H | Cl | H |
| 105. | benzylaminocarbonyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 106. |  | H | H | Cl | H |
| 107. | N-methyl-N-methylcarbonylamino | H | H | Cl | H |
| 108. | N-propyl-N-methylsulfonylamino | H | H | Cl | H |
| 10 | | | | | |
| 15 | | | | | |

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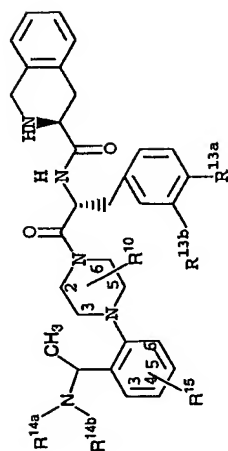
Table 1. cont.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁰ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} |
|------|---|-------------------|---|------------------|------------------|
| 109. | methylsulfonylamino | H | 3-NH ₂ -(CH ₂) ₂ NHC=OCH ₂ - | Cl | H |
| 110. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(MeSO ₂)aminomethyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 111. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | F | H | Cl | H |
| 112. | N-(phenylpropyl)-N-(MeSO ₂)amino | H | H | Cl | H |
| 113. | methylsulfonylamino | 4-CF ₃ | H | Cl | H |
| 114. | methylcarbonyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 115. | CH ₃ C=ONH | H | H | Cl | H |
| 116. | MeSO ₂ NH- | H | 3-phenyl(CH ₂) ₂ NHC=OCH ₂ - | Cl | H |
| 117. | methoxy | H | H | Cl | H |
| 118. | amino | H | H | Cl | H |

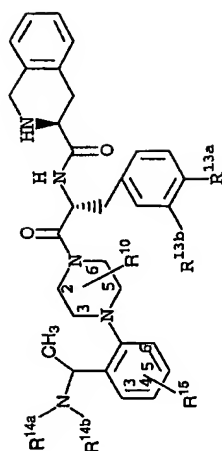
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Table 2.



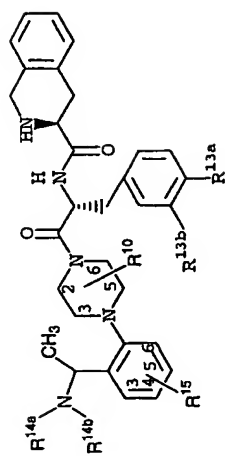
| # | R ^{14a} | R ^{14b} | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁰ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} |
|------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 119. | cyclopropylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 120. | cyclopropylmethyl | H | H | H | Cl | H |
| 121. | methylcarbonyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 122. | isobutyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 123. | propyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 124. | methylsulfonyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 125. | ethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 126. | ethoxycarbonylcyclopropylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 127. | isopentyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 128. | 4-methylcarbonylaminobenzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 129. | methyl | H | 4-Br | H | Cl | H |
| 130. | methyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |

Table 2. cont



| # | R ^{14a} | R ^{14b} | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁰ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} |
|------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 131. | 3-thienylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 132. | benzyloxyethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 133. | 2-methoxybenzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 134. | methyl | H | H | H | Cl | H |
| 135. | 4-pyridylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 136. | 2-pyrrolidinylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 137. | 3-methoxybenzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 138. | benzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 139. | aminoethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 140. | 4-methoxybenzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 141. | cyclohexylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 142. | 2-aminopropyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |

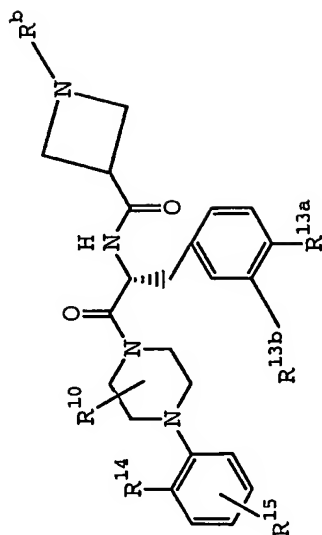
Table 2. cont



| # | R ^{14a} | R ^{14b} | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁰ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} |
|------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 143. | methylamino | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 144. | 3-cyanobenzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 145. | isopropyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 146. | CypCH ₂ - | methylcarbonyl | H | H | Cl | H |
| 147. | methylcarbonyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H |

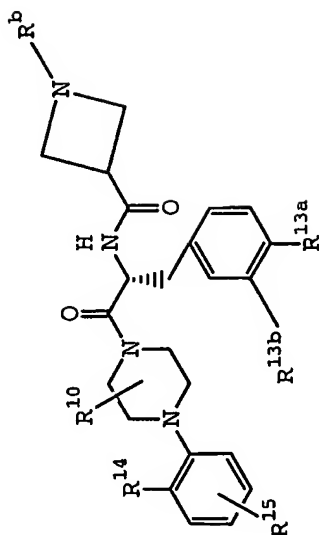
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Table 3.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁰ | R ¹⁵ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|--|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| 148. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | isobutyl |
| 149. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | -CH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃ |
| 150. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | -CH ₃ cyp |
| 151. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | butyl |
| 152. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | pentyl |
| 153. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | -CH ₂ chxl |
| 154. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | ethyl |
| 155. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | methyl |
| 156. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | isopropyl |

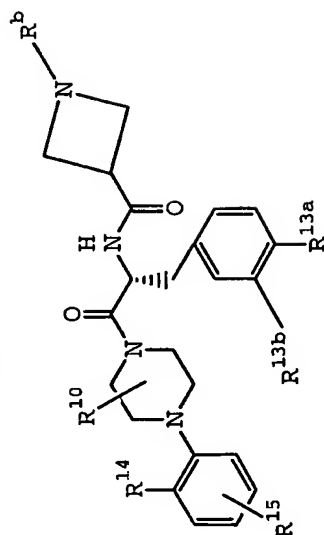
Table 3. cont.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁰ | R ¹⁵ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|---|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 157. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | benzyl |
| 158. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂) amino | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 159. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino- | H | H | Cl | H | propyl |
| 160. | 1,2,3-triazol-2-yl-CH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 161. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminoCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | Boc |
| 162. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminoCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 163. | 1-imidazolylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 164. | 1-tetrazolylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 165. | 2,5-dimethylpyrrolidin-1-yl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 166. | 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 167. | 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-5-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | isopropyl |
| 168. | 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | ethyl |

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Table 3. cont.



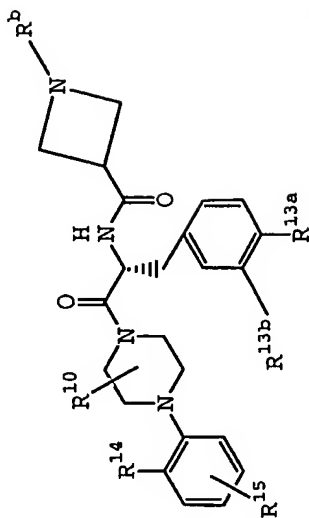
| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁰ | R ¹⁵ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|--|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| 169. | 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | CypCH ₂ - |
| 170. | 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | -CH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃ |
| 171. | 8-aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 172. | 8-aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | isopropyl |
| 173. | 8-aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | ethyl |
| 174. | 8-aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | CypCH ₂ - |
| 175. | 8-aza-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-8-ylmethyl | H | H | Cl | H | -CH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃ |
| 176. | phenoxymethyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 177. | 1-methylpiperazin-4-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 178. | 2,6-dimethylpiperdin-1-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 179. | 3-pyridyloxymethyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 180. | 1,2,3-triazol-2-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | isopropyl |

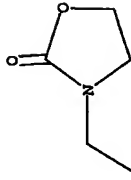
- 222 -

- 223 -

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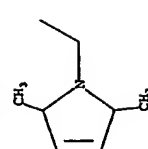
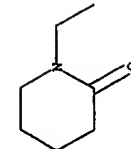
Table 3. cont.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁰ | R ¹⁵ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|---|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 181. | 1,2,3-triazol-2-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 182. | 1,2,3-triazol-2-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | CypCH ₂ - |
| 183. | 1,2,4-triazol-1-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 184. | pyridyl-2-one-CH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 185. | 1,2,3-triazol-2-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | isobutyl |
| 186. | 4-morpholinoCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 187. | 2-CH ₃ -imidazol-1-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 188. |  | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 189. | 2-propylimidazol-1-yl-CH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 190. | 1-piperidylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |

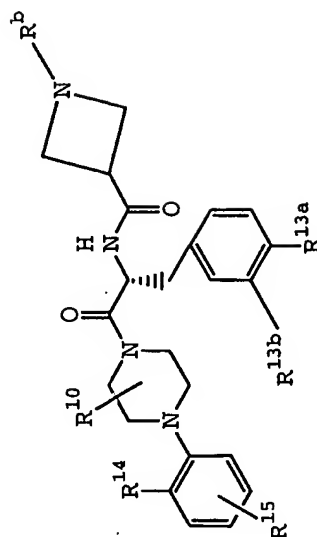
224

Table 3. cont.

| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁰ | R ¹⁵ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|----|---|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| 5 | 191. 1-pyrrolidinylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| | 192. N-(MeSO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| | 193. 2-isopropylimidazol-1-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| | 194. 1,2,3-triazol-2-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | -CH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃ |
| |  | | | | | |
| 10 | 195. | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| |  | | | | | |
| | 196. | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| | 197. 1,2,3-triazol-2-ylCH ₂ | H | H | Cl | H | chx1 |

225

Table 3. cont.

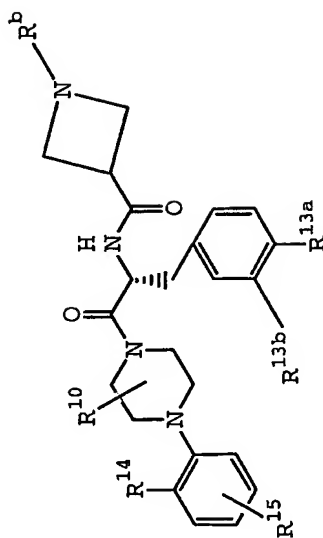


| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁰ | R ¹⁵ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|--|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| 198. | N-(MeSO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | H | Cl | H | cycloheptyl |
| 199. | N-(MeSO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | H | Cl | H | morpholino |
| 200. | N-(MeSO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | H | Cl | H | 2-(ethyl)butyl |
| 201. | N-(MeSO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | H | Cl | H | chxl |
| 202. | 1-pyrazolyl-CH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | CypCH ₂ - |
| 203. | 1-pyrazolyl-CH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | ethyl |
| 204. | 1-pyrazolyl-CH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 205. | 1-pyrazolyl-CH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | isopropyl |
| 206. | 1,2,3-triazol-1-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | isopropyl |
| 207. | N-propyl-N-(CypCH ₂) aminoCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | isobutyl |
| 208. | N-propyl-N-(CypCH ₂) aminoCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | ethyl |
| 209. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminoCH ₂ | H | H | Cl | H | -CH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃ |

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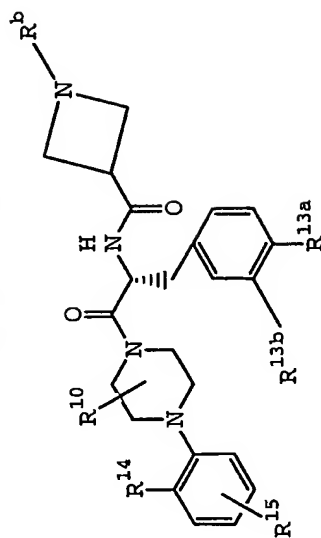
Table 3. cont.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁰ | R ¹⁵ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|--|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| 210. | 1,2,3-triazol-1-ylCH ₂ | H | H | Cl | H | isobutyl |
| 211. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | isobutyl |
| 212. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | -CH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃ |
| 213. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | -CH ₂ cyp |
| 214. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | butyl |
| 215. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | pentyl |
| 216. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | -CH ₂ chxl |
| 217. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | ethyl |
| 218. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | methyl |
| 219. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | isopropyl |
| 220. | N-(CH ₃ SO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) amino | H | H | Br | H | H |
| 221. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(MeSO ₂) amino- | H | H | Cl | H | cyclopentyl |

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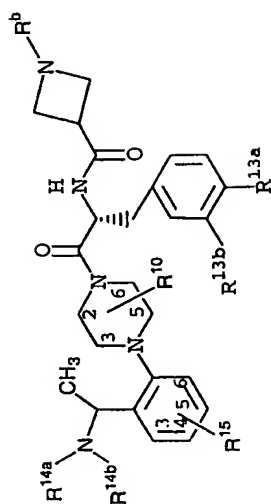
Table 3. cont.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁰ | R ¹⁵ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|--|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|---|
| 222. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(MeSO ₂)amino- | H | H | Cl | H | 2-butyl |
| 223. | 1,2,3-triazol-1-ylCH ₂ - | H | H | Cl | H | ethyl |
| 224. | 1,2,3-triazol-1-ylCH ₂ | H | H | Cl | H | -CH ₂ C(CH ₃) ₃ |
| 225. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminoCH ₂ - | H | H | Br | H | Boc |
| 226. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminoCH ₂ - | H | H | Br | H | H |
| 227. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminoCH ₂ - | H | 4-F | Cl | H | H |

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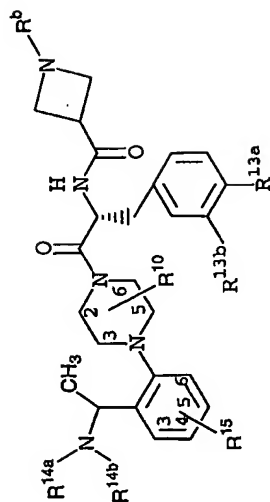
Table 4.



| # | R ^{14a} | R ^{14b} | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁰ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 228. | cyclopropylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 229. | cyclopropylmethyl | H | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 230. | methylcarbonyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | CypCH ₂ |
| 231. | isobutyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 232. | propyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 233. | methylsulfonyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 234. | ethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 235. | ethoxycarbonylcyclopropylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 236. | isopentyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 237. | 4-methylcarbonylaminobenzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 238. | methyl | H | 4-Br | H | Cl | H | H |
| 239. | methylcarbonyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | isobutyl |

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Table 4. cont.

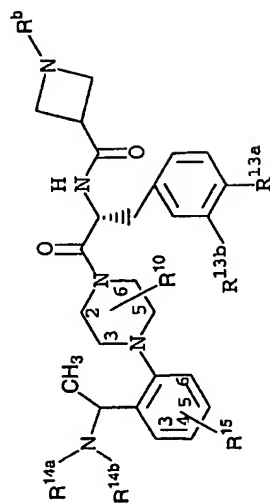


| # | R ^{14a} | R ^{14b} | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁰ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 240. | methylcarbonyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | ethyl |
| 241. | methylcarbonyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 242. | methylcarbonyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | isopropyl |
| 243. | cyclohexylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 244. | methyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |

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Table 4. cont



| # | R ^{14a} | R ^{14b} | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁰ | R ^{13a} | R ^{13b} | R ^b |
|------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 245. | 3-thienylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 246. | benzyloxyethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 247. | 2-methoxybenzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 248. | methyl | H | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 249. | 4-pyridylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 250. | 2-pyrrolidinylmethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 251. | 3-methoxybenzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 252. | benzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 253. | aminoethyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |
| 254. | 4-methoxybenzyl | methyl | H | H | Cl | H | H |

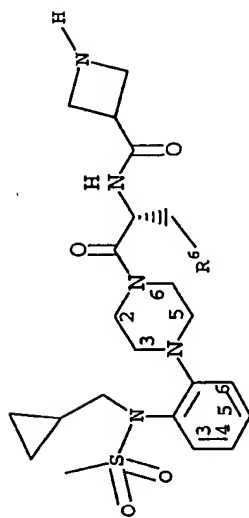
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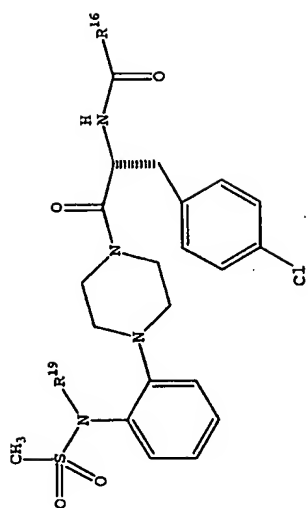
Table 5.



| 5 | # | R ⁶ |
|----|------|-------------------------|
| 10 | 255. | 4-bromophenyl |
| | 256. | 2-naphthyl |
| | 257. | 1,4-biphenyl |
| | 258. | 1-naphthyl |
| 15 | 259. | 3,4-dichlorophenyl |
| | 260. | 4-methoxyphenyl |
| | 261. | 4-iodophenyl |
| | 262. | 3-chlorophenyl |
| 15 | 263. | 4-trifluoromethylphenyl |
| | 264. | 3-pyridyl |

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Table 6

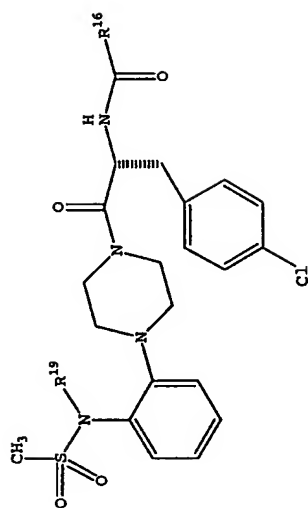


| # | R ¹⁹ | R ¹⁶ |
|------|----------------------|--|
| 265. | -CH ₂ cyp | 6-quinolyl |
| 266. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-(benzyloxy)phenyl |
| 267. | -CH ₂ cyp | -CH ₂ CH ₂ NHCH ₃ |
| 268. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl |
| 269. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-(phenoxy)phenyl |
| 270. | -CH ₂ cyp | -CH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂ |
| 271. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-piperidyl |
| 272. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-fluorophenyl |
| 273. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-(1-pyrrolyl)phenyl |
| 274. | -CH ₂ cyp | 5-methoxyindol-2-yl |
| 275. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-quinolyl |

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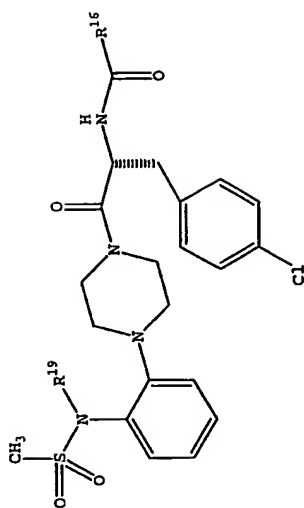
Table 6 cont.



| # | R ¹⁹ | R ¹⁶ |
|------|----------------------|---|
| 276. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-cyanophenyl |
| 277. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-(1-isobutyl)piperidyl |
| 278. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-(1-ethyl)piperidyl |
| 279. | propyl | 3-fluorophenyl-CH ₂ - |
| 280. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-methoxyphenyl |
| 281. | propyl | 2-CF ₃ -phenyl-CH ₂ - |
| 282. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-methylthiophenyl |
| 283. | -CH ₂ cyp | -CH(CH ₃)phenyl |
| 284. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3,4-dimethoxyphenyl-CH ₂ CH ₂ |
| 285. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-fluorophenyl |
| 286. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-pyridyl |

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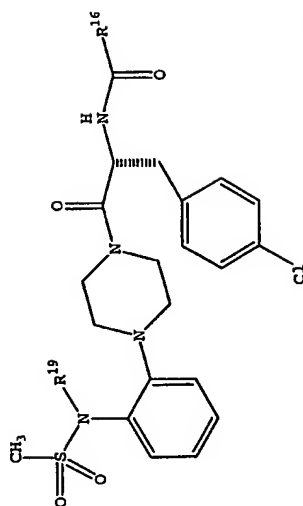
Table 6 cont.



| # | R ¹⁹ | R ¹⁶ |
|------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 287. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-(1-methyl)piperidyl |
| 288. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-(aminomethyl)phenyl |
| 289. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-methylthio pyrid-3-yl |
| 290. | -CH ₂ cyp | 1-aminochxl |
| 291. | -CH ₂ cyp | (1-phenyl)aminomethyl |
| 292. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-tetrahydrofuranyl |
| 293. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-thienyl |
| 294. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-indolyl |
| 295. | -CH ₂ cyp | cyclohexyl |
| 296. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-aminoethyl |
| 297. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-piperidyl |

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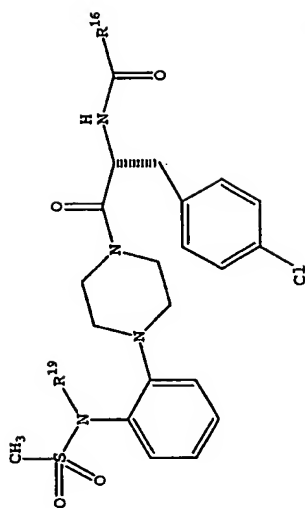
Table 6 cont.



| # | R ¹⁹ | R ¹⁶ |
|------|----------------------|--|
| 309. | -CH ₂ cyp | phenyl (1-amino) ethyl |
| 310. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2- (1, 2, 3, 4-tetrahydronaphthyl) |
| 311. | -CH ₂ cyp | phenyl-HC=C (CH ₃) - |
| 312. | -CH ₂ cyp | isopropyl |
| 313. | -CH ₂ cyp | phenyl-CH (CH ₃) CH ₂ - |
| 314. | -CH ₂ cyp | phenyl (1-hydroxy) ethyl |
| 315. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-indolyethyl |
| 316. | propyl | 2-fluorophenylethyl |
| 317. | -CH ₂ cyp | 1-phenoxypropyl |
| 318. | -CH ₂ cyp | -CH ₂ C (CH ₃) ₃ |
| 319. | propyl | 1- (4-fluoronaphthyl) |

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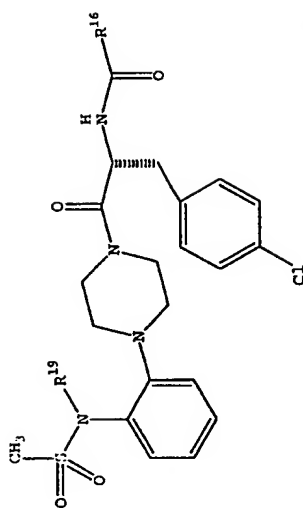
Table 6 cont.



| # | R ¹⁹ | R ¹⁶ |
|---------|----------------------|---|
| 320. | H | 4-aminochxl |
| 5 321. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-benzothienyl |
| 322. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-(1-methylindolyl) |
| 323. | -CH ₂ cyp | 5-(4-chloro-1,3-dimethyl)pyridylpyrazolyl |
| 324. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-indanylCH ₂ - |
| 325. | H | 3-aminocyclopentyl- |
| 10 326. | H | 5-indolyl |
| 327. | -CH ₂ cyp | phenyl (1-methylamino) ethyl |
| 328. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-indolylCH ₂ - |
| 329. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-(7-pyridyl) oxazolyl |

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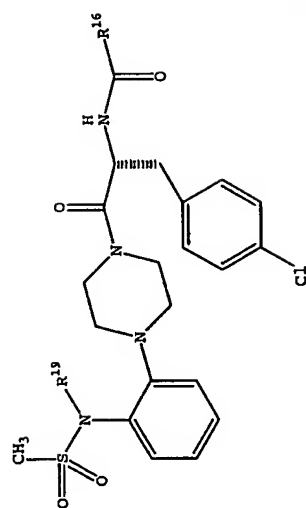
Table 6 cont.



| # | R ¹⁹ | R ¹⁶ |
|------|----------------------|--|
| 330. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-benzoxazolyl |
| 331. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-methoxyphenyl |
| 332. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3-(phenoxy)phenyl |
| 333. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-benzofuran |
| 334. | H | 3-pyridylethyl |
| 335. | H | 1-methyl-5-pyridyl-2-oxo-pyrrolidin-4-yl |
| 336. | -CH ₂ cyp | 4-dimethylaminophenyl-CH ₂ - |
| 337. | propyl | (2,5-di-trifluoromethylphenyl)ethyl |
| 338. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-methyl-3-indolyl |
| 339. | -CH ₂ cyp | 1-(benzylamino)ethyl |
| 340. | H | 2-(4 pyridyloxazolyl) |

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Table 6 cont.

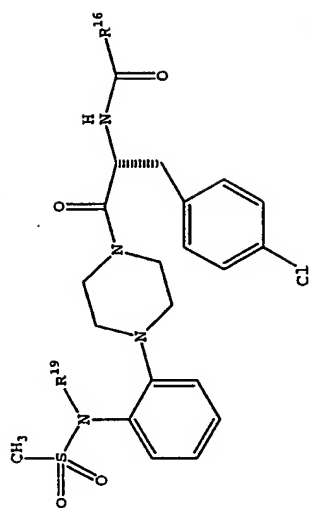


| # | R ¹⁹ | R ¹⁶ |
|----|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| 5 | 341. H | 2-quinolyl |
| | 342. propyl | 4-piperidyl |
| | 343. CypCH ₂ - | 4-ethoxycarbonylpiperid-1-yl |
| | 344. CypCH ₂ - | 1-piperazinyl |
| | 345. CypCH ₂ - | 4-Boc-piperid-1-yl |
| 10 | 346. propyl | 3-CF ₃ -phenyl |
| | 347. propyl | 4-CF ₃ -phenyl |
| | 348. CypCH ₂ - | 3-CF ₃ -phenyl |
| | 349. CypCH ₂ - | 4-CF ₃ -phenyl |
| | 350. propyl | 4-fluorophenyl |
| 15 | 351. propyl | 2-naphthyl |

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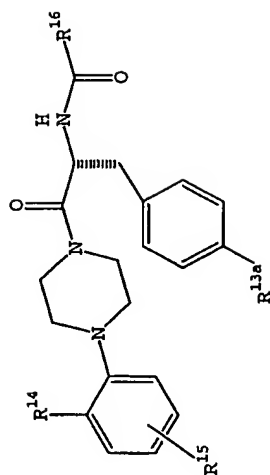
Table 6 cont.



| # | R ¹⁹ | R ¹⁶ |
|------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 352. | propyl | phenyl |
| 353. | propyl | 3-pyridyl |
| 354. | propyl | 4-pyridyl |
| 355. | CypCH ₂ - | 4-pyridyl |
| 356. | CypCH ₂ - | |

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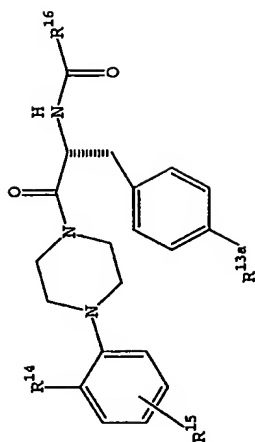
Table 7.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁶ | R ¹⁵ | R ^{13a} |
|------|--|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 357. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂) amino) ethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 358. | 1-(N,N-(CypCH ₂) ₂ amino) ethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 359. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂) -N-propylamino) ethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 360. | (N,N-(CypCH ₂) ₂ amino) CH ₂ - | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 361. | N-(CypCH ₂) -N-propylaminomethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 362. | N-(CypCH ₂) -N-ethylaminomethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 363. | N,N-(propyl) ₂ aminomethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 364. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂) -N-butylamino) ethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 365. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂) -N-isopentylamino) ethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 366. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂) -N-(Chx1CH ₂) amino) ethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 367. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂) -N-(CH ₃ S(CH ₂) ₃) amino) ethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |
| 368. | N-(CypCH ₂) -N-(MeSO ₂) aminomethyl | 6-quinolyl | H | Cl |

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Table 7. cont.



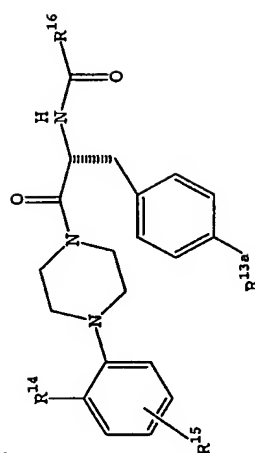
| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁶ | R ^{13a} |
|------|---|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 369. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(3-thienylmethyl)amino)ethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 370. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(CH ₃ C=O)amino)ethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 371. | 1-hydroxyethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 372. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)-N-isobutylamino)ethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 373. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(phenylethyl)amino)ethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 374. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(MeSO ₂)aminomethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 375. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(pentyl)amino)ethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 376. | N,N-di(isobutyl)aminomethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 377. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(2-ethylbutyl)amino)ethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 378. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)-N-(3-methylphenyl)amino)ethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 379. | N-(MeSO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂)aminomethyl | H | 3-isoquinolyl | Cl |
| 380. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)amino)ethyl | H | 3-isoquinolyl | Cl |

5

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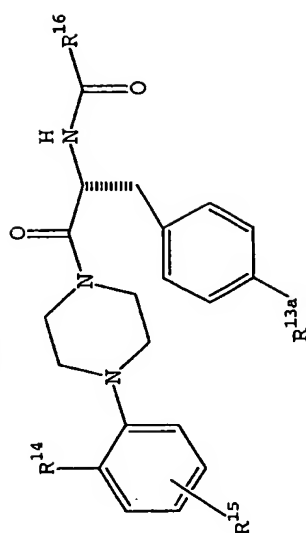
Table 7. cont.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁶ | R ^{13a} |
|------|--|-----------------|--|------------------|
| 5 | | | | |
| 381. | N-(MeSO ₂)-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | 4-piperidyl | Cl |
| 382. | N-propyl-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | piperid-1-ylethyl | Cl |
| 383. | 1,2,3-triazol-1-ylmethyl | H | 1-ethylpiperid-4-yl | Cl |
| 384. | N-propyl-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | 1-isobutylpiperid-4-yl | Cl |
| 385. | N-isopropyl-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | 1-ethylpiperid-4-yl | Cl |
| 386. | N-ethyl-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | 1-ethylpiperid-4-yl | Cl |
| 387. | N-cyclopentyl-N-(CypCH ₂) aminomethyl | H | 1-ethylpiperid-4-yl | Cl |
| 388. | 1,2,3-triazol-1-ylmethyl | H | 1-isopropylpiperid-4-yl | Cl |
| 389. | 1,2,3-triazol-1-ylmethyl | H | 1-(CypCH ₂) piperid-4-yl | Cl |
| 390. | 1,2,3-triazol-1-ylmethyl | H | 1-isobutylpiperid-4-yl | Cl |
| 15 | | | | |
| 391. | 1,2,3-triazol-1-ylmethyl | H | 1-[(CH ₃) ₃ CCH ₂] piperid-4-yl | Cl |

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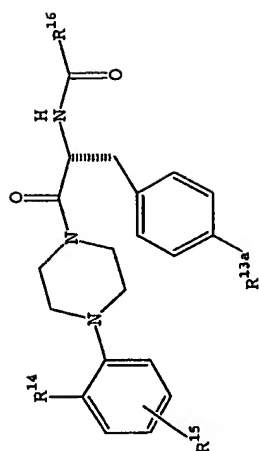
Table 7. cont.



| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁶ | R ^{13a} |
|------|---|-----------------|---|------------------|
| 392. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | 6-quinolyl | Br |
| 393. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | 3-quinolyl | Br |
| 394. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | 4-piperidyl | Br |
| 395. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | 1-ethylpiperid-4-yl | Br |
| 396. | N-propyl-N-(CypCH ₂)aminomethyl | H | 1-isobutylpiperid-4-yl | Br |
| 397. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | 1-isopropylpiperid-4-yl | Br |
| 398. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | 1-(CypCH ₂)piperid-4-yl | Br |
| 399. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | 1-isobutylpiperid-4-yl | Br |
| 400. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | 1-[(CH ₃) ₃ CCH ₂]piperid-4-yl | Br |
| 401. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | piperid-1-ylethyl | Br |
| 402. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | H | ethylaminoethyl | Br |
| 403. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)amino)ethyl | H | 2-quinolyl | Cl |
| 404. | 1-(N-(CypCH ₂)amino)ethyl | H | 4-piperidyl | Cl |

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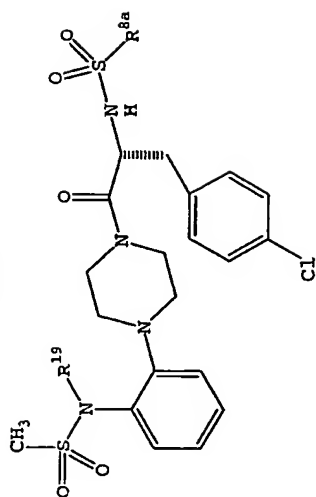
Table 7. cont.

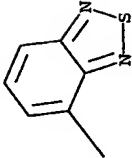


| # | R ¹⁴ | R ¹⁵ | R ¹⁶ | R ^{13a} |
|------|---|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 405. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | F | piperid-1-ylethyl | Cl |
| 406. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | F | N-methylaminoethyl | Cl |
| 407. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | F | N,N-di(ethyl)aminoethyl | Cl |
| 408. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | F | N-ethylaminoethyl | Cl |
| 409. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | F | 6-quinolyl | Cl |
| 410. | N-(CypCH ₂)-N-propylaminomethyl | F | 3-quinolyl | Cl |

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Table 8.



| # | R ¹⁹ | R ^{8a} |
|------|----------------------|--|
| 411. | -CH ₂ cyp |  |
| 412. | -CH ₂ cyp | |
| 413. | -CH ₂ cyp | |
| 414. | -CH ₂ cyp | |
| 415. | -CH ₂ cyp | |
| 416. | -CH ₂ cyp | phenyl |
| 417. | -CH ₂ cyp | benzyl |
| 418. | -CH ₂ cyp | 1-methylimidazol-4-yl |
| 419. | -CH ₂ cyp | 3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-yl |
| | | 2-methoxycarbonylthien-3-yl |
| | | 4-fluorophenyl |
| | | 4-methylcarbonylaminophenyl |
| | | 2-(phenylcarbonylaminomethyl)thien-5-yl |

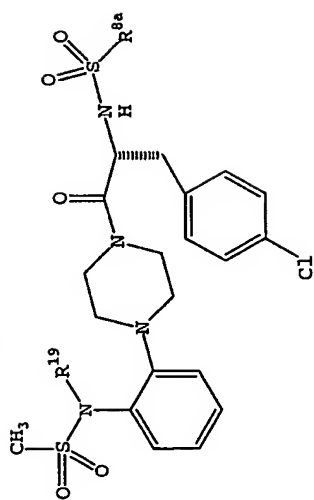
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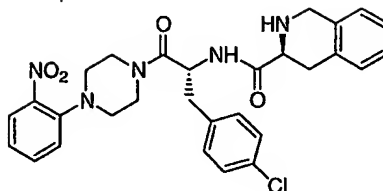
Table 8. cont



| # | R ¹⁹ | R ^{8a} |
|------|----------------------|--|
| 5 | | |
| 420. | -CH ₂ cyp | 1-naphthyl |
| 421. | -CH ₂ cyp | 6-quinolyl |
| 422. | -CH ₂ cyp | 2-(trifluoromethylcarbonyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinol-7-yl |

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Example 423

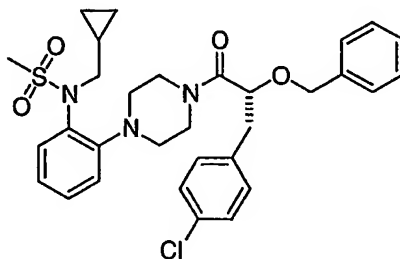


5 ***N*-((1*R*)-1-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl)-((3*S*)-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)carboxamide hydrochloride**

The titled compound was prepared from *tert*-butyl 3-(*N*-
 10 { (1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-nitrophenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl}carbamoyl) (3*S*)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate (120 mg, 0.18 mmol, Preparation VIII) by treatment with 5 mL of a satd soln of HCl in EtOAc. This was purified by preparative HPLC (TFA
 15 buffer) to give the title compound as white solid (65 mg). MS (ESI, pos. ion) *m/z*: 548 (M+H). Calc'd for C₂₉H₃₀ClN₅O₄: 547.20.

Example 424

20



25

(2*S*)-3-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylmethoxy)propan-1-one

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Step 1

To a 250-mL round-bottomed flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar was added *N*-Boc-*p*-Cl-*D*-Phe-OH (PepTech Corp.) (5.0 g, 25 mmol) followed by 1M H₂SO₄ (50 mL). The heterogeneous solution was heated to dissolve the amino acid. Upon cooling the amino acid formed a white flocculent precipitate. The solution was cooled to 0°C and water was added until efficient stirring was restored (ca. 25-50 mL). To the solution was added NaNO₂ (2.6 g in 10 mL H₂O, 38 mmol) over 2.5 h utilizing a syringe pump. Once the addition was complete the ice bath was allowed to melt on its own and warm to room temp. After stirring for 24 h the reaction mixture was diluted with H₂O (200 ml) and saturated with (NH₄)₂SO₄, extracted with Et₂O (3 x 200 mL), and the combined extracts were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated onto silica gel. Purification by chromatography (0.5% to 5% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂) afforded (2*S*)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxypropanoic acid as a white solid (1.8 g). MS (ESI, neg. ion) *m/z* 199 (*M*-1). Calc'd for C₉H₁₀ClNO₂: 199.04.

Step 2

To a 250-mL round-bottomed flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar was added *tert*-butyl 4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)aminophenyl]-piperazinecarboxylate (Example 58, Step 1) (7.8 g, 19 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). To this solution at RT was added TFA (33 mL). This was stirred for 1 h and concentrated on a rotary evaporator. The residue was taken up in 10% Na₂CO₃ (aq.) and CH₂Cl₂ and stirred for 0.5 h. It was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ and the combined extracts were washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to afford *N*-(cyclopropylmethyl)-(methylsulfonyl)(2-piperazinylphenyl)amine (5.9 g). This was used without

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further purification. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z 310 (M+1).
Calc'd for $C_{15}H_{23}N_3O_2S$: 309.15.

Step 3

5 To a 250-mL round bottomed-flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar and containing a solution of N-(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)(2-piperazinyl-phenyl)amine (Step 2) (1.8 g, 5.8 mmol) and (2S)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-hydroxypropanoic acid (Step 1) (1.2 g, 5.8
10 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL) and DMF (30 mL) at RT was added HOAT (Aldrich) (0.87 g, 6.4 mmol) followed by EDC (Aldrich) (1.3 g, 7.0 mmol). This was stirred for 18 h and diluted with CH_2Cl_2 (300 mL). The mixture was washed with H_2O (3 x 100 mL), aq. $NaHCO_3$ (1 x 100 mL) and brine (1 x 100 mL). It was
15 dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated onto silica gel. Purification by chromatography (40 to 55% EtOAc/hexanes) afforded (2S)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)-(methylsulfonyl)amino]-phenyl}-piperazinyl)-2-hydroxypropan-1-one as a slightly yellow oil
20 (1.8 g). Analytically pure material was obtained by reverse phase preparative scale chromatography (Column: MetaChem Polaris C_{18} -A 5 micron, flow: 20 mL/min, gradient: 5 to 100% CH_3CN (0.1% TFA) / H_2O (0.1% TFA). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z 492 (M+1). Calc'd for $C_{24}H_{30}ClN_3O_4S$: 491.16.

25

Step 4

To a 15-mL round-bottomed flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar and containing (2S)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)-(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)-2-hydroxypropan-1-one (Step 3) (0.075 g, 0.15
30 mmol) in 2 mL THF at RT was added NaH (Aldrich) (0.007 g of 60% dispersion in oil, 0.17 mmol). Gas evolution was observed and after 5 min benzyl bromide (Aldrich) (20 mL, 0.17 mmol) was added. After stirring for 18 h, the mixture

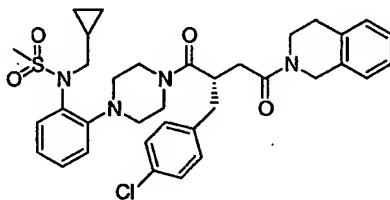
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was quenched with aq. NaHCO_3 and extracted with Et_2O . The combined ether extracts were washed with H_2O and brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated onto silica gel.

Purification by chromatography (30-55% EtOAc /hexanes)

- 5 afforded (2S)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)-(methylsulfonyl)amino]-
phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-(phenyl-methoxy)propan-1-one as a
colorless oil (0.065 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z 582 (M+1).
Calc'd for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{36}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_4\text{S}$: 581.21.

10

Example 425

- 15 (2S)-2-[(4-Chlorophenyl)methyl]-1-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)-(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-
piperazinyl)-4-(2-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)butane-1,4-
dione

Step 1

- 20 To a solution of 3-phenylpropanoic acid (5.5g, 27 mmol) in
anhydrous CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL, Aldrich) was added oxalyl chloride
(5 mL, Aldrich), followed by 3 drops of DMF. The reaction
mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h, then the solvent was
removed in vacuo. The residue was re-dissolved in anhydrous
25 CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) and concentrated again. The product, 3-(4-
chlorophenyl)propanoyl chloride, was dissolved in anhydrous
THF (Aldrich) and cooled to -78°C in a dry ice bath for the
next step.

30

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Step 2

To a solution of (4R)-(phenylmethyl)-2-oxazolidone (5.5 g, 30 mmol) and 5 mg of triphenylmethane (indicator) in 200 mL of anhydrous THF at -40°C under N₂, was added n-butyllithium
5 (2.5 M in hexane, 30 mmol, Aldrich) until an orange color persisted. The resulted solution was then cooled to -78°C, and the THF solution of 3-phenyl-propanoyl chloride (Step 1) was added. The reaction was stirred at -78°C for 1 h. After warming to 0°C, the reaction mixture was poured onto
10 50 mL of satd. NaHCO₃ and extracted with 100 mL of CH₂Cl₂. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by a silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc) to afford (4R)-3-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl]-4-benzyl-1,3-oxazolidin-2-one
15 as a white solid (7.5 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 344.0 (M+1). Calc'd for C₁₉H₁₉ClNO₃: 343.10.

Step 3

To a solution of (4R)-3-[3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl]-4-benzyl-1,3-oxazolidin-2-one (Step 2) (3.0 g, 8.72 mmol) in
20 anhydrous THF (100 mL, Aldrich) at -78°C was added a THF solution of NaHMDS (13.1 mL, 1M, Aldrich). The solution was stirred at -78°C for 30 min then at -20°C for 30 min. The solution was cooled to -78°C again and t-butyl bromoacetate
25 (1.93 mL, 13.1 mol) was added to the reaction mixture via a syringe. The reaction was stirred at -78°C for 2 h. After warming to RT, the reaction mixture was poured onto 1M NaH₂PO₄ (50 mL). The desired compound was extracted with 100 mL of EtOAc and the organic phase was washed with 50 mL
30 of brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The compound was further purified with silica gel column chromatography (20% to 50% EtOAc in hexane) to provide tert-butyl 4-[(4R)-2-oxo-4-benzyl(1,3-oxazolidin-3-yl)](3S)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-4-oxobutanoate as a light yellow

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solid (3.5 g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 458.0 (M+1). Calc'd for $C_{25}H_{28}ClNO_5$: 457.17.

Step 4

- 5 To a solution of tert-butyl 4-[(4R)-2-oxo-4-benzyl-(1,3-oxazolidin-3-yl)] (3S)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-4-oxobutanoate (Step 3) (0.3 g, 0.656 mmol) in 10 mL of THF was added 0.1 mL of H_2O_2 (35%) and 33 mg of LiOH-H₂O (0.787 mmol). The reaction was stirred at RT for 3 h and extracted
- 10 with 30 mL of Et₂O. The aqueous solution was acidified with 2N HCl to pH ~ 2 and extracted with 50 mL of EtOAc. These EtOAc extractions were combined, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. (2S)-3-[(tert-Butyl)-oxycarbonyl]-2-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-propanoic acid was obtained as
- 15 light yellow oil (0.15 g) and was used in the next step without further purification. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z : 299.0 (M+1). Calc'd for $C_{15}H_{19}ClO_4$: 298.10.

Step 5

- 20 To a solution of (cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)-(2-piperazinyl-phenyl)amine (HCl salt, 2.3 g, 6.0 mmol), (2S)-3-[(tert-butyl)oxycarbonyl]-2-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]propanoic acid (1.8 g, 6.02 mmol, Step 4), HOBt (0.81 g, 6.0 mmol, Novabiochem), and TEA (1.67 mL, 12.0
- 25 mmol) in 20 mL of CH₂Cl₂ at 0°C was added EDC (1.73 g, 9.03 mmol, Advanced Chemtech). The reaction was warmed to RT and stirred for 12 h. The reaction was quenched with satd NaHCO₃, extracted with 80 mL of EtOAc and the organic solution was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and
- 30 concentrated in vacuo. The compound was further purified by silica gel column chromatography (50% EtOAc in hexane) to provide 2.3 g of tert-butyl (3S)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]-4-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)-aminophenyl]-piperazinyl)-4-oxobutanoate as a white foam.

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MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 590.6 (M+1). Calc'd for $C_{30}H_{40}ClN_3O_5S$: 589.24. Anal. Calcd for $C_{30}H_{40}ClN_3O_5S$: C, 61.05; H, 6.83; N, 7.12; Cl, 6.01. Found: C, 60.91; H, 6.69; N, 7.09; Cl, 6.16.

5

Step 6

A solution of *tert*-butyl (3*S*)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)-methyl]-4-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)-(methylsulfonyl)-amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-4-oxobutanoate (Step 5) (0.16 g, 0.27 mmol) in 10 mL of 50% TFA in CH_2Cl_2 mixture was stirred at RT for 2 h. The volatile solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 and concentrated *in vacuo*. (3*S*)-3-[(4-Chlorophenyl)-methyl]-4-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)-(methylsulfonyl)-amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-4-oxobutanoic acid was obtained as a light yellow solid (0.14 g) MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 534.4 (M+1). Calc'd for $C_{26}H_{32}ClN_3O_5S$: 533.18. Anal. Calcd for $C_{26}H_{32}ClN_3O_5S \cdot 1.5H_2O$: C, 55.66; H, 6.29; N, 7.49; Cl, 6.32. Found: C, 55.51; H, 5.85; N, 7.35; Cl, 6.12.

20

Step 7

To a solution of (3*S*)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-4-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)-4-oxobutanoic acid (Step 6) (0.63 g, 0.97 mmol), *tert*-butyl piperazinecarboxylate (0.272 g, 1.46 mmol), HOBt (0.131 g, 0.97 mmol) and TEA (0.135 mL, 0.97 mmol) in 10 mL of CH_2Cl_2 at 0°C was added EDC (0.28 g, 1.46 mmol). The reaction was warmed to RT and stirred for 12 h. The reaction was quenched with satd. $NaHCO_3$, and extracted with 50 mL of EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude compound was further purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc) to afford *tert*-butyl 4-[(3*S*)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-4-(4-{2-

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[(cyclopropylmethyl) (methylsulfonyl) amino]-phenyl}piperaziny]-4-oxobutanoyl]piperazinecarboxylate as a white foam (0.3g). MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 702.5 (M+1). Calc'd for C₃₅H₄₈ClN₅O₆S: 701.30. Anal. Calcd for C₃₅H₄₈ClN₅O₆S·0.5H₂O: C, 59.10; H, 6.94; N, 9.85; Cl, 4.98. Found: C, 59.32; H, 6.94; N, 9.81; Cl, 5.17.

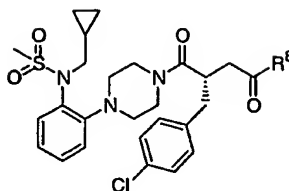
Step 8

To a solution of (3S)-3-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-4-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl) (methylsulfonyl) amino]-phenyl}-piperaziny]-4-oxobutanoic acid (Step 7) (75 mg, 0.116 mmol), 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline (0.017 mL, 0.14 mmol), and TEA (0.064 mL, 0.46 mmol) in 5 mL of CH₂Cl₂ at 0°C was added BOP-Cl (44 mg, 0.17 mmol). The reaction was warmed to RT and stirred for 12 h. The reaction was diluted with 20 mL of CH₂Cl₂ and washed with satd. NaHCO₃, followed by brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc) to afford a white foam (0.3 g, 44%). Final prep-HPLC purification was performed to provide 20 mg of (2S)-2-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-1-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl) (methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl}-piperaziny)-4-(2-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)butane-1,4-dione. MS (ESI, pos. ion) m/z: 649.4 (M+1). Calc'd for C₃₅H₄₈ClN₅O₆S: 648.25. Anal. Calcd for C₃₅H₄₈ClN₅O₆S·0.5H₂O: C, 59.10; H, 6.94; N, 9.85; Cl, 4.98. Found: C, 59.32; H, 6.94; N, 9.81; Cl, 5.17.

Other compounds included in this invention are set forth in Tables 9-13 below.

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Table 9.

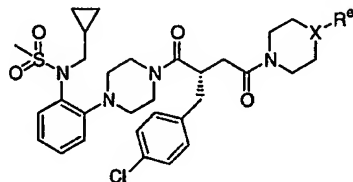


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| # | R ⁸ | Formula | MW | MH ⁺ |
|---------|---|---|--------|-----------------|
| 426. | <i>tert</i> -butoxy | C ₃₀ H ₄₀ ClN ₃ O ₅ S | 589.24 | 590.6 |
| 427. | OH | C ₂₆ H ₃₂ ClN ₃ O ₅ S | 533.18 | 534.4 |
| 10 428. | 1,2,3,4-tetra- hydroisoquinolin-2-yl | C ₃₅ H ₄₁ ClN ₄ O ₄ S | 648.25 | 649.4 |
| 429. | 2-furymethyl- amino | C ₃₁ H ₃₇ ClN ₄ O ₅ S | 612.22 | 613.5 |

15

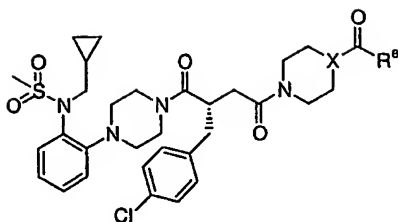
Table 10.



| # | R ⁹ | X | Formula | MW | MH ⁺ |
|---------|-------------------|----|---|--------|-----------------|
| 430. | H | N | C ₃₀ H ₄₀ ClN ₅ O ₄ S | 601.25 | 602.6 |
| 431. | ethyl | N | C ₃₂ H ₄₄ ClN ₅ O ₄ S | 629.28 | 630.3 |
| 432. | propyl | N | C ₃₃ H ₄₆ ClN ₅ O ₄ S | 643.30 | 644.5 |
| 433. | 3-methylbutyl | N | C ₃₅ H ₅₀ ClN ₅ O ₄ S | 671.33 | 673.4 |
| 25 434. | 2-methylpropyl | N | C ₃₄ H ₄₈ ClN ₅ O ₄ S | 657.31 | 658.4 |
| 435. | cyclopropylmethyl | N | C ₃₄ H ₄₆ ClN ₅ O ₄ S | 655.30 | 656.4 |
| 436. | H | CH | C ₃₁ H ₄₁ ClN ₄ O ₄ S | 600.25 | 601.5 |
| 437. | pyrrolidinyl | CH | C ₃₁ H ₄₁ ClN ₄ O ₄ S | 669.31 | 670.7 |

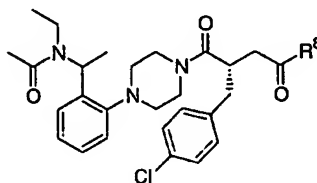
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Table 11.



| # | R ^e | X | Formula | MW | MH ⁺ |
|------|--------------------|---|---|--------|-----------------|
| 438. | methyl | N | C ₃₂ H ₄₂ ClN ₅ O ₅ S | 643.26 | 644.6 |
| 439. | tert-butyloxy | N | C ₃₅ H ₄₈ ClN ₅ O ₆ S | 701.30 | 702.5 |
| 440. | phenyl | N | C ₃₇ H ₄₄ ClN ₅ O ₅ S | 705.28 | 706.3 |
| 441. | ethoxy | N | C ₃₃ H ₄₄ ClN ₅ O ₆ S | 673.27 | 674.5 |
| 442. | 2,2-dimethyl-butyl | N | C ₃₁ H ₄₀ ClN ₇ O | 699.32 | 700.5 |
| 443. | ethyl | C | C ₃₄ H ₄₅ ClN ₄ O ₆ S | 672.27 | 673.6 |

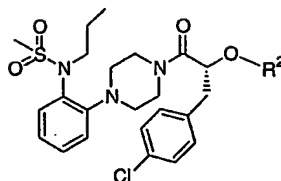
Table 12.



| # | R ⁸ | Formula | MW | MH ⁺ |
|------|----------------------------------|---|--------|-----------------|
| 444. | 1,3-thiazolidinyl | C ₃₀ H ₃₉ ClN ₄ O ₃ S | 570.24 | 571.2 |
| 445. | morpholino | C ₃₁ H ₄₁ ClN ₄ O ₄ | 568.28 | 569.2 |
| 446. | tert-butyl piperazinecarboxylate | C ₃₆ H ₅₀ ClN ₅ O ₅ | 667.35 | 668.5 |
| 447. | cyclobutylamino | C ₃₁ H ₄₁ ClN ₄ O ₃ | 552.29 | 553.3 |
| 448. | azetidiny | C ₃₀ H ₃₉ ClN ₄ O ₃ | 538.27 | 539.2 |
| 449. | (2-fluorophenyl)methylamino | C ₃₄ H ₄₀ ClFN ₄ O ₃ | 606.28 | 607.2 |
| 450. | 2-pyridylmethylamino | C ₃₃ H ₄₀ ClN ₅ O ₃ | 589.28 | 590.7 |
| 451. | (2-methoxyethyl)methylamino | C ₃₁ H ₄₃ ClN ₄ O ₄ | 570.30 | 571.2 |

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Table 13.



| | | |
|----|------|-------------------------|
| 5 | # | R ² |
| | 452. | 4-fluorobenzyl |
| | 453. | 3-fluorobenzyl |
| | 454. | 4-trifluoromethylbenzyl |
| 10 | 455. | 3-trifluoromethylbenzyl |
| | 456. | 2-naphthyl |

Although the pharmacological properties of the compounds of Formula I vary with structural change, in general, activity possessed by compounds of Formula I may be demonstrated *in vivo*. The pharmacological properties of the compounds of this invention may be confirmed by a number of pharmacological *in vitro* assays. The exemplified pharmacological assays which follow have been carried out with the compounds according to the invention and their salts.

BIOLOGICAL EVALUATION

A number of models exist for the study of obesity (see, e.g., Bray, G. A., 1992, *Prog. Brain Res.* 93: 333-341; and Bray, G.A., 1989, *Amer. J. Clin. Nutr.* 5: 891-902). Animals having mutations which lead to syndromes that include obesity symptoms have also been identified.

Attempts have been made to utilize such animals as models for the study of obesity, and the best studied animal models to date for genetic obesity are mice. For reviews,

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see, e.g., Friedman, J.M. et al., 1991, Mamm. Gen. 1: 130-144; Friedman, J.M. and Liebel, R.L., 1992, Cell 69: 217-220.

Assays which demonstrate MCR4/MCR3 agonistic activity
5 of compounds are well known in the art. One particularly
useful assay is the BioTrak™ cAMP direct enzyme
immunoassay (EIA) system from Amersham Pharmacia Biotech,
which quantitates the cAMP response of cells to MC ligands.
This system allows the simple quantitation of total cellular
10 cAMP measurement in cells exposed to selective ligands.
Briefly summarized: HEK cells stably transfected with the
MC-1, MC-3 or MC-4 receptors are plated into 96 well
microtiter plates and grown overnight. Cells are dosed with
the appropriate MC ligand for 1 hour and then lysed. A
15 fraction of the lysed cell extract is transferred to the
assay plate. The ELISA assay is performed according to kit
instructions. Each plate contains a series of cAMP standards
for calculating a standard curve, as well as a full MC
agonist as a positive control for each MC receptor. cAMP
20 activity is calculated as a % of the maximum cAMP activity
of the full MC agonist control.

Penile erection test in the rat

25 Method that can be used includes a modified version of
that reported by Heaton et al. (J. Urol., 145, 1099-1102,
1991.) and Ghasi-Kanzari et al. (Pharmacol. Toxicol., 81,
81-84, 1997.). Rats are kept under a reversed 12-hr
light/dark cycle for 5 days prior to testing. On the test
30 day, animals are administered compound via intraperitoneal
route of administration 1 hr after the lights go off and
then immediately placed in individual Plexiglas cages (32 x
14 x 13 cm). Under red lighting, rats are observed for 1
hr. The number of penile erections and yawns are recorded.

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There are 10 animals per treatment group and bromocriptine (4 mg/kg) is used as the reference agent as well as a vehicle control. Data are analyzed by comparing treated groups with vehicle control using Mann Whitney U tests.

5

Fast-induced food intake in mice

Male C57BL/6 mice (25-30 g) were used for studies. Food was removed from group-housed mice (5-8/cage) overnight (16-18 hr). The next day, mice were dosed with compound (in 20% Captisol or HPMC/Tween or PBS, depending on the solubility) and then placed into individual cages. Fifteen min following systemic dosing or 30 min following intra-cerebroventricular (i.c.v) dosing (i.e., time to recover from anesthesia), a pre-weighed amount of food was placed in each cage. Food was then weighed 1, 2 and 4 hr after replacement. Cumulative food intake was determined as the difference between the initial weight of the food and the weight of the food at each time point. For statistical analysis, food intake values of compound treated animals were compared with that of vehicle treated animals using ANOVA followed by a post-hoc test (i.e., FLSD) when warranted. For these studies, group sizes for each treatment were 8-10 animals. For i.c.v. dosing, animals were anesthetized using isoflurane. Next, the i.c.v. injection was made using a free-hand technique. Mice were allowed 30 min to recover prior to the start of the test.

Examples 4, 67, 71, 270, 273 and 308 caused a reduction in feeding at concentrations of 30 mg/kg or below.

30

Formulations

In practical use, the compounds of Formula I can be combined as the active ingredient in intimate admixture with

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a pharmaceutical carrier according to conventional pharmaceutical compounding techniques. The carrier may take a wide variety of forms depending on the form of preparation desired for administration, e.g., oral or parenteral (including intravenous). In preparing the compositions for oral dosage form, any of the usual pharmaceutical media may be employed, such as, for example, water, glycols, oils, alcohols, flavoring agents, preservatives, coloring agents and the like in the case of oral liquid preparations, such as, for example, suspensions, elixirs and solutions; or carriers such as starches, sugars, microcrystalline cellulose, diluents, granulating agents, lubricants, binders, disintegrating agents and the like in the case of oral solid preparations such as, for example, powders, hard and soft capsules and tablets, with the solid oral preparations being preferred over the liquid preparations.

Also embraced within this invention is a class of pharmaceutical compositions comprising the active compounds of Formula I in association with one or more non-toxic, pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers and/or diluents and/or adjuvants (collectively referred to herein as "carrier" materials) and, if desired, other active ingredients. The active compounds of the present invention may be administered by any suitable route, preferably in the form of a pharmaceutical composition adapted to such a route, and in a dose effective for the treatment intended.

The compounds and compositions of the present invention may, for example, be administered orally, mucosally, topically, rectally, pulmonarily such as by inhalation spray, nasal or buccal or parentally including intravascularly, intravenously, intraperitoneally, subcutaneously, intramuscularly intrasternally and infusion techniques, in dosage unit formulations containing

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conventional pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, adjuvants, and vehicles.

The pharmaceutically active compounds of this invention can be processed in accordance with conventional
5 methods of pharmacy to produce medicinal agents for administration to patients, including humans and other mammals.

For example, in the case of a 70 kg adult human, these may contain an amount of active ingredient from about 0.7
10 to 3500 mg, preferably from about 5 to 1500 mg. A suitable daily dose for a human or other mammal may vary widely depending on the condition of the patient and other factors, but, once again, can be determined using routine methods.

15 The amount of compounds which are administered and the dosage regimen for treating a disease condition with the compounds and/or compositions of this invention depends on a variety of factors, including the age, weight, sex and medical condition of the subject, the type of disease, the
20 severity of the disease, the route and frequency of administration, and the particular compound employed. Thus, the dosage regimen may vary widely, but can be determined routinely using standard methods. A daily dose of about 0.01 to 100 mg/kg body weight, preferably between about 0.1
25 and about 50 mg/kg body weight and most preferably between about 0.5 to 20 mg/kg body weight, may be appropriate may be appropriate. The daily dose can be administered in one to four doses per day.

For oral administration, the pharmaceutical
30 composition may be in the form of, for example, a tablet, capsule, suspension or liquid. The pharmaceutical composition is preferably made in the form of a dosage unit containing a particular amount of the active ingredient. Examples of such dosage units are tablets or capsules.

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Solutions or suspensions of these active compounds can be prepared in water suitably mixed with a surfactant such as hydroxy-propylcellulose. Dispersions can also be prepared in glycerol, liquid polyethylene glycols and mixtures thereof in oils. Under ordinary conditions of storage and use, these preparations contain a preservative to prevent the growth of microorganisms.

Because of their ease of administration, tablets and capsules represent the most advantageous oral dosage unit form in which case solid pharmaceutical carriers are obviously employed. If desired, tablets may be coated by standard aqueous or nonaqueous techniques. Such compositions and preparations should contain at least 0.1 percent of active compound. The percentage of active compound in these compositions may, of course, be varied and may conveniently be between about 2 percent to about 60 percent of the weight of the unit. The amount of active compound in such therapeutically useful compositions is such that an effective dosage will be obtained. The active compounds can also be administered intranasally as, for example, liquid drops or spray.

For therapeutic purposes, the active compounds of this invention are ordinarily combined with one or more adjuvants appropriate to the indicated route of administration. If administered per os, the compounds may be admixed with lactose, sucrose, starch powder, cellulose esters of alkanolic acids, cellulose alkyl esters, talc, stearic acid, magnesium stearate, magnesium oxide, sodium and calcium salts of phosphoric and sulfuric acids, gelatin, acacia gum, sodium alginate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, and/or polyvinyl alcohol, and then tableted or encapsulated for convenient administration. Such capsules or tablets may contain a controlled-release formulation as may be provided in a dispersion of active compound in

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hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose for the treatment of sexual disfunction compounds of the present invention can be given orally or as a nasal spray.

In the case of skin conditions, it may be preferable
5 to apply a topical preparation of compounds of this invention to the affected area two to four times a day.

Formulations suitable for topical administration include liquid or semi-liquid preparations suitable for penetration through the skin (e.g., liniments, lotions,
10 ointments, creams, or pastes) and drops suitable for administration to the eye, ear, or nose. A suitable topical dose of active ingredient of a compound of the invention is 0.1 mg to 150 mg administered one to four, preferably one or two times daily. For topical
15 administration, the active ingredient may comprise from 0.001% to 10% w/w, e.g., from 1% to 2% by weight of the formulation, although it may comprise as much as 10% w/w, but preferably not more than 5% w/w, and more preferably from 0.1% to 1% of the formulation.

20 When formulated in an ointment, the active ingredients may be employed with either paraffinic or a water-miscible ointment base. Alternatively, the active ingredients may be formulated in a cream with an oil-in-water cream base. If desired, the aqueous phase of the cream base may include,
25 for example at Least 30% w/w of a polyhydric alcohol such as propylene glycol, butane-1,3-diol, mannitol, sorbitol, glycerol, polyethylene glycol and mixtures thereof. The topical formulation may desirably include a compound which enhances absorption or penetration of the active ingredient
30 through the skin or other affected areas. Examples of such dermal penetration enhancers include dimethylsulfoxide and related analogs.

The compounds of this invention can also be administered by a transdermal device. Preferably transdermal

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administration will be accomplished using a patch either of the reservoir and porous membrane type or of a solid matrix variety. In either case, the active agent is delivered continuously from the reservoir or microcapsules through a
5 membrane into the active agent permeable adhesive, which is in contact with the skin or mucosa of the recipient. If the active agent is absorbed through the skin, a controlled and predetermined flow of the active agent is administered to the recipient. In the case of microcapsules, the
10 encapsulating agent may also function as the membrane.

The oily phase of the emulsions of this invention may be constituted from known ingredients in a known manner. While the phase may comprise merely an emulsifier, it may comprise a mixture of at least one emulsifier with a fat or
15 an oil or with both a fat and an oil. Preferably, a hydrophilic emulsifier is included together with a lipophilic emulsifier which acts as a stabilizer. It is also preferred to include both an oil and a fat. Together, the emulsifier(s) with or without stabilizer(s) make-up the
20 so-called emulsifying wax, and the wax together with the oil and fat make up the so-called emulsifying ointment base which forms the oily dispersed phase of the cream formulations. Emulsifiers and emulsion stabilizers suitable for use in the formulation of the present invention include
25 Tween 60, Span 80, cetostearyl alcohol, myristyl alcohol, glyceryl monostearate, sodium lauryl sulfate, glyceryl distearate alone or with a wax, or other materials well known in the art.

The choice of suitable oils or fats for the
30 formulation is based on achieving the desired cosmetic properties, since the solubility of the active compound in most oils likely to be used in pharmaceutical emulsion formulations is very low. Thus, the cream should preferably be a non-greasy, non-staining and washable product with

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suitable consistency to avoid leakage from tubes or other containers. Straight or branched chain, mono- or dibasic alkyl esters such as di-isoadipate, isocetyl stearate, propylene glycol diester of coconut fatty acids, isopropyl
5 myristate, decyl oleate, isopropyl palmitate, butyl stearate, 2-ethylhexyl palmitate or a blend of branched chain esters may be used. These may be used alone or in combination depending on the properties required. Alternatively, high melting point lipids such as white soft
10 paraffin and/or liquid paraffin or other mineral oils can be used.

Formulations suitable for topical administration to the eye also include eye drops wherein the active ingredients are dissolved or suspended in suitable carrier,
15 especially an aqueous solvent for the active ingredients. The active ingredients are preferably present in such formulations in a concentration of 0.5 to 20%, advantageously 0.5 to 10% and particularly about 1.5% w/w.

Formulations for parenteral administration may be in
20 the form of aqueous or non-aqueous isotonic sterile injection solutions or suspensions. These solutions and suspensions may be prepared from sterile powders or granules using one or more of the carriers or diluents mentioned for use in the formulations for oral administration or by using
25 other suitable dispersing or wetting agents and suspending agents. The compounds may be dissolved in water, polyethylene glycol, propylene glycol, ethanol, corn oil, cottonseed oil, peanut oil, sesame oil, benzyl alcohol, sodium chloride, tragacanth gum, and/or various buffers.
30 Other adjuvants and modes of administration are well and widely known in the pharmaceutical art. The active ingredient may also be administered by injection as a composition with suitable carriers including saline, dextrose, or water, or with cyclodextrin (i.e. Captisol),

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cosolvent solubilization (i.e. propylene glycol) or micellar solubilization (i.e. Tween 80).

The sterile injectable preparation may also be a sterile injectable solution or suspension in a non-toxic parenterally acceptable diluent or solvent, for example as a solution in 1,3-butanediol. Among the acceptable vehicles and solvents that may be employed are water, Ringer's solution, and isotonic sodium chloride solution. In addition, sterile, fixed oils are conventionally employed as a solvent or suspending medium. For this purpose any bland fixed oil may be employed, including synthetic mono- or diglycerides. In addition, fatty acids such as oleic acid find use in the preparation of injectables.

For pulmonary administration, the pharmaceutical composition may be administered in the form of an aerosol or with an inhaler including dry powder aerosol.

Suppositories for rectal administration of the drug can be prepared by mixing the drug with a suitable non-irritating excipient such as cocoa butter and polyethylene glycols that are solid at ordinary temperatures but liquid at the rectal temperature and will therefore melt in the rectum and release the drug.

The pharmaceutical compositions may be subjected to conventional pharmaceutical operations such as sterilization and/or may contain conventional adjuvants, such as preservatives, stabilizers, wetting agents, emulsifiers, buffers etc. Tablets and pills can additionally be prepared with enteric coatings. Such compositions may also comprise adjuvants, such as wetting, sweetening, flavoring, and perfuming agents.

Various other materials may be present as coatings or to modify the physical form of the dosage unit. For instance, tablets may be coated with shellac, sugar or both. A syrup or elixir may contain, in addition to the active

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ingredient, sucrose as a sweetening agent, methyl and propylparabens as preservatives, a dye and a flavoring such as cherry or orange flavor.

5 The foregoing is merely illustrative of the invention and is not intended to limit the invention to the disclosed compounds. Variations and changes which are obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be within the scope and nature of the invention which are defined in the appended claims.

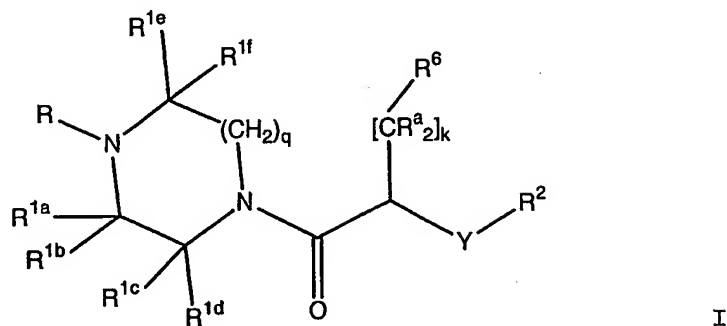
10 From the foregoing description, one skilled in the art can easily ascertain the essential characteristics of this invention, and without departing from the spirit and scope thereof, can make various changes and modifications of the invention to adapt it to various usages and conditions.

15 All mentioned references, patents, applications and publications, are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety, as if here written.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compound of Formula I



wherein Y is -NH-, -CH₂-, or -O-;

wherein R is selected from

- 10
- a) alkyl,
 - b) -(CH₂)_n-cycloalkyl,
 - c) -(CH₂)_n-aryl, and
 - d) -(CH₂)_n-heterocyclyl;

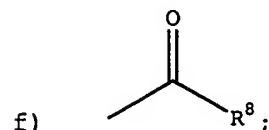
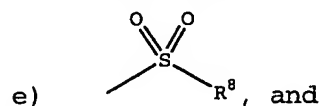
wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴; the
 15 heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴ and oxo; and the alkyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁵;

wherein R^{1a}, R^{1b}, R^{1c}, R^{1d}, R^{1e}, and R^{1f} are independently
 20 selected from R⁴; or wherein R^{1a} and R^{1b} or R^{1d} and R^{1c} form oxo; or wherein R^{1e} and R^{1c} form an alkylenyl or alkenylenyl bridge; or wherein R^{1a}, R^{1b}, R^{1c}, and R^{1d} together with the piperazine ring forms an optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-quinoxaliny ring;

25 wherein R² is selected from

- a) alkyl,
- b) -(CH₂)_n-cycloalkyl,
- c) -(CH₂)_n-aryl,

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d) $-(CH_2)_n$ -heterocyclyl,

5 wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 ; the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 and oxo; and the alkyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^5 ;

10 wherein R^3 is independently selected from H, halo, amino, haloalkyl, alkyl, phenyl, haloalkoxy, and alkoxy; or wherein R^3 is an alkenylene bridge;

15 wherein R^4 is selected from H, alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -heterocyclyl, halo, $-(CH_2)_n$ -OR⁹, -NR⁹SO₂R⁷, $-[C(R^7)_2]_p$ NR⁹SO₂R⁷, $-[C(R^7)_2]_p$ NR⁹C(O)R⁷, -N(R⁹)₂, -C(O)NR⁹R⁹, -NR⁹C(O)R⁷, -NR⁹CO₂R⁷, cyano, -COOR⁹, $-(CH_2)_n$ -C=OR⁷, $-(CH_2)_n$ -C=SR⁷, $-(CH_2)_n$ -C=(NR⁹)R⁷, -NR⁹C=(NR⁷)N(R⁹)₂, $-[C(R^7)_2]_p$ N(R⁹)₂, nitro, -SO₂N(R⁹)₂, -S(O)_mR⁷, -C(R⁷)₂SO₂CF₃, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl and haloalkoxy;

20 wherein R^5 is selected from halo, -OR⁹, NHSO₂R⁷, -N(R⁹)₂, cyano, -COR⁷, $-[C(R^7)_2]_n$ N(R⁹)₂, nitro, -SO₂N(R⁹)₂, -S(O)_mR⁷, haloalkyl, and haloalkoxy;

25 wherein R^6 is selected from aryl and heteroaryl, wherein R^6 is optionally substituted with one or more R^3 ;

wherein R^7 is selected from H, alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -heterocyclyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl, aminoalkyl, alkylamino, alkenyl, alkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl and alkoxy;

30 wherein R^8 is selected from
a) heterocyclyl,

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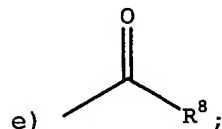
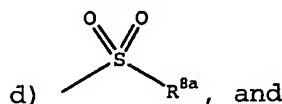
- b) aminoalkyl,
c) aminoalkylamino,
d) alkylaminoalkylamino,
e) alkylaminoalkyl,
5 f) arylaminoalkyl,
g) arylalkylaminoalkyl,
h) heterocyclylalkylaminoalkyl,
i) aryl,
j) alkyl,
10 k) aralkyl,
l) heterocyclylalkyl,
m) cycloalkylalkyl,
n) -OR⁹
o) aminoalkoxy,
15 p) N-(heterocyclylalkyl)amino,
q) aralkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with
amino, hydroxy or alkylamino, and
r) heterocyclylalkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is
substituted with amino, hydroxy or alkylamino;
20 wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally
substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴; the
heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3
groups selected from R⁴ and oxo; and the alkyl group is
optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from
25 R⁵;
wherein R⁹ is selected from H, alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl-
(CH₂)_n-, heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, aryl-(CH₂)_n-, aminoalkyl,
alkylcarbonylaminoalkyl, cycloalkylaminoalkyl,
cycloalkylalkylaminoalkyl, heteroarylaminoalkyl,
30 heteroarylalkylaminoalkyl, arylaminoalkyl,
arylalkylaminoalkyl, heteroaryloxyalkyl,
heteroarylalkyloxyalkyl, arylalkyloxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl,
alkylthioalkyl, alkylaminoalkyl, hydroxyalkyl and
alkoxyalkyl;

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- wherein R^a are independently selected from H, and alkyl or the two R^a 's together form cycloalkyl;
wherein k is 0 or 1;
wherein m is 0, 1 or 2;
5 wherein n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;
wherein p is 1 or 2; and
wherein q is 1 or 2;
provided R^6 is not ortho-substituted; further provided R^6 is not thienyl; further provided R^2 is not unsubstituted 5-
10 membered heterocyclyl; further provided R is ortho substituted with R^4 when n is 0 and when R is $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl; further provided R is not unsubstituted 2-pyrimidine, or benzodioxolymethyl; and further provided R^2 is not $-(C=O)$ oxiranyl ;
15 and a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

2. Compound of Claim 1 wherein Y is $-NH-$ or $-CH_2-$;
wherein R is selected from
a) $-(CH_2)_n-C_{3-8}$ -cycloalkyl,
20 b) aryl
c) unsubstituted benzyl, and
d) $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl;
wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 ; and the
25 heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 and oxo;
wherein R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{1c} , R^{1d} , R^{1e} , and R^{1f} are independently selected from R^4 ; or wherein R^{1a} and R^{1b} , or R^{1d} and R^{1c} form oxo; or wherein R^{1e} and R^{1c} form an C_{1-4} -alkylenyl or
30 C_{2-4} -alkenylenyl bridge; or wherein R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{1c} , and R^{1d} together with the piperazine ring forms an optionally substituted 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-quinoxaliny ring;
wherein R^2 is selected from
a) $-(CH_2)_n-C_{3-8}$ -cycloalkyl,

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b) $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl,c) $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl,

5

wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 ; and the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 and oxo;

10 wherein R^3 is independently selected from H, halo, amino, C_{1-6} -haloalkyl, C_{1-6} -alkyl, phenyl, C_{1-6} -haloalkoxy and C_{1-6} -alkoxy; or wherein R^3 is an C_{2-4} -alkenylene bridge;

wherein R^4 is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered

15 heterocyclyl, halo, $-(CH_2)_n$ -OR⁹, $-NR^9SO_2R^7$, $-N(R^9)_2$, $-C(O)NR^9R^9$, $-NR^9C(O)R^7$, $-NR^9CO_2R^7$, nitro, cyano, $-(CH_2)_n$ -C(O)R⁷, $-C(O)OR^9$, $-(CH_2)_n$ -C(S)R⁷, $-(CH_2)_n$ -C=(NR⁹)R⁷, $-NR^9C=(NR^7)N(R^7)_2$, $-[C(R^7)_2]_pNR^9SO_2R^7$, $-[C(R^7)_2]_pNR^9C(O)R^7$, $-[C(R^7)_2]_pN(R^9)_2$, $-SO_2N(R^9)_2$, $-S(O)_mR^7$, $-C(R^7)_2SO_2CF_3$, C_{1-6} -hydroxyalkyl, C_{1-6} -haloalkyl and C_{1-6} -haloalkoxy;

20 wherein R^5 is selected from halo, $-OR^9$, $-NHSO_2R^7$, $-N(R^9)_2$, cyano, $-COR^7$, $-[C(R^7)_2]_nN(R^9)_2$, nitro, $-SO_2N(R^9)_2$, $-S(O)_mR^7$, C_{1-6} -haloalkyl and C_{1-6} -haloalkoxy;

25 wherein R^6 is selected from phenyl, naphthyl and 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein R^6 is optionally substituted with one or more R^3 ;

wherein R^7 is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl, amino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylamino, C_{2-6} -alkenyl, C_{1-6} -alkylthio- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylcarbonylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-}

30

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₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl and C₁₋₆-alkoxy;

wherein R⁸ is selected from

- a) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl,
- 5 b) amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- c) amino-C₁₋₆-alkylamino,
- d) C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkylamino,
- e) C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- f) arylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- 10 g) aryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- h) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- i) aryl,
- j) C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- k) aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- 15 l) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- m) C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-,
- n) -OR⁹
- o) amino-C₁₋₆-alkoxy,
- p) N-(4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₆-alkyl)amino,
- 20 q) aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C_{1-C₆} alkylamino, and
- r) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl- C₁₋₆-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C_{1-C₆} alkylamino;
- 25 wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴; the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴ and oxo; and the alkyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from
- 30 R⁵;

wherein R^{8a} is selected from

- a) 5-10-membered heterocyclyl,
- b) aryl, and
- c) benzyl;

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wherein the aryl and heterocyclyl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals selected from C₁₋₆-alkyl, halo, hydroxyl, alkoxy, amino, alkylamino, cyano, -NHC(O)R⁷, -COR⁷, C₁₋₆-haloalkyl and C₁₋₆-haloalkoxy;

- 5 wherein R⁹ is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, alkenyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, aryl-(CH₂)_n-, amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 10 arylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 15 C₁₋₆-hydroxyalkyl and C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl;

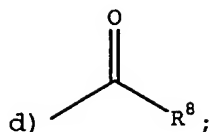
wherein R^a are independently selected from H, and C₁₋₆-alkyl or the two R^a's together form C₃₋₄-cycloalkyl;

wherein k is 0 or 1;

- 20 wherein m is 0, 1 or 2;
wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and
wherein p is 1 or 2;
and a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

- 25 3. Compound of Claim 2 wherein Y is -NH-;
wherein R is phenyl optionally substituted with 1 or 2 groups selected from R⁴;
wherein R^{1a}, R^{1b}, R^{1c}, R^{1d}, R^{1e}, and R^{1f} are independently selected from R⁴; or wherein R^{1a} and R^{1b} or R^{1d} and R^{1c} form
30 oxo;
wherein R² is selected from
a) -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl,
b) -(CH₂)_n-phenyl,
c) -(CH₂)_n-5-10-membered heterocyclyl, and

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- wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 ; and the
- 5 heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R^4 and oxo;
- wherein R^3 is independently selected from H, chloro, bromo, iodo, phenyl, fluoro, amino, C_{1-2} -alkyl, C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy, and C_{1-2} -alkoxy;
- 10 wherein R^4 is selected from H, C_{1-2} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl, fluoro, chloro, $-(CH_2)_n$ -OR^{9a}, $-NR^{9a}SO_2R^7$, $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-C(O)NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-NR^{9a}C(O)R^7$, $-NR^{9a}CO_2R^7$, cyano, nitro, $-(CH_2)_n$ -C(O)R⁷, $-C(O)OR^{9a}$, $-(CH_2)_n$ -C(S)R⁷, $-(CH_2)_n$ -C=(NR^{9a})R⁷,
- 15 $-NR^{9a}C=(NR^{9a})N(R^7)_2$, $-[C(R^7)_2]_pNR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-[CH_2]_pNR^{9a}SO_2R^7$, $-[CH_2]_pNR^{9a}C(O)R^7$, $-SO_2NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-S(O)_mR^7$, $-C(R^7)_2SO_2CF_3$, C_{1-2} -hydroxyalkyl C_{1-2} -haloalkyl and C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy;
- wherein R^5 is selected from halo, $-OR^{9a}$, $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-[C(R^7)_2]_nNR^{9a}R^{9b}$, and $-SO_2NR^{9a}R^{9b}$;
- 20 wherein R^6 is naphthyl or phenyl optionally substituted with one or two R^3 ;
- wherein R^7 is selected from C_{1-4} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl, amino- C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{1-4} -alkylamino, C_{2-4} -alkenyl, C_{1-4} -alkylthio- C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{1-4} -alkylcarbonylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- 25 C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl, C_{1-4} -alkoxy- C_{1-4} -alkyl and C_{1-4} -alkoxy;
- wherein R^8 is selected from
- a) amino- C_{1-4} -alkylamino,
- 30 b) amino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- c) C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkylamino,
- d) C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,

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- e) phenyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - f) phenylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - g) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - h) N-(4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino,
 - 5 i) C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - j) C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-,
 - k) aryl-(CH₂)_n-,
 - l) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-,
 - m) R^{9a}O-,
 - 10 n) amino-C₁₋₄-alkoxy,
 - o) phenyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄ alkylamino, and
 - p) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy
 - 15 or C₁₋₄ alkylamino;
- wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴; the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁴ and oxo; and the alkyl group is
- 20 optionally substituted with 1 to 3 groups selected from R⁵;
- wherein R^{9a} is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, and phenyl-(CH₂)_n-;
- 25 wherein R^{9b} is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₂₋₆-alkenyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, phenyl-(CH₂)_n-, amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, phenylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, phenyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋
- 30

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ϵ -alkylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -hydroxyalkyl and C_{1-6} -alkoxy- C_{1-6} -alkyl;

wherein R^a are independently H, or methyl;

wherein k is 1;

5 wherein m is 0, 1 or 2;

wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

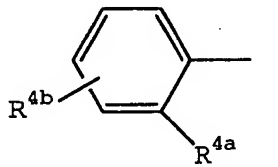
wherein p is 1 or 2; and

wherein q is 1;

and a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

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4. Compound of Claim 3 wherein R is



wherein R^{1a} , R^{1b} , R^{1c} , R^{1d} , R^{1e} , and R^{1f} are H;

wherein R^2 is selected from

15

a) $-(CH_2)_n-C_{3-6}$ -cycloalkyl,

b) $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl, and

c) $-(CH_2)_n$ -6-10-membered heterocyclyl;

wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R^{4b} ; and

20

the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R^{4b} and oxo;

wherein R^3 is independently selected from H, chloro, bromo, iodo, fluoro, amino, methyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy and methoxy;

25

wherein R^{4a} is selected from $-(CH_2)_n-OR^{9a}$, 4-6 membered heterocyclyl, $-NR^{9a}SO_2R^{7a}$, $-[CH_2]_pNR^{9a}SO_2R^{7a}$, $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-C(O)NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-NR^{9b}C(O)R^{7a}$, $-NR^{9a}CO_2R^{7b}$, $-[CH_2]_pNR^{9b}C(O)R^{7a}$, $-(CH_2)_n-C(O)R^{7a}$, nitro, $-C(O)OR^{9a}$, $-(CH_2)_n-C(S)R^{7a}$, $-[C(R^{7a})_2]_pNR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-SO_2NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-S(O)_mR^{7a}$, and $-C(R^{7a})_2SO_2CF_3$;

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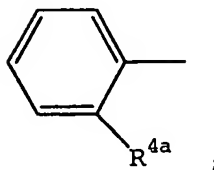
wherein R^{4b} is selected from H, C_{1-2} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{5-6}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered

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- heterocyclyl, fluoro, chloro, $-OR^{9a}$, $-(CH_2)_n-OR^{9a}$, $-NR^{9a}SO_2R^{7a}$, $-NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-C(O)NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-NR^{9a}C(O)R^{7b}$, $-(CH_2)_n-C(O)R^{7a}$, nitro, $-C(O)OR^{9a}$, $-(CH_2)_n-C(S)R^{7a}$, $-[C(R^{7a})_2]_pNR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-SO_2NR^{9a}R^{9b}$, $-S(O)_mR^{7a}$, $-C(R^{7a})_2SO_2CF_3$, cyano, C_{1-2} -haloalkyl
- 5 and C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy;
- wherein R^{7a} is selected from C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{5-6}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;
- wherein R^{7b} is selected from amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy, C_{1-3} -alkylamino, C_{2-3} -alkenyl, C_{1-3} -alkylthio- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{5-6}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl
- 10 and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;
- wherein R^{9a} is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, and phenyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -;
- 15 wherein R^{9b} is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, phenyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{5-6} -cycloalkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{5-6} -cycloalkyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl,
- 20 phenylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryloxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl- C_{1-3} -alkyloxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenyl- C_{1-3} -alkyloxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, phenyloxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylthio- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -hydroxyalkyl and C_{1-3} -alkoxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl;
- 25 wherein R^a are H;
- 30 wherein k is 1;
- wherein m is 2;
- wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and
- wherein p is 1 or 2;
- and a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

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5. Compound of Claim 4 wherein R is



- wherein R² is selected from indolyl(CH₂)_n-, phenyl(CH₂)_n-,
 5 benzoxazolyl(CH₂)_n-, oxazolo[4,5-b]pyridyl(CH₂)_n-,
 oxazolo[5,4-b]pyridyl(CH₂)_n-, benzoxazolyl(CH₂)_n-, 1,2,3,4-
 tetrahydro-isoquinolyl(CH₂)_n-, pyridyl(CH₂)_n- and 2,3-
 dihydro-benzo[1,4]dioxanyl(CH₂)_n-;
 wherein R² is optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups
 10 selected from R^{4b};
 wherein R³ is independently selected from H, chloro, bromo,
 amino, methyl, trifluoromethyl and methoxy;
 wherein R^{4a} is selected from -NR^{9a}SO₂R^{7a}, -NR^{9a}R^{9b}, -C(O)NR^{9a}R^{9b},
 -C₁₋₃alkyl, C₁₋₃alkyl-NR^{9a}SO₂R^{7a}, C₁₋₃alkyl-NR^{9a}C(O)R^{7b}, -
 15 NR^{9a}CO₂R^{7b}, -NR^{9a}C(O)R^{7b} and C₁₋₃alkyl-NR^{9a}R^{9b};
 wherein R⁶ is phenyl optionally substituted with one or two
 R³;
 wherein R^{7a} is selected from C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-
 cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-4-10-membered heterocyclyl and -
 20 (CH₂)_n-phenyl;
 wherein R^{7b} is selected from amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkoxy, C₁₋₃-
 alkylamino, C₂₋₃-alkenyl, C₁₋₃-alkylthio-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-
 alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, H, C₁₋₃-alkyl,
 -(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-4-10-membered heterocyclyl
 25 and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
 wherein R^{9a} is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl-
 (CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, and phenyl-
 (CH₂)_n-;
 wherein R^{9b} is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl-
 30 (CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, phenyl-(CH₂)_n-
 , amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₅₋₆-

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cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃-alkyloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-alkyloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylthio-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-hydroxyalkyl and C₁₋₃-alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl;

wherein k is 1;

wherein m is 2;

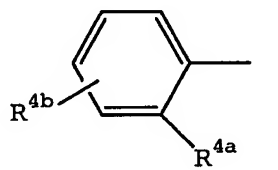
wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and

wherein p is 1 or 2;

and a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

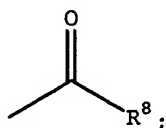
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6. Compound of Claim 3 wherein R is



wherein R^{1a}, R^{1b}, R^{1c}, R^{1d}, R^{1e}, and R^{1f} are H;

wherein R² is selected from



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wherein R³ is independently selected from H, chloro, bromo, iodo, fluoro, amino, methyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy and methoxy;

wherein R^{4a} is selected from -[CH₂]_pNR^{9a}SO₂R^{7a}, -NR^{9a}SO₂R^{7a}, 4-6 membered heterocyclyl, -NR^{9a}R^{9b}, -C(O)NR^{9a}R^{9b}, -[CH₂]_pNR^{9a}C(O)R^{7b}, -NR^{9b}C(O)R^{7a}, -NR^{9b}CO₂R^{7a} and -[CH₂]_pNR^{9a}R^{9b};

wherein R^{4b} is selected from H, C₁₋₂-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-phenyl, -(CH₂)_n-4-10-membered heterocyclyl, fluoro, chloro, -OR⁷, -NR⁷SO₂R⁷, -N(R⁷)₂,

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cyano, $-(CH_2)_n-C(O)R^7$, $-C(O)OR^7$, $-(CH_2)_n-C(S)R^7$, $-$
 $[C(R^7)_2]_pN(R^7)_2$, $-SO_2N(R^7)_2$, $-S(O)_mR^7$, $-C(R^7)_2SO_2CF_3$, C_{1-2} -
haloalkyl and C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy;

wherein R^5 is selected from chloro, fluoro, hydroxyl, $-NR^{7a}R^{7b}$

5 and $-SO_2N(R^{7a})_2$;

wherein R^6 is phenyl optionally substituted with one or two
 R^3 ;

wherein R^{7a} is selected from C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{5-6}$ -
cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl and -
10 $(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;

wherein R^{7b} is selected from amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy, C_{1-3} -
alkylamino, C_{2-3} -alkenyl, C_{1-3} -alkylthio- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -
alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkoxy- C_{1-3} -alkyl, H, C_{1-3} -alkyl,
 $-(CH_2)_n-C_{5-6}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -4-10-membered heterocyclyl
15 and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;

wherein R^8 is selected from

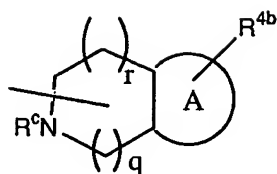
- a) amino- C_{1-4} -alkylamino,
- b) amino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- c) C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkylamino,
- 20 d) C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- e) phenyl- C_{1-4} -alkyl-amino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- f) phenylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- g) 4-10-membered heterocyclyl- C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- h) N-(4-10-membered heterocyclyl- C_{1-4} -alkyl)amino,
- 25 i) C_{1-4} -alkyl,
- j) optionally substituted C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -,
- k) aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ -,
- l) optionally substituted 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-
 $(CH_2)_n$ -,
- 30 m) amino- C_{1-4} -alkoxy,
- n) optionally substituted phenyl- C_{1-4} -alkyl where the
alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C_{1-4}
alkylamino, and

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- o) optionally substituted 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄ alkylamino; wherein the cycloalkyl and aryl groups are optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R^{4b}; the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R^{4b} and oxo; and the alkyl group is optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups selected from R⁵;
- 10 wherein R^{9a} is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, and phenyl-(CH₂)_n-;
- wherein R^{9b} is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, 4-10-membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, phenyl-(CH₂)_n-
- 15 , amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₅₋₆-cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroarylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- 20 5-6-membered heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6-membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃-alkyloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-alkyloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylthio-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-hydroxyalkyl and C₁₋₃-alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl;
- 25 wherein R^a are H;
- wherein k is 1;
- wherein m is 2;
- wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and
- wherein p is 1 or 2;
- 30 and a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.

7. Compound of Claim 6 wherein R⁸ is

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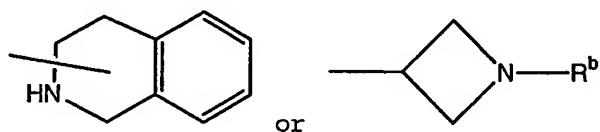


or optionally substituted azetidinyl;

wherein A is selected from phenyl or 5-6-membered heteroaryl; wherein R^c is H or methyl; r is 0 or 1; and q is 0 or 1.

5

8. Compound of Claim 7 wherein R⁸ is

, where R^b is

selected from C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, 4-10-

10 membered heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n- and phenyl-(CH₂)_n-.

9. Compound of Claim 1 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof selected from

quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-(cyclopropylmethyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;

1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-(4-{2-[1-(acetyl-methyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;

quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [2-(4-{2-[1-(bis-cyclopropylmethyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;

1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-(isobutyl-methyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;

quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [2-(4-{2-[(bis-cyclopropylmethyl-amino)methyl]phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]amide;

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- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl-propylamino)methyl]phenyl}-piperazin-
1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]amide;
- 5 N-[1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl-propyl-
amino)-methyl]-4-fluorophenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-
ethyl]-3-piperidin-1-yl-propionamide;
- 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-(4-
chloro-benzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-(methylsulfonylmethylamino)-
ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- 10 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-(4-{2-
[(2-aminoethyl)-methylsulfonylamino]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-
yl)-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]amide;
- azetidine-3-carboxylic acid {1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-2-[4-
(2-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)piperazin-1-
15 yl]ethyl}amide;
- 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-[3-[(2-
aminoethylcarbamoyl)methyl]-4-(2-
methylsulfonylamino)phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl]-1-(4-
chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]amide;
- 20 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-[4-(2-
{1-[(4-acetylaminobenzyl)methylamino]ethyl}-phenyl)-
piperazin-1-yl]-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid {1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-[4-(2-{1-
[cyclopropylmethyl-(3-methylbutyl)amino]ethyl}-phenyl)-
25 piperazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-ethyl}-amide;
- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-
(cyclohexylmethyl-cyclopropylmethyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-
piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- 30 quinoline-6-carboxylic acid {1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-[4-(2-{1-
[cyclopropylmethyl-(3-methylsulfonylpropyl)amino]-
ethyl}phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-ethyl}-amide;
- 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-(4-[4-
bromo-2-(1-methylamino-ethyl)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-1-
(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;

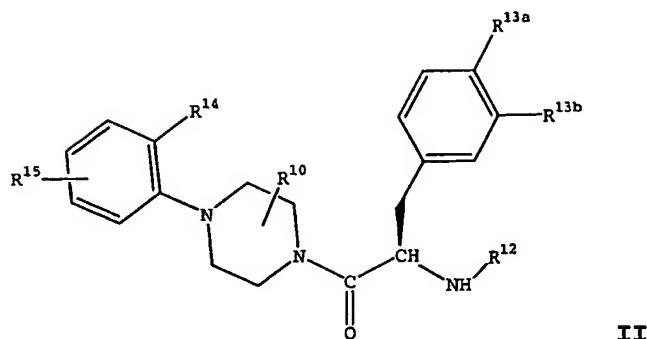
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- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-(cyclopropylmethyl-thiophen-3-ylmethylamino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-amide;
- 1-isobutyl-azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonyl-amino)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-amide;
- 1-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)-azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-amide;
- 1-cyclopropylmethyl-azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)phenyl]piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-amide;
- 4-benzyloxy-N-(1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-benzamide;
- N-(1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-3-methylamino-propionamide;
- N-(1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonyl-amino)phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-3,4-dimethoxybenzamide; and
- piperidine-4-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)amide.

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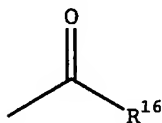
10. A compound of formula II

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wherein R^{10} is selected from H, chloro or fluoro; or wherein R^{10} is a C_{1-4} -alkylene bridge;

- 5 wherein R^{12} is selected from optionally substituted phenyl- C_{1-2} -alkylenyl, optionally substituted 5-10 membered



heteroaryl and R^{16} ; provided the optionally substituted heterocyclyl is not nitro substituted;

- 10 wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} are independently selected from H, phenyl, fluoro, iodo, bromo, chloro, phenyl, C_{1-2} -alkyl, C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, and C_{1-2} -alkoxy; or wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} together form an C_{1-4} -alkenylenyl bridge;

- wherein R^{14} is selected from $R^{19}R^{20}N-$, $R^{19}R^{20}N-C_{1-4}$ -alkyl, $(R^{21}R^{22}N)(O=C)-$, C_{1-4} -haloalkyl, C_{2-4} -hydroxyalkyl, 15 heterocycloxy- C_{1-4} -alkyl, aryloxy- C_{1-4} -alkyl and C_{1-4} -alkoxycarbonyl;

wherein R^{15} is selected from H, C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, C_{1-4} -alkyl, halo, $-OR^{17}$, and $-N(R^{17})_2$;

wherein R^{16} is selected from

- 20 a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
 b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
 c) 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
 d) C_{1-4} -aminoalkyl,
 e) C_{1-4} -aminoalkylamino,
 25 f) C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-4} -alkylamino,

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- g) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - h) arylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - i) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - j) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - 5 k) aryl, provided if 2-substituted aryl, is 2-substituted with amino or chloro,
 - l) C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - m) aralkyl,
 - n) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl, provided R¹⁶ is not 3-methylindol-1-ylethyl,
 - 10 o) C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl,
 - p) C₁₋₄-aminoalkoxy,
 - q) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkoxy,
 - r) N-(heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino,
 - 15 s) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or alkylamino, and
 - t) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or alkylamino;
- wherein R¹⁷ is selected from H, C₁₋₄-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-
- 20 (CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;
- wherein R¹⁹ is selected from H, R²³SO₂-, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroaryl-amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- 25 heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, arylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl and heteroarylcarbonyl;
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- wherein R^{20} is selected from H, C_{1-8} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl-
 $(CH_2)_n$ -, C_{1-3} -alkylsulfonyl, amino- C_{1-3} -alkylamino,
heterocyclyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, and aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ -;
alternatively R^{19} and R^{20} together with the nitrogen atom
5 form a 4-8 membered heterocyclic ring;
wherein R^{21} is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{2-6} -alkenyl, C_{1-6} -
alkylthio- C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylcarbonylamino- C_{1-6} -alkyl,
amino- C_{1-6} -alkyl, heterocyclyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl-
 $(CH_2)_n$ -, and aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ -;
10 wherein R^{22} is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl-
 $(CH_2)_n$ -, heterocyclyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - and aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ -;
alternatively R^{21} and R^{22} together with the amide nitrogen
atom form a 4-7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring;
wherein R^{23} is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, C_{3-7} -cycloalkyl-
15 $(CH_2)_n$ -, heterocyclyl- $(CH_2)_n$ - and aryl- $(CH_2)_n$ -;
wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and
wherein m is 0, 1 or 2;
wherein aryl, heterocyclyl are optionally substituted with
one or more substituents selected from C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, C_{1-}
20 3 -alkyl, C_{3-6} -cycloalkyl- $(CH_2)_n$ -, chloro, fluoro, $-OR^{17}$, -
 $NR^{17}CO_2R^{17}$, $-NR^{17}SO_2R^{17}$, $N(R^{17})_2$, cyano, $-COR^{17}$, $-C(R^{17})_2N(R^{17})_2$,
nitro, $-SO_2N(R^{17})_2$, $-S(O)_mR^{17}$, and C_{1-3} -haloalkoxy;
and a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof.
- 25 11. Compound of Claim 10 wherein R^{10} is H;
wherein R^{13a} is selected from H, phenyl, bromo, chloro,
trifluoromethyl and methoxy;
wherein R^{13b} is H;
wherein R^{15} is selected from H and C_{1-2} -haloalkyl;
30 wherein R^{17} is selected from H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ - C_{3-6} -
cycloalkyl, and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;
wherein R^{19} is selected from H, $R^{23}SO_2$ -, C_{1-6} -alkyl, amino- C_{1-3} -
alkyl, C_{1-6} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{3-5} -cycloalkylamino- C_{1-3} -
alkyl, C_{3-5} -cycloalkyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -

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- alkylthio-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
heteroaryl-amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃-
alkyl-amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-
alkyl-amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₃-
5 alkyl, phenyloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-
alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₃-alkoxycarbonyl,
C₁₋₃-alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₃-alkylaminocarbonyl, C₃-
6-cycloalkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl,
phenylcarbonyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, 5- or 6-
10 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, 5- or 6- membered
heteroarylcarbonyl and -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₅-cycloalkyl optionally
substituted with C₁₋₂-alkoxycarbonyl;
wherein R²⁰ is selected from H, C₁₋₇-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-
cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-5-6-membered heterocyclyl, C₁₋₃-
15 alkylsulfonyl, amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
alternatively R¹⁹ and R²⁰ together with the nitrogen atom
form a 4-8 membered heterocyclic ring;
wherein R²¹ is selected from H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₂₋₃-alkenyl, C₁₋₃-
alkylthio-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
20 amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl],
-(CH₂)_n-C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl, and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
wherein R²² is selected from H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-
cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and -
(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
25 alternatively R²¹ and R²² together with the amide nitrogen
atom form a 5-6 membered heterocyclic ring; and
wherein R²³ is selected from H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-
cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and -
(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
30 wherein phenyl and heterocyclyl are optionally substituted
with one or more substituents selected from C₁₋₂-
haloalkyl, C₁₋₂-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₄₋₆-cycloalkyl, chloro,
fluoro, -OR¹⁷, -NR¹⁷CO₂R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷SO₂R¹⁷, N(R¹⁷)₂, cyano, -

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COR^{17} , $-\text{C}(\text{R}^{17})_2\text{N}(\text{R}^{17})_2$, nitro, $-\text{SO}_2\text{N}(\text{R}^{17})_2$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_m\text{R}^{17}$, and C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy;

and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof.

- 5 12. Compound of Claim 11 wherein R^{13a} is selected from H, bromo and chloro;
 wherein R^{13b} is H;
 wherein R^{14} is selected from trifluoromethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 1-hydroxyethyl, $\text{R}^{19}\text{R}^{20}\text{N}-$, $\text{R}^{19}\text{R}^{20}\text{N}-\text{C}_{1-2}$ -alkyl
 10 and $(\text{R}^{21}\text{R}^{22}\text{N}-)(\text{O}=\text{C})-$;
 wherein R^{15} is H or trifluoromethyl;
 wherein R^{17} is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl,
 15 phenylpropyl, phenylethyl, benzyl and phenyl;
 wherein R^{19} is selected from H, $\text{R}^{23}\text{SO}_2-$, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, isopentyl, 3-ethylbutyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, cyclopropylmethyl, 1-(ethoxycarbonyl)cycloprop-2-ylmethyl, $\text{R}^{23}\text{SO}_2-$,
 20 aminomethyl, aminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, dipropylaminoethyl, diisobutylaminoethyl, di-tert-butylmethylaminoethyl, di(3-ethylbutyl)aminoethyl, furylmethylaminoethyl, thienylmethylaminoethyl, benzylaminoethyl,
 25 di(furylmethyl)aminoethyl,
 di(cyclohexylmethyl)aminoethyl,
 di(cyclopropylmethyl)aminoethyl,
 di(thienylmethyl)aminoethyl, di(benzyl)aminoethyl,
 phenylmethoxyethyl, pyridyloxymethyl, methylthiopropyl,
 30 methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, isopropylcarbonyl, isobutylcarbonyl, tert-butylcarbonyl, pentylcarbonyl, butylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclobutylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl,

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- methoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl,
methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl,
propylaminocarbonyl, optionally substituted
thienylmethylcarbonyl, optionally substituted
5 benzylcarbonyl, optionally substituted
phenylethylcarbonyl, optionally substituted
phenylcarbonyl and optionally substituted
pyridylcarbonyl;
wherein R²⁰ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
10 isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, heptyl,
cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl,
cyclohexylmethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclohexyl,
methylsulfonyl, aminoethyl, optionally substituted
phenyl, optionally substituted imidazolyl, optionally
15 substituted imidazolylmethyl, optionally substituted
thienylmethyl, optionally substituted furylmethyl,
optionally substituted pyrrolidinylmethyl, optionally
substituted pyridylmethyl, optionally substituted
thienylmethyl, optionally substituted benzyl, optionally
20 substituted phenylethyl and optionally substituted
phenylpropyl;
alternatively R¹⁹ and R²⁰ together with the nitrogen atom
form a heterocyclic ring selected from triazolyl,
tetrazolyl, 2-pyridone, oxo-pyrrolidinyl, 2-oxo-
25 piperidinyl, 4,5-dihydro-2-oxo-oxazolyl, 1,1-dioxo-
isothiazolidin-2-yl, 2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl, 3-methyl-2-
oxo-imidazolin-1-yl, piperidinyl optionally
substituted with one or more substituents selected
from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and isopropyl,
30 piperazinyl optionally substituted with one or more
substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl,

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imidazolyl optionally substituted with one or more
substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl, and
pyrrolidinyl optionally substituted with one or more
5 substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and
isopropyl;
wherein R²¹ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
isopropyl, allyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiomethyl,
methylcarbonylaminoethyl, methylcarbonylaminomethyl,
10 aminomethyl, aminoethyl, 1-methylpyrrolidinylethyl,
piperidinylethyl, pyridyl, cyclopentylmethyl,
cyclohexylmethyl, phenyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl, 4-
phenoxyphenylethyl, benzyl and phenylethyl;
wherein R²² is H or methyl;
15 alternatively R²¹ and R²² together form a ring selected from
pyrrolidinyl, morpholino, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, 4-
acetylpiperazinyl and 4-methylpiperazinyl; and
wherein R²³ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,
optionally substituted thienyl, optionally substituted
20 phenyl, optionally substituted benzyl, optionally
substituted phenylethyl and optionally substituted
phenylpropyl;
wherein phenyl and heterocyclyl are optionally substituted
with one or more substituents selected from
25 trifluoromethyl, methyl, nitro, cyano, chloro, methoxy,
phenyloxy, acetyl, amino, dimethylamino and aminomethyl;
and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof.

13. Compound of Claim 12 wherein R¹⁴ is selected from
30 N-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, N-morpholinocarbonyl, N-
piperidinylethylaminocarbonyl, benzylaminocarbonyl, N-
methyl-N-benzylaminocarbonyl, aminoethylaminocarbonyl,
pyridylaminocarbonyl, methylthioethylaminocarbonyl,
methylcarbonylaminoethylaminocarbonyl, 1-

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- methypyrrolidinylethylaminocarbonyl,
phenethylaminocarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl,
cyclohexylmethylaminocarbonyl, N-methyl-N-
phenethylaminocarbonyl, N,N-dimethylaminocarbonyl, 4-
5 chlorophenylmethylaminocarbonyl,
phenoxyphenethylaminocarbonyl, allylaminocarbonyl, 4-
methyln-piperazinylcarbonyl, 4-acetyln-piperazinylcarbonyl,
isopropylaminocarbonyl,
1-(N-cyclopropylmethylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-
10 methylcarbonylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-isopropylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-
isobutyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-
propylaminomethyl, N,N-dicyclopropylmethylaminomethyl, 1-(N-
propyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-
methylsulfonylamino)ethyl, triazolylmethyl, imidazol-1-
15 ylmethyl, 2-isopropylimidazol-1-yl-methyl, 2-propylimidazol-
1-yl-methyl, 2-oxo-pyrid-1-yl-methyl, 3-pyridyl-oxymethyl,
2-methylimidazol-1-yl-methyl, tetrazolylmethyl, 2,5-
dimethylpyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl, 2-oxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methyl,
2-oxo-piperidin-1-yl-methyl, 4,5-dihydro-2-oxo-oxazol-3-yl-
20 methyl, pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl, 2,6-dimethylpiperidin-1-
ylmethyl, piperazin-1-yl-methyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl-
methyl, piperidin-1-yl-methyl, 1-(N-ethyl-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N,N-dipropylamino)ethyl, 1-(N,N-
diisopropylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(1-ethoxycarbonyl)cycloprop-2-
25 ylmethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-methylbutyl)-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-methylcarbonylamino)phenyl)methyl-
N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N,N-
dimethylamino)ethyl, N,N-dimethylaminomethyl, N-
cyclopropylmethyl-N-methylsulfonylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(3-
30 thienyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-phenylmethoxyethyl-
N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl-N-
methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-

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- methylamino) ethyl, 1- (N- (4-methoxyphenyl) methyl-N-methylamino) ethyl, 1- (N-benzyl-N-methylamino) ethyl, 1- (N-methyl-N-aminoethylamino) ethyl, 1- (N-cyclohexylmethyl-N-methylamino) ethyl, N,N-dimethylaminomethyl, N- (1-hydroxyethyl) -N-methylaminomethyl, N- (1-hydroxyethyl) -N-methylaminomethyl,
- 5 N-propyl-N-methylsulfonylamino, N- (methylsulfonyl) -N-propylamino, N- (methylsulfonyl) -N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N- (methylsulfonyl) -N-aminoethylamino, N- (methylsulfonyl) -N-
- 10 (N',N'-dimethylaminoethyl) amino, N- (N',N'-diethylaminoethyl) -N-methylsulfonylamino, N- (N',N'-dipropylaminoethyl) -N-methylsulfonylamino, N- (N',N'-diisobutylaminoethyl) -N-methylsulfonylamino, N- (N',N'-di-tert-butylmethylaminoethyl) -N-methylsulfonylamino, N- (N',N'-
- 15 di (cyclopropylmethyl) aminoethyl) -N-methylsulfonylamino, N- (N',N'-di (2-furylmethyl) aminoethyl) -N-methylsulfonylamino, N- (N',N'-di (3-thienylmethyl) aminoethyl) -N-methylsulfonylamino, N- (N',N'-di (benzyl) aminoethyl) -N-methylsulfonylamino, N- (methylsulfonyl) -N-isobutylamino, N-
- 20 (methylsulfonyl) -N-methylamino, N- (methylsulfonyl) -N-phenethylamino, N- (methylsulfonyl) amino, N- (benzylsulfonyl) amino, N- (propylsulfonyl) amino, N- (phenylsulfonyl) amino, N- (methylsulfonyl) -N-phenylpropylamino, thienylsulfonylamino, (2-
- 25 nitrophenyl) methylsulfonylamino, (2,4,6-trimethylphenyl) sulfonylamino, (2-cyanophenyl) sulfonylamino,
- N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-methylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-phenylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N- (3-methoxyphenylcarbonyl-N-
- 30 cyclopropylmethylamino, N-benzylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-phenylethyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N- (2-imidazolyl) -N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N- (4-methyl-5-imidazolyl) -N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N- (2-thienylmethyl) -N-

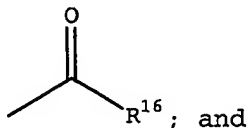
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- cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-thienylmethyl)-N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-furylmethyl)-N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(4-imidazolyl)-N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclopentylcarbonyl-N-
5 cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, N-methylthiopropyl-N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, N-ethylcarbonyl-N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isopropylcarbonyl-N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isobutylcarbonyl-N-
10 cyclopropylmethylamino, N-ethyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-
isobutyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclopropylcarbonyl-N-
cyclopropylmethylamino, N,N-di(cyclopropylmethyl)amino,
N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
ethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-isopropylcarbonyl-N-
15 aminoethylamino, N-isobutylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
tert-butylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-propylcarbonyl-N-
aminoethylamino, N-pentylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
ethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-propyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
cyclopropyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-
20 aminoethylamino, N-cyclobutylmethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
butyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pentyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-
hexyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-heptyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-
ethylbutyl)-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-
aminoethylamino, N-phenylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-
25 methoxyphenyl)carbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-benzylcarbonyl-
N-aminoethylamino, N-phenylethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino,
N-pyridylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-thienylmethyl-N-
aminoethylamino,
aminoethylamino, pyridylcarbonylamino, N-
30 cyclopropylmethylamino, methylcarbonylamino,
methoxycarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 1-
hydroxyethyl, methylaminocarbonylamino, 1,1-dioxo-
isothiazolidin-2-yl, 2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl and 3-methyl-2-
oxo-imidazolin-1-yl;

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and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof.

14. Compound of Claim 12 wherein R^{12} is selected from



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wherein R^{16} is selected from

- a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
- b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
- c) 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
- 10 d) C₁₋₃-aminoalkyl,
- e) C₁₋₃-aminoalkylamino,
- f) C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkylamino,
- g) C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- h) phenylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- 15 i) phenyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- j) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- k) phenyl, naphthyl or tetrahydronaphthyl, provided R^{16} is
not 2-methoxyphenyl, 2-phenoxyphenyl or 2-
phenylaminophenyl,
- 20 l) C₁₋₃-alkyl,
- m) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl,
- n) 5-10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated
heterocyclylmethyl,
- o) 5-6 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
- 25 p) optionally substituted C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl,
- q) C₁₋₃-aminoalkoxy,
- r) [5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl]-C₁₋₃-alkoxy,
- s) N-(5-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkyl)amino,
- t) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl where the alkyl portion is
30 substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₃-alkylamino, and

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u) 5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₃-alkylamino;

and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof.

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15. Compound of Claim 14 wherein R¹⁶ is selected from N-(piperidylmethyl)amino, aminopropylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-methylaminomethyl, N-(4-chlorophenyl)aminoethyl, N-methylaminoethyl, N,N-dimethylaminoethyl, 2-aminoethyl, aminopropoxy, pyrrolidinylmethoxy, N-methylaminoethylamino, 3-aminocyclopentyl, 4-aminocyclohexyl, 1-aminocyclohexyl, 2-indolyl, octahydro-indolyl, 1-methylindol-2-yl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyridyl, N-methylbenzopyrrolyl, 5-benzopyrrolyl, 2-benzofuran, benzodioxolyl, 2-benzothienyl, 4-imidazolylmethyl, 3-azetidiny optionally N-substituted with a substituent selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, cyclohexylmethyl and benzyl,
- 20 6-quinolyl, 2-quinolyl, 3-isoquinolyl, tetrahydroisoquinolyl, N-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl, pyrrolidin-2-yl, 5-oxopyrrolidin-2-yl, 3-phenylpyrrolidin-2-yl, (1-methyl-5-oxo-2-(pyridin-3-yl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)methyl, piperidin-1-yl ethyl, thienyl, 4-piperidyl, 4-piperidylmethyl, N-methyl-4-piperidyl, N-methyl-2-piperidyl, N-ethyl-4-piperidyl, N-isobutyl-4-piperidyl, 3-piperidyl, 3-(aminomethyl)phenyl, 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 2-aminophenyl, 3-aminophenyl, isopropyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl, benzyl, phenyl-2-hydroxyethyl, 1-(amino)benzyl, 2-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl), naphthyl, (2-benzylamino)ethyl,
- 25
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imidazol-4-yl-(1-amino)ethyl, phenyl-1-(methylamino)ethyl
and phenyl-1-(amino)ethyl;

and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof.

- 5 16. Compound of Claim 15 and pharmaceutically
acceptable salts thereof selected from
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-
oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))-
10 carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-
oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide;
(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))-*N*-[(1*S*)-1-[(4-
15 chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-
oxoethyl]carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-
20 oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))-
carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-
2-oxo-1-[(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]
methyl)ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-
25 tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(2-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-
oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))-
carboxamide;
- 30 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-
oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))-
carboxamide;

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- N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-(naphthylmethyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 5 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-aminoacetamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((2*S*)(2-piperidyl))carboxamide;
- 10 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-aminopropanamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-(methylanino)acetamide;
- 15 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((2*S*)-2-amino-3-phenylpropanamide);
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-piperidylcarboxamide;
- 20 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((2*S*)-2-amino-3-imidazol-4-ylpropanamide);
- 25 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-aminobutanamide;
- ((2*R*)azetidin-2-yl)-*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carboxamide;
- 30 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]indol-2-ylcarboxamide;

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- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](1-methylindol-2-yl)carboxamide;
- 5 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](3-chlorophenyl)carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](4-chlorophenyl)carboxamide;
- 10 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](2-methylphenyl)carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](4-methoxyphenyl)carboxamide;
- 15 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](2-chlorophenyl)carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](3,4-dichlorophenyl)carboxamide;
- 20 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)carboxamide;
- 25 2*H*-benzo[*d*]1,3-dioxolan-5-yl-*N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)carboxamide;
- 30 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-phenylacetamide;

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- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-
pyridylcarboxamide;
- 5 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-
pyridylcarboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-4-
pyridylcarboxamide;
- 10 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-2-
methylpropanamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-6-
15 quinolylcarboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-
oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl][3-
20 (aminomethyl)phenyl]carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-
piperidylcarboxamide;
- 25 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](2-
aminophenyl)carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](1-
30 methyl(2-piperidyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl](1-
methyl(4-piperidyl))carboxamide;

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- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-
(dimethylamino)propanamide;
- 5 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl] -
3-[(4-chlorophenyl)amino] propanamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl)((3*S*)(3-
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 10 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-
oxoethyl]-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolylcarboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(2-aminoethyl)(methylsulfonyl)
amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-
15 oxoethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))
carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*S*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazin
yl)-2-oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide;
- 20 quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-
(cyclopropylmethyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-
2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-(4-{2-
[1-(acetyl-methyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-1-
25 (4-chloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [2-(4-{2-[1-(bis-
cyclopropylmethyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-1-
(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-(4-
30 chloro-benzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-(isobutyl-methyl-amino)-ethyl]-
phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [2-(4-{2-[(bis-
cyclopropylmethyl-amino)methyl]phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-1-
(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]amide;

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- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-{2-
[(cyclopropylmethyl-propylamino)methyl]phenyl}-piperazin-
1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]amide;
- 5 N-[1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl-propyl-
amino)-methyl]-4-fluorophenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-
ethyl]-3-piperidin-1-yl-propionamide;
- 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [1-(4-
chloro-benzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-(methylsulfonylmethylamino)-
ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- 10 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-(4-{2-
[(2-aminoethyl)-methylsulfonylamino]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-
yl)-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]amide;
- azetidine-3-carboxylic acid {1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-2-[4-
(2-[1,2,3]triazol-2-ylmethylphenyl)piperazin-1-
15 yl]ethyl}amide;
- 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-[3-[(2-
aminoethylcarbamoyl)methyl]-4-(2-
methylsulfonylaminophenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-1-(4-
chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]amide;
- 20 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-[4-(2-
{1-[(4-acetylaminobenzyl)methylamino]ethyl}-phenyl)-
piperazin-1-yl]-1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid {1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-[4-(2-{1-
[cyclopropylmethyl-(3-methylbutyl)amino]ethyl}-phenyl)-
25 piperazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-ethyl}-amide;
- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-
(cyclohexylmethyl-cyclopropylmethyl-amino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-
piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid {1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-[4-(2-{1-
30 [cyclopropylmethyl-(3-methylsulfanylpropyl)amino]-
ethyl}phenyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-ethyl}-amide;
- 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-isoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid [2-{4-[4-
bromo-2-(1-methylamino-ethyl)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-1-
(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;

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- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid [1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-{2-[1-(cyclopropylmethyl-thiophen-3-ylmethylamino)-ethyl]-phenyl}-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl]-amide;
- quinoline-6-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-amide;
- 1-isobutyl-azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chloro-benzyl)-2-{4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonyl-amino)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-oxo-ethyl)-amide;
- 10 1-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)-azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-{4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl}-2-oxo-ethyl)-amide;
- 1-cyclopropylmethyl-azetidine-3-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)phenyl]piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-amide;
- 15 4-benzyloxy-N-(1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-benzamide;
- N-(1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonylamino)-phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-3-methylamino-propionamide;
- N-(1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methylsulfonyl-amino)phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)-3,4-dimethoxybenzamide;
- 25 piperidine-4-carboxylic acid (1-(4-chlorobenzyl)-2-(4-[2-(cyclopropylmethyl-methanesulfonylamino)phenyl]-piperazin-1-yl)-2-oxo-ethyl)amide;
- 30 N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(cyclopropylmethyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3S)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;

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- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(2-methylpropyl)(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide;
- 5 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)(2-phenylethyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide;
- 10 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[(propylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[(2-thienylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide;
- 15 *N*-[2-(4-{(2*R*)-2-[(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carbonylamino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propanoyl}piperazinyl)phenyl]-2-methylpropanamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-{4-[2-(((2-nitrophenyl)methyl)sulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide;
- 20 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-{4-[2-(3-pyridylcarbonylamino)phenyl]piperazinyl}ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide;
- 25 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide;
- 30 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}piperazinyl)ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl)) carboxamide;

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- N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-
 {[benzylsulfonyl]amino}phenyl)piperazinyl]ethyl)}((3*S*)(3-
 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 5 *N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)-1-
 [(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)}((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-
 tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 10 [2-(4-{(2*R*)-2-[(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-
 tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carbonylamino]-3-(4-
 chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl]phenyl]-*N,N*-
 dimethylcarboxamide;
- methyl 2-(4-{(2*R*)-2-[(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-
 tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carbonylamino]-3-(4-
 chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl]benzoate;
- 15 *N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-{4-[2-(morpholin-4-
 ylcarbonyl)phenyl]piperazinyl}-2-oxoethyl)}((3*S*)(3-
 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 20 *N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-[2-
 (pyrrolidinylcarbonyl)phenyl]piperazinyl]ethyl)}((3*S*)(3-
 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 25 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[*N*-methyl-*N*-
 benzylcarbamoyl]phenyl)piperazinyl}-2-oxoethyl)}((3*S*)(3-
 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-[2-(*N*-prop-2-
 enylcarbamoyl)phenyl]piperazinyl]ethyl)}((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-
 tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 30 *N*-{(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-{[4-
 benzylpiperazinyl]carbonyl}phenyl)piperazinyl]ethyl)}((3*S*)
 (3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[4-
 methylpiperazinyl]carbonyl}phenyl)piperazinyl]-2-
 oxoethyl)}((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-
 tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-(2-{[2-(4-{(2*R*)-2-[(3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-
 tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carbonylamino]-3-(4-

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chlorophenyl)propanoyl)piperazinyl)phenyl]carbonylamino}ethyl)acetamide;

- 5 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[*N*-methyl-*N*-(2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 10 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(2-methylthioethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 15 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-{*N*-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]carbamoyl}phenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 20 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-{*N*-(phenylcarbamoyl)phenyl)piperazinyl}ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 25 *N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-[4-(2-{*N*-(2-(1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)ethyl)carbamoyl}phenyl)piperazinyl]-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- 30 *N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(4-acetylpiperazinyl)carbonyl]phenyl)piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-{*N*-(2-(3-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl)carbamoyl}phenyl)piperazinyl]ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(2-phenylethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl)piperazinyl}ethyl]((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(2-piperidylethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl}

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- piperazinyl)ethyl)((3S)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(cyclohexylmethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[*N*-(2-aminoethyl)carbamoyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-2-(4-{2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenyl}piperazinyl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl]azetidin-3-ylcarboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-phenylpiperazinyl)ethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-(4-(2-pyridyl)piperazinyl)ethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxo-2-[4-(2-pyridylmethyl)piperazinyl]ethyl)-3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolylcarboxamide;
- N*-[(1*R*)-2-(2,5-diaza-5-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-oxoethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide; and
- N*-[(1*R*)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}(1,4-diazaperhydroepinyl))-2-oxoethyl)((3*S*)(3-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))carboxamide.

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17. Compound of Claim 12 wherein R¹² is selected from optionally substituted benzyl, and optionally substituted 5-10-membered heteroaryl; and wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} are independently H or chloro.

5

18. Compound of Claim 17 wherein R¹² is selected from oxazolo[5,4-b]pyridin-2-yl, oxazolo[4,5-b]pyridin-2-yl, 4-chlorobenzyl, benzoxazol-2-yl and optionally substituted benzyl.

10

19. Compound of Claim 18 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof selected from

(2R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-

[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-

15

[benzylamino]propan-1-one;

(2R)-2-([4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methyl)amino)-3-(4-

chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-

phenyl)piperazinyl)propan-1-one;

(2R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-

20

[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)-2-[(2-

pyridylmethyl)amino]propan-1-one;

(2R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-([(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]amino)-

1-(4-{2-[(methyl sulfonyl)

amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)propan-1-one;

25

(2R)-2-([[(2R)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methyl]amino)-3-(4-

chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methyl sulfonyl)amino]phenyl)-

piperazinyl)propan-1-one;

(2R)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[(indol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-1-(4-

{2-[(methylsulfonyl) amino]phenyl)piperazinyl)propan-1-

30

one;

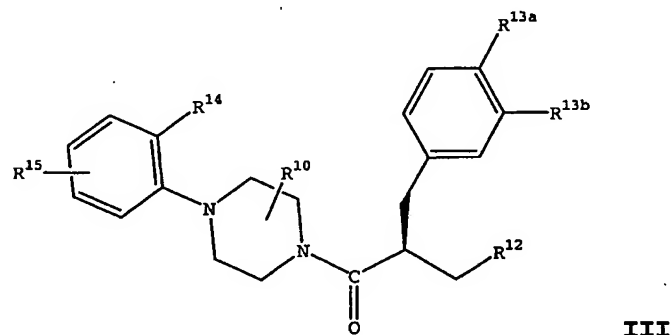
(2R)-2-([[(3S) (3-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl))methyl]-

amino)-3-(4-chloro phenyl)-1-(4-{2-

[(methylsulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)piperazinyl)propan-1-one;

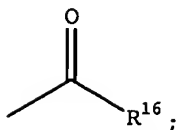
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- (2R)-2-[(2H, 3H-benzo[3,4-e]1,4-dioxin-6-ylmethyl)amino]-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl}-piperazinyl)propan-1-one;
- 5 N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl] [(2R)pyrrolidin-2-yl)methoxy]carboxamide;
- N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl] (3-aminopropoxy)carboxamide;
- 10 N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl] [(3-aminopropyl)amino]carboxamide;
- N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl] [(4-piperidylmethyl)amino]carboxamide; and
- 15 N-[(1R)-1-[(4-chlorophenyl)methyl]-2-(4-{2-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} piperazinyl)-2-oxoethyl] {[2-(methylamino)ethyl]amino}carboxamide.
- 20 20. A compound of formula III



- wherein R^{10} is selected from H, chloro or fluoro; or
- 25 wherein R^{10} is a C_{1-4} -alkylene bridge;
- wherein R^{12} is selected from optionally substituted phenyl- C_{1-2} -alkylenyl, optionally substituted 5-10 membered heteroaryl and

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- wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} are independently selected from H, fluoro, iodo, bromo, chloro, phenyl, C₁₋₂-alkyl, C₁₋₂-haloalkyl, and C₁₋₂-alkoxy; or wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} together form an C₁₋₄-alkenylene bridge;
- 5 wherein R¹⁴ is selected from R¹⁹R²⁰N-, R¹⁹R²⁰N-C₁₋₄-alkyl, (R²¹R²²N-)(O=)C-, C₁₋₄-haloalkyl, C₂₋₄-hydroxyalkyl, heterocycloxy-C₁₋₄-alkyl, aryloxy-C₁₋₄-alkyl and C₁₋₄-alkoxycarbonyl;
- 10 wherein R¹⁵ is selected from H, C₁₋₂-haloalkyl, C₁₋₄-alkyl, halo, -OR¹⁷, and -N(R¹⁷)₂;
- wherein R¹⁶ is selected from
- a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
 - b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
 - 15 c) optionally substituted 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
 - d) C₁₋₄-aminoalkyl,
 - e) C₁₋₄-aminoalkylamino,
 - f) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkylamino,
 - g) C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - 20 h) arylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - i) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - j) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylamino-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - k) o aryl, provided if 2-substituted aryl, is 2-substituted with amino or chloro,
 - 25 l) C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - m) o aryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 - n) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl, provided R¹⁶ is not 3-methylindol-1-ylethyl,
 - o) C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl,
 - 30 p) C₁₋₄-aminoalkoxy,
 - q) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkoxy,
 - r) N-(heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkyl)amino,

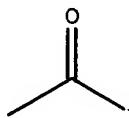
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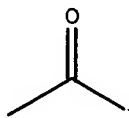
- s) aryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl where the alkyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄-alkylamino, and
- t) heterocyclyl-C₁₋₄-alkylenyl where the alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₄-alkylamino;
- 5 wherein R¹⁷ is selected from H, C₁₋₄-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;
- wherein R¹⁹ is selected from H, R²³SO₂-, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroaryl-amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl,
- 10 heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryl-amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₆-alkyloxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkoxy-C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, heteroaryl-C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl and
- 15 heteroarylcarbonyl;
- wherein R²⁰ is selected from H, C₁₋₈-alkyl, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, C₁₋₃-alkylsulfonyl, amino-C₁₋₃-alkylamino, heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;
- alternatively R¹⁹ and R²⁰ together with the nitrogen atom
- 25 form a 4-8 membered heterocyclic ring;
- wherein R²¹ is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₂₋₆-alkenyl, C₁₋₆-alkylthio-C₁₋₆-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonylamino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, amino-C₁₋₆-alkyl, heterocyclyl-(CH₂)_n-, C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl-(CH₂)_n-, and aryl-(CH₂)_n-;
- 30 wherein R²² is selected from H, C₁₋₆-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₇-cycloalkyl, -(CH₂)_n-heterocyclyl and -(CH₂)_n-aryl;
- alternatively R²¹ and R²² together with the amide nitrogen atom form a 4-7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring;

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- wherein R^{23} is selected from H, C_{1-6} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -heterocyclyl and $-(CH_2)_n$ -aryl;
 wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;
 wherein m is 0, 1 or 2; and
 5 wherein aryl, heterocyclyl are optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkyl, chloro, fluoro, $-OR^{17}$, $-NR^{17}SO_2R^{17}$, $-NR^{17}CO_2R^{17}$, $N(R^{17})_2$, cyano, $-COR^{17}$, $-C(R^{17})_2N(R^{17})_2$, nitro, $-SO_2N(R^{17})_2$, $-S(O)_mR^{17}$, and C_{1-3} -haloalkoxy;
 10 and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof.

21. Compound of Claim 20 wherein R^{10} is H;



- wherein R^{12} is selected from , optionally substituted benzyl and optionally substituted 5-10-membered heterocyclyl;
 15 wherein R^{13a} and R^{13b} are independently selected from H, bromo, chloro, trifluoromethyl and methoxy;
 wherein R^{14} is selected from trifluoromethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 1-hydroxyethyl, $R^{19}R^{20}N-$, $R^{19}R^{20}N-C_{1-2}$ -alkyl
 20 and $(R^{21}R^{22}N-)(O=C-)$;
 wherein R^{15} is selected from H and C_{1-2} -haloalkyl;
 wherein R^{16} is selected from
 a) 4-6 membered saturated heterocyclyl,
 b) 10 membered partially saturated heterocyclyl,
 25 c) 5-10 membered heteroaryl,
 d) C_{1-3} -aminoalkyl,
 e) C_{1-3} -aminoalkylamino,
 f) C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkylamino,
 g) C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl,
 30 h) phenylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl,
 i) phenyl- C_{1-4} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl,
 j) heterocyclyl- C_{1-3} -alkylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl,

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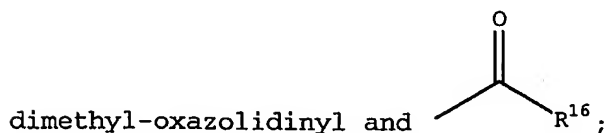
- k) phenyl, naphthyl or tetrahydronaphthyl,
 l) C₁₋₃-alkyl,
 m) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl,
 n) 5-10-membered saturated or partially unsaturated
 5 heterocyclylmethyl,
 o) 5-6 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₄-alkyl,
 p) C₅₋₆-cycloalkyl,
 q) C₁₋₃-aminoalkoxy,
 r) [5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl]-C₁₋₃-alkoxy,
 10 s) N-(5-10-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkyl)amino,
 t) phenyl-C₁₋₂-alkyl where the alkyl portion is
 substituted with amino, hydroxy or C₁₋₃-alkylamino, and
 u) 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl-C₁₋₃-alkylenyl where the
 alkylenyl portion is substituted with amino, hydroxy or
 15 C₁₋₃-alkylamino;
 wherein R¹⁷ is selected from H, C₁₋₃-alkyl, -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₆-
 cycloalkyl, and -(CH₂)_n-phenyl;
 wherein R¹⁹ is selected from H, R²³SO₂-, C₁₋₆-alkyl, amino-C₁₋₃-
 alkyl, C₁₋₅-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₃₋₅-cycloalkylamino-C₁₋₃-
 20 alkyl, C₃₋₅-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃-alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-
 alkylthio-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₃-alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl,
 heteroaryl-amino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃-
 alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-
 alkylamino-C₁₋₃-alkyl, 5-6 membered heteroaryloxy-C₁₋₃-
 25 alkyl, phenyloxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-
 alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkyl, C₁₋₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₃-alkoxycarbonyl,
 C₁₋₃-alkoxy-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₃-alkylaminocarbonyl, C₃₋₆-
 cycloalkylcarbonyl, C₃₋₆-cycloalkyl-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl,
 phenylcarbonyl, phenyl-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, 5- or 6-
 30 membered heteroaryl-C₁₋₃-alkylcarbonyl, 5- or 6- membered
 heteroarylcarbonyl and -(CH₂)_n-C₃₋₅-cycloalkyl optionally
 substituted with C₁₋₂-alkoxycarbonyl;

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- wherein R^{20} is selected from H, C_{1-7} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{5-6}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -5-6-membered heterocyclyl, C_{1-3} -alkylsulfonyl, amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;
 alternatively R^{19} and R^{20} together with the nitrogen atom
 5 form a 5-6 membered heterocyclyl ring;
 wherein R^{21} is selected from H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{2-3} -alkenyl, C_{1-3} -alkylthio- C_{1-3} -alkyl, C_{1-3} -alkylcarbonylamino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, amino- C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl], $-(CH_2)_n-C_{5-6}$ -cycloalkyl, and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;
 10 wherein R^{22} is selected from H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;
 alternatively R^{21} and R^{22} together with the amide nitrogen atom form a 5-6 membered heterocyclyl ring;
 15 wherein R^{23} is selected from H, C_{1-3} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_n$ -[5- or 6- membered heterocyclyl] and $-(CH_2)_n$ -phenyl;
 wherein phenyl and heterocyclyl are optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from C_{1-2} -haloalkyl, C_{1-2} -alkyl, $-(CH_2)_n-C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkyl, chloro, fluoro, $-OR^{17}$, $-NR^{17}SO_2R^{17}$, $-NR^{17}CO_2R^{17}$, $-N(R^{17})_2$, cyano, $-COR^{17}$, $-C(R^{17})_2N(R^{17})_2$, nitro, $-SO_2N(R^{17})_2$, $-S(O)_mR^{17}$, and C_{1-2} -haloalkoxy;
 and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof.

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22. Compound of Claim 21 wherein R^{12} is selected from oxazolylpyridyl, 4-(N,N-dimethylamino)phenylmethyl, 2,2-



wherein R^{13a} is selected from H, bromo and chloro;

30 wherein R^{13b} is H;

wherein R^{14} is selected from N-pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, N-morpholinocarbonyl, N-piperidinylethylaminocarbonyl,

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benzylaminocarbonyl, N-methyl-N-benzylaminocarbonyl,
aminoethylaminocarbonyl, pyridylaminocarbonyl,
methylthioethylaminocarbonyl,
methylcarbonylaminoethylaminocarbonyl, 1-
5 methylpyrrolidinylethylaminocarbonyl,
phenethylaminocarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl,
cyclohexylmethylaminocarbonyl, N-methyl-N-
phenethylaminocarbonyl, N,N-dimethylaminocarbonyl, 4-
chlorophenylmethylaminocarbonyl,
10 phenoxyphenethylaminocarbonyl, allylaminocarbonyl, 4-
methylpiperazinylcarbonyl, 4-acetylpiperazinylcarbonyl,
isopropylaminocarbonyl,
1- (N-cyclopropylmethylamino) ethyl, 1- (N-methyl-N-
methylcarbonylamino) ethyl, 1- (N-isopropylamino) ethyl, 1-
15 (N-isobutyl-N-methylamino) ethyl, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-
propylaminomethyl, N,N-dicyclopropylmethylaminomethyl, 1-
(N-propyl-N-methylamino) ethyl, 1- (N-methyl-N-
methylsulfonylamino) ethyl, triazolylmethyl, imidazol-1-
ylmethyl, 2-isopropylimidazol-1-yl-methyl, 2-
20 propylimidazol-1-yl-methyl, 2-oxo-pyrid-1-yl-methyl, 3-
pyridyl-oxymethyl, 2-methylimidazol-1-yl-methyl,
tetrazolylmethyl, 2,5-dimethylpyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl, 2-
oxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methyl, 2-oxo-piperidin-1-yl-methyl,
4,5-dihydro-2-oxo-oxazol-3-yl-methyl, pyrrolidin-1-
25 ylmethyl, 2,6-dimethylpiperidin-1-ylmethyl, piperazin-1-
yl-methyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl-methyl, piperidin-1-yl-
methyl, 1- (N-ethyl-N-methylamino) ethyl, 1- (N,N-
dipropylamino) ethyl, 1- (N,N-diisopropylamino) ethyl, 1- (N-
(1-ethoxycarbonyl) cycloprop-2-ylmethyl-N-
30 methylamino) ethyl, 1- (N- (2-methylbutyl) -N-
methylamino) ethyl, 1- (N- (4-
methylcarbonylamino) phenyl) methyl-N-methylamino) ethyl, 1-
(N-methylamino) ethyl, 1- (N,N-dimethylamino) ethyl, N,N-
dimethylaminomethyl, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-

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methysulfonylaminomethyl, 1-(N-(3-thienyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-phenylmethoxyethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-benzyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-N-aminoethylamino)ethyl, 1-(N-cyclohexylmethyl-N-methylamino)ethyl, N,N-dimethylaminomethyl, N-(1-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylaminomethyl, N-(1-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylaminomethyl,

N-propyl-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-propylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-aminoethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-(N',N'-dimethylaminoethyl)amino, N-(N',N'-diethylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-dipropylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-diisobutylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di-tert-butylmethylaminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(cyclopropylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(2-furylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(3-thienylmethyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(N',N'-di(benzyl)aminoethyl)-N-methylsulfonylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-isobutylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-methylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-phenethylamino, N-(methylsulfonyl)amino, N-(benzylsulfonyl)amino, N-(propylsulfonyl)amino, N-(phenylsulfonyl)amino, N-(methylsulfonyl)-N-phenylpropylamino,

thienylsulfonylamino, (2-nitrophenyl)methylsulfonylamino, (2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)sulfonylamino, (2-cyanophenyl)sulfonylamino,

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N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-methylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-phenylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-methoxyphenylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-5 benzylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-phenylethyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(2-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(4-methyl-5-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(2-thienylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-thienylmethyl)-N-10 cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(3-furylmethyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-(4-imidazolyl)-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclopentylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-methylthiopropyl-N-15 cyclopropylmethylamino, N-ethylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isopropylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isobutylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-ethyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-isobutyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N-20 cyclopropylcarbonyl-N-cyclopropylmethylamino, N,N-di(cyclopropylmethyl)amino,

N-methoxymethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-ethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-isopropylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-isobutylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-25 tert-butylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-propylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pentylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-ethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-propyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclopropyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclopropylmethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclobutylmethyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-30 butyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pentyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-hexyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-heptyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-ethylbutyl)-N-aminoethylamino, N-cyclohexylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-phenylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-(3-methoxyphenyl)carbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-

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- benzylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-phenylethylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-pyridylcarbonyl-N-aminoethylamino, N-thienylmethyl-N-aminoethylamino, aminoethylamino, pyridylcarbonylamino, N-
- 5 cyclopropylmethylamino, methylcarbonylamino, methoxycarbonylamino, trifluoromethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 1-hydroxyethyl, methylaminocarbonylamino, 1,1-dioxo-isothiazolidin-2-yl, 2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl and 3-methyl-2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl;
- 10 wherein R¹⁵ is H or trifluoromethyl;
wherein R¹⁶ is selected from N-(piperidylmethyl)amino, aminopropylamino, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, aminopropyl, N-methylaminomethyl, N-(4-chlorophenyl)aminoethyl, N-methylaminoethyl, N,N-dimethylaminoethyl, 2-aminoethyl,
- 15 aminopropoxy, pyrrolidinylmethoxy, N-methylaminoethylamino, 3-aminocyclopentyl, 4-aminocyclohexyl, 1-aminocyclohexyl, 2-indolyl, octahydro-indolyl, 1-methylindol-2-yl, 3-pyridyl, 2-pyridyl, N-methylbenzopyrrolyl, 5-benzopyrrolyl, 2-benzofuran,
- 20 benzodioxolyl, 2-benzothieryl, 4-imidazolylmethyl, 3-azetidiny optionally N-substituted with a substituent selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, cyclohexylmethyl and benzyl, 6-quinolyl, 2-quinolyl, 3-isoquinolyl,
- 25 tetrahydroisoquinolyl, N-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl, pyrrolidin-2-yl, 5-oxopyrrolidin-2-yl, 3-phenylpyrrolidin-2-yl, (1-methyl-5-oxo-2-(pyridin-3-yl)-pyrrolidin-3-yl)methyl, thienyl, 4-piperidyl, 4-piperidylmethyl, N-methyl-4-piperidyl, N-methyl-2-piperidyl, N-ethyl-4-piperidyl, N-isobutyl-4-piperidyl,
- 30 3-piperidyl, 3-(aminomethyl)phenyl, 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 4-

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fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 2-aminophenyl, 3-aminophenyl, isopropyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl, benzyl, phenyl-2-hydroxyethyl, 1-(amino)benzyl, 2-(1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl), naphthyl, (2-benzylamino)ethyl,
5 imidazol-4-yl-(1-amino)ethyl, phenyl-1-(methylamino)ethyl and phenyl-1-(amino)ethyl;

wherein R¹⁷ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl,
10 phenylpropyl, phenylethyl, benzyl and phenyl;

wherein R¹⁹ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, isopentyl, 3-ethylbutyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, cyclopropylmethyl, 1-(ethoxycarbonyl)cycloprop-2-ylmethyl, R²³SO₂-,
15 aminomethyl, aminoethyl, dimethylaminoethyl, diethylaminoethyl, dipropylaminoethyl, di-isobutylaminoethyl, di-tert-butylmethylaminoethyl, furylmethylaminoethyl, thienylmethylaminoethyl, benzylaminoethyl, di(furylmethyl)aminoethyl,
20 di(cyclopropylmethyl)aminoethyl, di(thienylmethyl)aminoethyl, di(benzyl)aminoethyl, phenylmethoxyethyl, pyridyloxymethyl, methylthiopropyl, methylcarbonyl, ethylcarbonyl, propylcarbonyl, isopropylcarbonyl, isobutylcarbonyl, tert-butylcarbonyl,
25 pentylcarbonyl, cyclopentylcarbonyl, cyclopropylcarbonyl, cyclohexylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, methoxymethylcarbonyl, ethoxycarbonyl, propoxycarbonyl, methylaminocarbonyl, ethylaminocarbonyl, propylaminocarbonyl, optionally substituted
30 benzylcarbonyl, optionally substituted phenylethylcarbonyl, optionally substituted phenylcarbonyl and optionally substituted pyridylcarbonyl;

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wherein R²⁰ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl, heptyl, cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl, cyclopropyl, cyclohexyl, methylsulfonyl, aminoethyl, optionally substituted phenyl, optionally substituted imidazolyl, optionally substituted thienylmethyl, optionally substituted furylmethyl, optionally substituted pyrrolidinylmethyl, optionally substituted pyridylmethyl, optionally substituted thienylmethyl, optionally substituted benzyl, optionally substituted phenylethyl and optionally substituted phenylpropyl;

alternatively R¹⁹ and R²⁰ together with the nitrogen atom form a heterocyclic ring selected from triazolyl, tetrazolyl, 2-pyridone, oxo-pyrrolidinyl, 2-oxo-piperidinyl, 4,5-dihydro-2-oxo-oxazolyl, 1,1-dioxo-isothiazolidin-2-yl, 2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl, 3-methyl-2-oxo-imidazolin-1-yl, piperidinyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and isopropyl, piperazinyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and isopropyl, imidazolyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and isopropyl, and pyrrolidinyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from methyl, ethyl, propyl, and isopropyl;

wherein R²¹ is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, allyl, methylthioethyl, methylthiomethyl, methylcarbonylaminoethyl, methylcarbonylaminomethyl, aminomethyl, aminoethyl, 1-methylpyrrolidinylethyl, piperidinylethyl, pyridyl, cyclopentylmethyl,

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cyclohexylmethyl, phenyl, 4-chlorophenylmethyl, 4-
phenoxyphenylethyl, benzyl and phenylethyl;

wherein R^{22} is H or methyl;

alternatively R^{21} and R^{22} together with the amide nitrogen

5 atom form a ring selected from pyrrolidinyl, morpholino,
piperidinyl, piperazinyl, 4-acetylpiperazinyl and 4-
methylpiperazinyl;

wherein R^{23} is selected from H, methyl, ethyl, propyl,

optionally substituted thienyl, optionally substituted
10 phenyl, optionally substituted benzyl, optionally
substituted phenylethyl and optionally substituted
phenylpropyl;

wherein phenyl and heterocyclyl are optionally substituted
with one or more substituents selected from

15 trifluoromethyl, methyl, nitro, cyano, chloro, methoxy,
phenyloxy, acetyl, amino, dimethylamino and aminomethyl;
and pharmaceutically-acceptable salts thereof.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a
20 pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier and a compound as in any
of Claims 1-22.

24. A method of treating obesity in a subject, said
method comprising administering an effective amount of a
25 compound of Claims 1-22.

25. A method of treating diabetes mellitus in a
subject, said method comprising administering an effective
amount of a compound of Claims 1-22.

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26. A method of treating disorders related to
activation of a G-protein coupled receptor, in a mammal,
said method comprising administering an effective amount of
a compound of Claims 1-22.

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27. The method of Claim 26 wherein the receptor is a melanocortin receptor.

5 28. The method of Claim 27 wherein the melanocortin receptor is MC4R.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

 International Application No
 PCT/US 02/23926

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 A61K31/495 C07D295/18 C07K5/078 C07K5/062 C07K5/065
 C07D487/08 A61P3/04 A61K31/496 A61K31/55 C07D205/04
 C07D211/60 C07D211/62 C07D317/68 C07D213/82 C07D213/81

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C07K C07D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the International search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, BEILSTEIN Data, CHEM ABS Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Y | WO 99 64002 A (PATCHETT ARTHUR A ; PLOEG LEONARDUS H T V D (US); YE ZHIXIONG (US);) 16 December 1999 (1999-12-16) cited in the application examples page 14, line 10 - line 26; claim 1 --- | 1-28 |
| Y | BARAKAT K J ET AL: "Synthesis and biological activities of phenyl piperazine-based peptidomimetic growth hormone secretagogues" BIOORGANIC & MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY LETTERS, OXFORD, GB, vol. 8, no. 11, 2 June 1998 (1998-06-02), pages 1431-1436, XP004137217 ISSN: 0960-894X | 1-28 |
| X | the whole document, particularly table 1 --- -/-- | 1-4, 23-28 |

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
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- *G* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

14 October 2002

Date of mailing of the international search report

22/10/2002

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

National Application No

PCT/US 02/23926

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C07D215/48 C07D213/38 C07D207/09 C07D209/14 C07D217/14
 C07D319/18 C07D207/08 C07D211/26 C07D217/06

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|------------|--|-----------------------|
| X | WO 98 11128 A (EBERLEIN WOLFGANG ; ENTZEROOTH MICHAEL (DE); HALLERMAYER GERHARD (DE) 19 March 1998 (1998-03-19) examples where A = A0 claims 1,9 --- | 1-28 |
| X | WO 95 34311 A (PATCHETT ARTHUR A ;CHEN MENG HSIN (US); MERCK & CO INC (US); NARGU) 21 December 1995 (1995-12-21) examples page 48, line 16 - line 31; claim 1 --- | 1-19, 23-28 |
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☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- *G* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

14 October 2002

Date of mailing of the international search report

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Authorized officer

Seymour, L

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 02/23926

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category * | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
| E | WO 02 070511 A (RUEDIGER EDWARD H ;RUEL REJEAN (CA); THIBAUT CARL (CA); POINDEXTE) 12 September 2002 (2002-09-12) page 29, line 9 - line 13; claims 1,8; table 8 ----- | 1-28 |
| E | WO 02 059117 A (MANCOSO VINCENT ;MARTINELLI MICHAEL JOHN (US); ROTHHAAR ROGER RYAN) 1 August 2002 (2002-08-01) claims 1-33, examples page 47, line 5 - line 15 ----- | 1-19, 23-28 |
| E | WO 02 059108 A (MANCOSO VINCENT ;BIGGERS CHRISTOPHER KELLY (US); FISHER MATTHEW JO) 1 August 2002 (2002-08-01) the whole document ----- | 1-19, 23-28 |

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US 02/23926

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

Although claims 24-28 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. ☒ Claims Nos.: 1-7, 9-28 (all partially)
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this International application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 1-7,9-28 (all partially)

The initial phase of the search revealed a very large number of documents relevant to the issue of novelty. So many documents were retrieved that it is impossible to determine which parts of the claims may be said to define subject-matter for which protection might legitimately be sought (Article 6 PCT). For these reasons, a meaningful search over the whole breadth of the claims is impossible. Consequently, the structural search has been restricted to compounds according to claim 8, in which R is an ortho-substituted phenyl ring, k is 1 and R2 is -C(O)R8 where R8 is a tetrahydroisoquinoline or azetidine ring.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 02/23926

| Patent document cited in search report | | Publication date | Patent family member(s) | Publication date |
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| WO 02059117 | A | 01-08-2002 | WO 02059117 A1 WO 02059108 A1 | 01-08-2002 01-08-2002 |
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